Accessions

(2)

# A SELECT <br> COLLECTION 

OF

## OLD PLAYS.

VOLUME THESECOND,



$$
\pm O N D O N:
$$

Printed for R. DODSLEY in PalloMall.
M, DCC.XLIV,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& G 3965 \\
& \text { T9ना14 in2 } \\
& \text { KOOLTDA, } 200 \\
& 149797 \\
& .2 \text { Nang }^{1873} 10 \\
& \text { At obeza fiex amuand }
\end{aligned}
$$

## 

## THE

TRAGEDY

# $G O R B O D U C$. 

B Y

Thomas Sackvilee, Lord Buckburf, afterwards Earl of Dorfet:

$$
A N D
$$

Thomas Norton, Efq;

Vel. II.

## [2]

## 

$T$HIS Tragedy, as we are told by Wood, was firft acted before Queen Elizabeth, by the Gentlemen of the Inner.Temple at Whitehall, January 18th, 1561. One Thomas Norton, $E_{q}$; alfifed my Lord Buckhurlt in the Writing of $i t$, and comifos'd, as fome fay, the three firf Acts. In the Year 1555 came out an incorrect Edition neithout Confent of the Autbors, rubo were both abfent. But Lord Buckhurft rcturning to England fome Time ofter, a more correet and perfect Edition was publi/h'd in the Year 15\%0, under the Title of the Tragend of Ferrex and Porrex. The next Eaition was printed in 1590 , with the Title altcr' $d$, to the Tragedy of Gorboduc. To this Edition, rebich Ifcund in the Harleian Collction, is addcd a Dijcourfe entituled, The Serpent of Divifion; which ncither Wood nor Langbaine, nor any of the Writers barve taken Notice of. From this Time it continued exreeding farce for near 150 Years, and was never printed till the Year 1736, when Mr. Pope favour'd me with a Copy of it, which I printed; and to rubich Mr. Spence prefix'd a frort Account of the Autbor, in a Letter to the prefent Earl of Middlefex; in rubich be informs us, it is the Opinion of Mr. Pope, that the Writers of the fuccceding Age might bave inviprov'd themflues by copying from this Tragedy a Propriety in the Sentiments, an unaffectedPerficuity of Stile, and an eafe Flow in the Numbers: In a Word, that Cbaftity, Correctnefs, and Gravity of Stile, rubich are fo efential to Tragedy; and which all the Tragis Poets whbo follow'd, not excepting Shakefpear binfelf, either little underfiood, or perpetually neglected. I cannot bere umit the Tefimony of Sir Pbilip Sydney alfo in Farourr of this Play. It is full of flately Speeches, fays be, and reell-founding Pbrafes, dimbing to the Height of Seneca bis Stile; and as full of notable Morality, wibich it

## [3]

does moft delightfully teach, and So obtains the very End of Poefy. Tet in Truth it is defective in the Circumftances, wwhich grieves-me, becaufe it might not remain an exact Model for all Tragedies.

My Lord Buckhurlt was related to 2ueen Elizabeth, by ber Mother. Anna Boleyn. He was born in 1536, his Father Richard Sackville, $E f_{q}$; was Erivy Counfellor to King Edward VI. Queen Mary, and Queen Elizabeth. He was educated at Hart-Hall in Oxford, and in bis routh travel'd into France and Italy. His Fatber dying in 1556, left bins a large Foriune, the greateft Part of rubich be foon fpent by bis magnificent manner of living, but afterwards became a better OEconomift. He ferv'd in. Parliament both in the Reign of Queen Mary and Elizabeth. In 1567 be was created Baron of Buckhurtt; in 1571 be was fent Ambaffador to Charles IX. King of. France, and in 87 to the States of the United Provinces: In 88 be wwas made one of the Knights of the Garter, in 91, Chancellior of the Univer fity of Oxford, and in 98 Lord High Treafurer of England. He was continued in that Office by King James, and in 1603 advanced by bim to the Dignity of E arl of Dorfet. He died Juddenly at the Council Board in 1608, and Seems by all Accounts of bim to bave been poffefled of a truly noble and generous spirit. He wrote the Induction to the Mirror for Magiffrates, the Stile and Manner of rwhich is very much like Spencer, abounding in the Defcription of Soadorwy Beings. He aurote alfo in that Work, the Story of the unfortunate Duke of Buckingham in the Reign of Richard II.

## [4]

## 

## The Argument of the Tragedy.

GORBODUC, king of Brytaine, devided bis I realme in bis life-time to his fomes, Ferrex and Porrex. The fonnes fell to devifion and diflention. The yonger killed the clder. The mother that more dearely lowed the elder, for reaenge killed the yonger. The people moved ruith the crueltie of the fact, roof in rebellion, and flew both father and mother. The Nobilitie afembled, and mooft terribly deffroied the Rebels, and afterwards for avant of ifuc of the Frince, whereby the fucceffion of the Crotinc became uncertaine, they fell to Civil Warre, in rubich both they and many of their ifues were faine, and the lande for a long time almoft defolate and miferably wafied.

## [5]

## The Names of the Speakers.

Orbodut, king of Great Brytaine.
7 Videna, queene and wife to king Gorbodkc. Fervex, eldeft fome to king Gorboduc.
Porrex, younger fonne to king Gorboduc.
Clotyn, duke of Cornsuall.
Fergus, duke of Albany.
Mandud, duke of Leagre.
Gruenard, duke of Cumberlarde.
E.ubalus, fecretarie to king Gorboduc.

Aroffus, a counfeilor of king Gorboduc.
Dordan, a courfellor affign'd by the king to his eldeft fonne Ferrex.
Fbilander, a counfellor affigned by the king to his yonger fon Parrex.
[Both being of the old king's counfellbefore.
Hermon, a parafite remaining with Ferrex. Tyndar, a parafite remaining with Porrex.
Nuntius, a meffenger of the-eldeft brother's death. Nuntius, a meffenger of duke Fergus rifing in arms. Marcella, a lady of the queene's privy-chamber. Chorus, four auncient and fage men of Brytaine.

## [6]

## 

The Order of the Dumb Shewe before the firt $A \subset t$, and the Signification thereof.

Firft, the mulike of violenze began to piay, during which same in upon the fage fix wilat men, clotbed in leaves. Of rwhom the firft bare on his necke a fagot of fmall fickes, which thsy all both feverallye and together affayed with all their frengths to breake, but it could not be broken by them. At the length one of them pulled out one of the frickes, and brake it: And the reft plucking out all the ot ber fickes one after another, did eaflie breake the fame being fevered, which being conjoyned, they bad before attempted in vaine. After they bad this done, they departed the fage, and the muffiee ceafed. Hereby was fignified, that a fate knit in unitie dootb continue firong againg all force, but being devided, is cafily defiroyed; as befel upon duke Gorboduc derviding his lande to bis two fonres, which be before beld in monarcbie, and upon the difention of the bretbren to ribom it was devided.

$$
[7]
$$



THE

# TRAGEDY OF 

## $G O R B O D U C$.

Actus primus. Scena prima.
Videna. Ferrex.

> Viden.


HE filent night that bringes the quiet paufe, From painefull travailes of the weary daye:
Prolongs my carefull thoughts, and makes me blame
The flowe Aurora, that fo dooth long delay, To fhew her blufting face for love or fhame: And now the day renewes my griefull plainte,

## 8

 The Tragedy of Gor boduc. Ferrex.My gracious lady, and my mother deere, Pardon my greefe for your fo greeved minde To afke what caufe tormenteth fo your hart.
Viden.

So great a wrong and fo unjuit defpite, Without all caufe againft all courfe of kinde.
Ferrex.

Such caufeleffe wronge and fo unjuft defpite, May have redrefie, or at the leaft revenge. Viden.
Neither, my fonne, fuch is the froward will, The perfon fuch, fuch my mifhap and thine. Ferrex.
Mine know I none, but greefe for your diftrenic : Viden.
Yes: mine for thine, my fonme. A father? no:
In kinde a father, but not in kindelynes.
Ferrex.
My Father ? why, I know nothing at all, Wherin I have mifdoone unto his grace. Viden.
Therfore, the more unkinde to thee and me. For knowing well (my fonne) the tender love That I have ever borne, and beare to thee ; He greev*d therat, is not content alone, To ipoyle me of thy fight, my cheefert joye, But thee, of thy birth right and heritage; Caufeleffe, unkindely and in wrongfull wife, Againf all law and right he will breave : Halfe of his kingdome he will give away. Ferrex.
To whom?

## Viden.

Even to Porrex his yonger fonne:
Whofe growing pride I doo fo fore fufpect, That being rairde to equall rule with thee, Me thinkes 1 fee his envious hart to fwell, Filde with difdaine and with ambicious pride, The end the gods doo knowe, whofe aulters I.

## The Trageay of Gorboduc.

Full oft have made in vaine of cattel flaine, To fend the facred fmoake to heaven's throne, For thee, my fonne, if thinges doo fo fucceede, As now my jelous minde mifdeemeth fore.

> Ferrex.

Madam leave care and carefull plainte for me:
Juft hath my father beene to every wight,
His frit unjuftice he will not extend
To me, I truft, that give no caufe therof;
My brother's pride fhall hurt himfelfe not me.
Viden.
So graunt the Gods: But yet thy father fo Hath firmely fixed his unmoved minde That plaintes and praiers can no whit availe, (For thofe have I affaide) but even this daye, He will endevour to procure affent, Of all his counfell to his fonde devife. Ferrex.
Their auncefours from race to race have borne True faith to my forefathers; and their feede, I truf they eke will beare the like to me.

> Viden.

There refteth all ; but if they faile therof, And if the end bring foorth an evill fucceffe
On them and theirs the mifcheefe fhall befall.
And fo I pray the Gods requite it them;
And fo they will, for fo is woont to be
When lordes and trufted rulers under kingez,
To pleale the prefent fancy of the prince,
With wrong tranfoofe the courfe of governamice,
Murderous mifcheefe of civill fwoord at length,
Or mutual treafon, or a juft revenge,
When right fucceeding line returnes again By Jove's juft judgement and deferved wrath, Bringes them to evill, and reprochefull death, And rootes their names and kinreds from the eart ${ }^{\text {an }}$

Ferrex.
Mother content you, you fhall fee the end. Viden.
The end ? thy end as foon: Jove end me firf,

## 10 The Tragedy of Gor boduc.

## Actus primus. Scena fecunda.

Gorbsduc. Arofius. Pbilander. Eubulus.

## Gorboduc.

MY lords, whofe grave advife and faithfull aide, Have long uphelde my honour and my realme, And brought me to this age from tender yeeres, Guiding to great eftate with great renowne: Now mo - importeth me then erft to ufe Your faith and wifdome wherby yet I raigne ; That when by death my life and rule fhall ceafe, The kingdome yet may with unbroken courfe, Have certaine prince, by whofe undoubted right, Your wealth and peace may fand at quiet ftay: And eke that they whom nature hath preparde, In time to take my place in princely feate, While in their fathers time their pliant youth Yeeldes to the fame of ikilful governaunce, May fo be taught, and trainde in noble artes, As what their fathers which have raignde before, Have with great fame derived downe to them, With honour they may leave unto their feede: And not be thought for their unwoorthy life, And for their lawlefie fwarving out of kinde, Woorthy to loofe what law and kind them gave
But that they may preferve the common peace, (The caufe that firf began and fill maintainess
The lineall courfe of kinges enheritaunce, For me, for mine, for you, and for the ftate Wherof both I and you have charge and care.
Thus doo I meane to ufe your woonted faith
To me and mine, and to your native land. My lordes, be plaine without all wrye refpect, Or poyfonous craft to fpeake in pleafing wife, Leaft as the blame of ill fucceeding thinges Shall light on you, folight the harmes alfo,

## The Tragedy of Gor boduc.

## Arofus.

Your good acceptaunce fo (moft noble king)
Of fuch our faithfulnes, as heeretofore
We have emploide in dueties to your grace, And to this realme whofe woorthy head you are, Well proves that neither you miftruft at all, Nor we fhall neede in boafting wife to fhewe Our trueth to you, nor yet our wakefull care For you, for yours, and for our native land. Wherfore, o king (I fpeake for one as all, Sith all as one doo bear you egall faith,) Doubt not to ufe their counfailes and their aides Whofe honors, goods and lives are wholy avowde, To ferve, to aide, and to defend your grace.

## Gorboduc.

My lordes I thank you all. This is the cafe. Ye know, the Gods, who have the foveraigne care, For kings, for kingdoms, and for common weales, Gave me two fonnes in my more lufly age, Who now in my deceiving yeeres are growen Well towards riper ftate of minde and ftrength, To take in hand fome greater princely charge. As yet they live and fpend their hopefull daies, With me and with their mother here in court:
Their age now afketh other place and trade,
And mine alfo dooth afke an other change,
Theirs to more travaile, mine to greater eafe.
When fatall death fhall end my mortall life,
My purpofe is to leave betweene them twaine,
The realme devided in two fundry partes :
The one, Ferrex mine elder fonne fhall have,
The other, fhall the other Porrex rule.
That both my purpofe may more firmely fland,
And eke that they may better rule their ciarge,
I mean forthwith to place them in the fame:
That in my life they may both learne to rule,
And I may joy to fee their ruling well.
This is in fumme, what I would have you wey:
Firft whether ye allow my whole device, And think it good for me, for them, for yon,

## 12 The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

And for our country, mother of us all:
And if ye like it, and allowe it well,
Than for their guiding and their governance,
Shew foorth fuch hoovefull meanes of circumfance,
As ye think meete to be both knowne and kept :
Loe, this is all, now tell me your advife. Arofius.
And this is much, and alketh great advife :
But for my part, my fovereign lord and king, This doe I thinke your majeftie dooth know, How under you in juftice and in peace,
Great wealth and honour long we have enjoyde, So as we cannot feem with greedie minds
To wifh for chaunge of prince or governance ;
But if we like your purpofe and devife,
Our liking muft be deemed to proceede,
Of rightfull reafon, and of heedfull care,
Not for our felves, but for our conmmon fate:
Sith our owne fate dooth need no better chainge.
I hinke in all, as earf your grace hath faide:
Firt when you fhall unlode your aged minde
Of heavie care and troubles manifolde.
And lay the fame upon my my lords your fonner,
Whofe growing yeeres may beare the burden lony,
And long I pray the Gods to graunt it fo:
And in your life while you fhall fo behold
Their rule, their vertues, and their noble deeder,
Such as their kind behighteth to us all,
Great be the profits that fhall grow thereof; Your age in quiet fhall the longer laft,
Your latting age fhall be their longer ftaie. For cares of kings, that rule as you have rulde, For publike welth, and not for private joy,
Doo wafte man's life and hafien crooked age, With furrow'd face, and with enfeebled lims, 'To draw on creeping death a fwifter pace. They two yet yoong fhall beare the partie reigne
With greater eafe than one now olde alone
Can welde the whole, for whom much harder is

With leffend ftrength the doubled weight to beare, Your eye, your counfell, and the grave regard Of father's, yea of fuch a father's name, Now at beginning of their fundred reigne, When it is hazard of their whole fucceffe, Shall bridle fo their force of youthfull heates, And fo reftraine the rage of infolence, Which mof affailes the yong and noble minds, And fo fhall guide and traine in tempred ftay Their yet greene bending wits with reverent awe,
That now inurde with vertues at the firt,
Cuftome (o king) fhall bring delightfulnes, By ufe of vertue, vice fhall grow in hate : But if you fo difpofe it, that the day
Which ends your life, fhall frrt begin their reigne,
Great is the peril, what fhall be the ende,
When fuch beginning of fuch liberties
Voide of fuch ftayes as in your life doo lie,
Shall leave them to free random of their will
An open pray to traiterous flatterie,
The greateft pertilence of noble youth :
Which perill fhall be paft, if in your life
Their tempred youth with aged father's awe
Be brought in ure of fkilfull ftayednes,
And in your life their lives difpofed fo,
Shall length your noble life in joyfulnes:
Thus thinke I that your grace hath wifely thought, And that your tender care of common weale Hath bred this thought, fo to devide your lande, And plant your fonnes to beare the prefent rule While you yet live to fee their ruling well, That you may longer live by joy therein.
What further meanes behoovefull are and meete,
At greater leifure may your grace devife,
When all have faid, and when we be agreed
If this be beft, to part the realme in twaine, And place your fonnes in prefent government:
Whereof as I have plainely faid my minde,
So would I heare the reft of all my lordes.

## 14 The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

 Pbilander.In part I thinke as hath bene faide before:
In part againe my mind is otherwife.
As for deviding of this realme in twaine, And lotting out the fame in egall partes, To either of my lords your graces fonnes,
That thinke I beft for this your realmes behoofe,
For profite and advancement of your fonnes,
And for your comfort and your honour eke:
But fo to place them while your life doth laft,
To yeeld to them your royall governance,
To be above them onely in the name
Of father, not in kingly fate alfo,
I thinke not good for you, for them, nor us.
This kingdome fince the bloody civil field
Where Morgan flaine did yeelde his conquerd part
Unto his coofens fword in Cumberland,
Conteineth all that whilome did fuffife
Three noble fonnes of your forefather Brute;
So your two fonnes it may alfo fuffife,
The mo the flronger, if they gree in one:
The fmaller compaffe that the realme dooth hoide,
The eafier is the fway thereof to welde,
The neerer juftice to the wronged poore,
The fmaller charge, and yet inough for one.
And when the region is devided fo
That brethren be the lords of either part,
Such ffrength dooth nature knit betwene them borh
In fundry bodies by conjoyned love,
That not as two, but one of doubled force,
Ech is to other as a fure defence :
The noblenes and glorie of the one
Dooth fharpe the courage of the others mind,
With vertuous envie to contend for praife.
And fuch an eagalnes hath nature made,
Betweene the brethren of one fathers feede,
As an unkindly wrong it feemes to be,
To throw the other fubject under feete
Of him, whofe peere he is by courfe of kind;
And nature that did make this egalnes,

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc. 15

Oft fo repineth at fo great a wrong,
That oft fhe raifeth up a grudging greefe,
In yonger brethren at the elders itate :
Wherby both townes and kingdomes have been rafde,
And fainous ftocks of royall blood deftroide :
The brother that flould be the brothers aide
And have a wakeful care for his defence,
Gapes for his death, and blames the lingering yeres,
That bring not foorth his ende with fafter courfe;
And oft impacient of fo long delayes,
With hatefull flaughter he prevents the fates,
And keepes a jufi reward for brothers blood,
With endleffe vengeance on his ftocke for aye.
Such mifcheefes heere are wifely met withall,
If egall ftate may nourifh egall love,
Where none hath caufe to grudge at others good.
But now the head to foupe beneath them both,
Ne kind, ne reafon, ne good order beares.
And oft it hath been feene, that where nature
Hath beene preverted in difordred wife,
When fathers ceafe to know that they fhould rule, And children ceafe to know they fhould obey,
That often our unkindly tendernes
Is mother of unkindly fubbornes.
I fpeake not this in envie or reproch, As if I grudgde the glorie of your fonnes,
Whofe honour I befeech the Gods to increafe:
Nor yet as if I thought there did remaine, So filthie cankers in their noble breftes,
Whom I efteeme (which is their greateft praife)
Undoubted children of fo good a king;
Onely I meane to fhew by certaine rules,
Which kinde hath graft within the minde of man,
That nature hath her order and her courfe,
Which (being broken) dooth corrupt the fate
of mindes and thinges even in the beft of all.
My lordes your fonnes may learne to rule of you,
Your owne example in your noble courte,
Is fitteft guider of their youthful yeeres.

## 16 Ihe Tragedy of Gorboduc.

If you defire to feeke fome prefent joye By fight of their well-ruling in your life, See them obey, fo fhall you fee them rule :
Who fo obeyeth not with humblenes,
Will rule with outrage and with infolence.
Long may they rule I doo befeech the Gods, But long may they learne ere they begin to rule If kinde and fates would fuffer I would wifh
Them aged princes and immortal kinges: Wherfore moft noble king I will aflent, Between your fonnes that you devide your realm, And as in kinde, fo match them in degree. But while the Gods prolong your royall life Prolong your reigne, for therto live you heere, And therfore have the Gods fo long forborne To joyne you to themfelves, that flill you might Be prince and father of our common weale: They when they fee your children ripe to rule, Wiil make them roome, and will remove you hence That yours in right enfuing of your life, May tightly honour your immortall name. Eubulus. Your woonted true regarde of faithfull hartes, Makes me ( O king) the bolder to prefume Ta fpeak what I conceive within my breft, Although the fame doo not agree at all
With that which other heere my lords have faid Nor which your felfe have feemed beft to like. Pardon I crave, and that my wordes be deemde To flow from harty zeale unto your grace, And to the fafetie of your common weale. To parte your realme unto my lords your fonnes It think not good for you, ne yet for them, But woort of all, for this our native land : For with one land, one fingle rule is beft : Devided reignes doo make devided hartes, But peace preferves the countrye and the prince. Such is in man the greedy minde to raigne, So great is his defire to climbe alofte,

In worldly fage the fatelieft partes to beare, That faith and juftice and all kindely love, Doo yeelde unto defire of foveraigntie, Where eggall ftate doth raife an egall hope To winne the thing that either would atteine. Your grace remembreth how in paffed yeeres, The mighty Brate, firft prince of all this lande, Polferte the fame, and rulde it well in one; He thinking that the compaffe did fuffice For his three fonnes three kingdomes eke to make, Cut it in three, as you would now in twaine: But how much Brutinh blood hath fince been fpilt, To joyne againe the fundred unitie? What princes flaine before their timely hour? What wafte of townes and people in the land? What treafons heapt on murders and on fooyles?
Whofe juft revenge even yet is fcarfely ceafte, Ruthefull remembraunce is yet had in minde :
The Gods forbid the like to chaunce againe. And you ( 0 king) give not the caufe thereof. My lord Ferrex your elder fonne, perhappes Whome kinde and cuftome gives a rightfull hope
To be your heire and to fucceede your reigne,
Shall think that he dooth fuffer greater wrong
Then he perchaunce will beare, if power ferve :
Porrex, the yonger, fo upraifde in tate,
Perhaps in courage will be raifde alfo;
If flattery then, which failes not to affaile
The tender mindes of yet unikilfull youth,
In one fhall kindle and encreafe difdaine,
And envie in the others harte enflame;
This fire fhall wafte their love, their lives, their land,
And ruthefull ruine fhall deftroy them both.
I wifh not this ( O king), fo to befall,
But feare the thing, that I doo moft abhorre.
Give no beginning to fo dreadfull end,
Keepe them in order and obedience,
And let them both by now obeying you,
Learne fuch behaviour as befeemes their fate ;

## 18 The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

The elder mildenes in his governaunce,
The yonger, 'a yeelding contentednes:
And keepe them neere unto your prefence fill,
That they reftreined by the awe of you,
May live in compaffe of well tempred ftaie, And paffe the perrilles of their youthfull yeeres. Your aged life drawes on to feebler time, Wherin you fiall leffe able be to beare
The travailes that in youth you have fufteinde, Both in your perfon's and your realme's defence. If planting now your fonnes in further partes, You fend them furder from your prefent reach, Leffe fhal you knowe how they themfelves demeane:
Traiterous corrupters of their pliant youth, Shall have unfpied a much more free acceffe:
And if ambition, and inflamde difdaine, Shall arme the one, the other, or them both To cyvill warre, or to ufurping pride, Late fhall you rue that you ne reckt before. Good is I graunt of all to hope the beft, But not to live fill dreadles of the woorf. So truft the one, that th'other be forefeene, Arme not unfkilfulnes with princely power, But you that long have wifely rulde the reines Of royaltie within your noble realme, So holde them, while the Gods for our availes,
Shall ftretch the threed of your prolonged daies.
Too foone he clamme into the flaming carte Whofe want of fkill did fet the earth on fire,
Time and example of your noble grace,
Shall teache your fonnes both to obey and rule:
When time hath taught them, time fhall make them space,
The place that now is full; and fo I pray
Long it remaine, to comfort of us all.

> Gorboduc.

I take your faithfull hartes in thankfull parte;
But fith I fee no caufe to draw my minde,
To feare the nature of my loving fonnes,
Or to mifdeeme that envie or difdaine,

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

Can there woork hate, where nature planteth love, In one felfe pürpofe doo I ftill abide. My love extendeth egally to both, My land fuffifeth for them both alfo: Humber fhall parte the marches of their realnes:
The fotherne parte the elder fhall poffeffe,
The northerne fhall Porrex the yonger rule:
In quiet I will paffe mine aged daies,
Free from the travaile and the painefull cares
That haften age upon the woorthief kinges.
But leaft the fraude that ye doo feeme to feare
Of flattering tunges, corrupt their tender youth
And wrie them to the waies of youthfull luft,
To climing pride or to revenging hate,
Or to neglecting of their carefull charge
Lewdelye to live in wanton rechlefneffe,
Or to oppreffing of the rightfull caufe,
Or not to wreke the wronges doone to the poore, To tread downe trueth, or favour falfe deceite, I meane to joyne to either of my fonnes, Some one of thofe whofe long approved faith, And wifdome tride may well affure my hart,
That myning fraude fhall finde no way to creepe, Into their fenced eares with grave advife:
This is the end, and fo I pray you all
To beare my fonnes the love and loyaltie
That I have found within your faithfull brefts.

> Arofucs.

You, nor your fonnes, our fovereigne lord, fhall want
Our faith and fervice while our lives doo laft.

$$
C H O R U S \text {. }
$$

When fetled fay dooth hold the royall throne,
In ftedfaft place by knowne and doubtles right: And cheefely when difcent on one alone Makes fingle and unparted reigne to light. Ech chaunge of courfe unjoints the whole eftate: And yeeldes it thrall to ruine by debate.

The ftrength that knit by faft accord in one, Againft all forreine power of mightie foes, Could of it felfe defend it felfe alone,

Disjoyned

## 20 The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

Disjoyned once, the former force dooth lofe.
The flicks, that fundred brake fo foone in twaine,
In fagot bound attempted were in vaine.
Oft tender mind that leades the partiall eye
Of erring parents in their childrens love,
Deftroies the wrongfull loved childe thereby:
This dooth the proud fonne of Apollo prove,
Who rafhly fet in chariot of his fire,
Inflamde the parched earth with heavens fire.
And this great king that dooth devide his lande,
And chaunge the courfe of his defcending crowne,
And ycelds the raine into his childrens hand,
From blisful ftate of joy and great renowne,
A mirrour fhall become to princes all
To learne to fhume the caufe of fuch a fall;

## g\&\&

The Order and Signification of the dumb Shew before the fecond Acte.

Firf the mufike of cornets began to play, during, which came in upon the fage a king accompanied with a nimeber of his nobilitie and gentlemen. And after be bad placed bimselfe in a cbaire of eftate prepared for bim: there came and kneeled before bim a grave and aged gentleman, and offered up a cuppe, unto bim of rwine in a glafe, which the king refufed. After bim comes a by arve and luffie joong gentleman, and prefonts the king with a :cup of golde filled with poyjon, which the king accepted, and drinking the fame, immediatcly fell downe dead upon the fage, ond fo was carryed thence away by bis lordes and genitlemen, and then the muficke ceafed. Heereby was frgified, that as glafs by nature boldetb no poyfon, but is clear and may cafily be feene through, ne borveth by any arte: So a faithfull counfellour boldeth no treafon, but is playne and open, ne yeeldeth to anie un-,

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

difcrete affection, but giveth aje wholefome counfell, wobich the ill advifed prince refufetb. The delightfull golde filled weith poy fon betokenetb Flatterie, wbicb under. faire feeming of pleafaunt wordes bearetb deadly poyson, which deftroyeth the prince that receyveth it. As befell? in the two brethren, Ferrex, and Porrex, who refufng, the rwholefome advife of grave counfellours, credited. thefe young parafites, and brought unto themfelves death. and defruction thereby.

## Act. II. Scen. I.

Ferrex. Hermon. Dordan.
Ferrex.

TMervaile much what reafon led the king My father thus without all my defarte
To reave me halfe the kingdome, which by courfe Of lawe and nature fhould remaine to me.

> Hermon.

If you with ftubborne and untamed pride Had ftoode againft him in rebellious wife,
Or if with grudging minde you had envyde.
So flow a fliding of his aged yeeres,
Or fought before your time to hafte the courfe
Of catall death upon his royal head,
Or fainde your ftocke with murder of your kinne; Some face of reafon might perhaps have feemde, To yeeld fome likely caufe to fpoile ye thus.
Ferrex.

The wrekefull gods powre on my curfed heade Eternal plagues and never dying woes:
The hellifh prince adjudge my damned ghoft To Tantalus thirft, or proud Ixions wheele, Or cruell gripe to gnaw my groaning hart To during torments and unquenched flames, If ever I conceivde fo foule a thought, To wilh his ende of life, or yet of reigne.

## 22 The Tragedy of Gor boduc.

Ne yet your father ( O molt noble prince) Did ever thinke fo fowle a thing of you; For he with more than fathers tender love While yet the fates doo lend him life to rule, (Who long might live to fee your ruling well) To you my lorde, and to his ether fonne,
Lo he refignes his realme and royaltie,
Which never would fo wife a prince have doone,
If he had once mifdeemde that in your hart
There ever lodged fo unkind a thought.
But tender love (my lord) and fetled truft
Of your good nature, and your noble minde, Made him to place you thius in royall throne, And now to give you halfe his realme to guide, Yea and that halfe which in abounding fore Of things that ferve to make a welthie realme;
In fately cities and in fruifful foyle,
In temperate breathing of the milder heaven, In things of needfull ufe, which frendly fea
Tranfports by traffike from the forraine portes, In flowing welth, in honour and in force, Dooth paffe the double value of the part
That Porrex hath allotted to his reigne:
Such is your cafe, fuch is your father's love.

> Ferrex.

Ah love, my frends ? love wronges not whom he loves. Dordan:
Ne yet he wrongeth you that giveth you So large a reigne ere that the courfe of time Fring you to kingdome by defcended right,
Which time perhaps might end your time before.
Ferrex.

Is this no wrong, fay you, to reave from me My native right of halfe fo great a realme, And thus to match his yoonger fonne with me In egall power, and in as great degree :
Yea and what fonne? the fonne whofe fwelling pride
Would never yeeld one point of reverence,
When I the elder and apparant heire

Stood in the likelyhood to poffeffe the whole: Yea and that fonne which from his childifh age Envieth mine honour, and dooth hate my life, What will he now don? when his pride, his rage,
The mindful malice or his grudging hart Is armde with force, with welth and kingly fate.

Hermon.
Was this not wrong ? yea ill advifed wrong,
To give fo mad a man fo flare a fworde,
To fo great perill of fo great mifhap,
Wide open thus to ret fo large a way.

## Dordan.

Alas my lord, what grieful thing is this? That of your brother you can think fo ill.
I never awe him utter likely figne
Whereby a man might fee or once mifdeeme
Such hate of you, ne fuck unyeelding pride:
Ill is their counsel, shameful be their ende,
That raining fuch miftruffull feare in you,
Sowing the feede of fuch unkindly hate,
Travaile by treason to deftroie you both.
Wife is your brother and of noble hope,
Worthie to weed a large and mighty realize,
So much a flogger fremd have you thereby,
Whole ftrength is your ftrength, if you gree in one. Fiermon.
If nature and the gods had pinched fo
Their flowing bountie and their noble gifts
Of princely qualities from you my lord,
And powrde them all at once in wattull wife
Upon your fathers younger fore alone:
Perhaps there be that in your prejudice
Would fay that birth fhould yeeld to woorthines :
But filth in each good gift and princely ate,
Ye are his match, and in the cheefe of all
In mildenes and in fober governaunce,
Ye far furmount: and firth there is in you
Suffifing kill and hopefull towardnes,
To weld the whole and match your eiders praife,
I fee no cause why ye should loofe the halle,
24. The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

Ne would I winh you yeelde to fuch a loffe, Leaft your milde fufferance of fo great a wrong, Be deemed cowardife and fimple dread ?
Which fhall give courage to the fiery head Of your yong brother to invade the whole. Whiles yet therfore fticks in the peoples minde The loathed wrong of your difheritaunce, And ere your brother have by fetled power, By guilefull cloake of an alluring fhowe, Got him fome force and favour in this realme; And while the noble queene your mother lives, To woorke and practife all for your availe, Attempt redreffe by arms, and wreak yourfelf Upon his life that gaineth by your loffe, Who now to fhame of you, and greefe of us, In your owne kingdome triumphes over you. Shew now your courage meet for kinglye eftate That they which have avowd to fpend their goods, Their landes, their lives and honors in your caufe,
May be the bolder to maintain your parte When they do fee that cowarde feare in you, Shall not betray ne faile their faithfull hartes. If once the death of Porrex end the ftrife, And pay the price of his ufurped reigne, Your mother fhall perfwade the angry king, The lords your frends eke thal appeafe his rage, For they be wife and well they can forefee, That ere long time your aged fathers death Will bring a time when you fhall well requite Their friendly favour, or their hateful fpite, Yea, or their flacknes to avaunce your caufe. Wife men doo not fo fo hang on paffing fate Of prefent princes, cheefely in their age, But they will further caft their reaching eye To viewe and weigh the times and reignes to come. Ne is it likely though the king be wrath, That he yet will, or that the realme will beare Extreme revenge upon his onely fonne;
Or if he would, what one is he that dare Be minifter to fuch an enterprife?

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

And heere you be now placed in your owne, Amid your freends, your vaffailes and your ftrength, We fhall defend and keepe your perfon fafe, Till either counfel turne his tender minde, Or age, or forrow ende his weary daies. But if the fear of Gods, and fecret grudge Of natures lawe, repining at the fact, Witholde your courage from fo great attempte s Know ye that luft of kingdomes hath no lawe, The gods doo beare and well allow in kinges The thinges that they abhorre in rafcall routes. When kinges on flender quairels run to warres, And then in cruel and unkindely wife, Commaund thefts, rapes, murder of innocents, To fpoyle of townes and ruine of mighty realms; Think you fuch princes doo fuppofe themfelves Subject to lawes of kinde and feare of gods? Murders and violent thefts in private men, Are heinous crimes and full of foule reproche ; Yet none offence, but deckt with glorious name Of noble conqueftes in the handes of kinges. But if you like not yet fo hotte devife, Ne lift to take fuch vauntage of the time, But, though with great perill of your effate, You will not be the firt that thall invade, Affemble yet your force for your defence, And for your fafetie ftand upon your garde.

> Dordan.

O heaven, was there ever heard or knowne, So wicked counfell to a noble prince ?
Let me (my lord) difclofe unto your grace This heinous tale, what mifcheefe it conteines: Your fathers death, your brothers and your owne, Your prefent murder and eternall fhame: Heare me (oking) and fuffer not to finke, So high a treafon in your princely bref.
Ferrex.

The mighty gods forbid that ever I
Should once conceive fuch mifcheefe in my hart! Although my brother hath bereft my realme,

## 20 The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

And beare perhaps to mee an hatefull minde, Shall I revenge it, with his death therfore?
Or thall I fo deftroy my fathers life
That gave me life? the gods forbid I fay;
Ceafe you to fpeake fo any more to me,
Ne you my freend with aunfivere once repeate So foule a tale, in filence let it dye :
What lerd or fubject fhall have hope at all, That under me they fafelye thall enjoy
Their goods, their honours, lands and liberties, With whom, neither one onely brother deere, Ne father deerer, could enjoy their lives? But fith, I feare my yonger brothers rage, And fith perhaps fome other man may give Some like advife, to move his grudging head At mine effate: which counfell may perchaunce Take greater force with him, then this with me, I will in fecret fo prepare myfelfe, As if his mallice or his lult to raigne, Break foorth with armes or fodeine violence I may withftand his rage and keepe mine owne.

> Dordan.

I fear the fatal time now draweth on, When cyvill hate fall ende the noble lyne Of famous Brute and of his royall feede : Great Jove defend the mifcheefes now at hand !
$O$ that the fecretaries wife advife Had earlt beene heard, when he befought the king Not to devide his land, nor fend his Sonnes 'To further partes from prefence of his courte, Ne yet to yeelde to them his governaunce. Loe fuch are they now in the royall throne As was that Phaeton in Phæebus carre ; Ne then the fiery fteedes did drawe the flame With wilder randon through the kindled fkies, Then traiterous councell now will whirle about, The youthfull heads of thefe unikilfull kinges. But I heereof their father will enforme, The reverence of him perhaps fhall ftay

The growing mifcheefes, while they yet are greene, If this helpe not, then woe unto themfelves, The prince, the people, the devided land.

## Actus fecundus. Scena fecunda.

Porrex. Tyndar. Pbilander.

## Porrex.

AND is it thus? and dooth he fo prepare Againft his brother as his mortall foe? And now while yet his aged father lives? Neither regards he him? nor feares he:me? Warre would he have? and he fhall have it $f 0$.

$$
\mathcal{T}_{y n d a r} .
$$

I faw myfelfe the great prepared fore, Of horfe, of armour and of weapons there, Ne bring I to my lord reported tales, Without the ground of feene and fearched troth, Loe fecret quarrelles runne about his courte, To bring the name of you my lord in hate: Eche man almoft can now debate the caufe, And afke a reafon of fo great a wrong, Why he fo noble, and fo wife a prince, Is as unwoorthy reft his heritage. And why the king, miflead by crafty meanes, Devided thus his land from courfe of right. The wifer fort holde downe their griefull heads, Ech man withdrawes from talke and company Of thofe that have beene knowne to favour you To hide the mifchiefe of their meaning there. Rumors are fpred of your preparing heere. The rafcall numbers of the unfkilfull fort Are filde with monftrous tales of you and yours. In fecret I was counfaild by my frends To haft me thence, and brought you as you knowe

## 28 The Tragedy of Gor boduc.

Letters from thofe that both can truly tell, Ar.d would not write unlefs they knew it well. Pbilaider.
My lord, yet ere you now unkindly warre, Send to your brother to demaund the caufe: Perhaps fome traiterous tales have filde his eareg With falfe reports againtt your noble grace, Which once difclofde fhall end the growing fuifes, That els not ftaide with wife forefight in time, Shall hazard both your kingdoms and your lives: Send to your father eke, he fhall appeafe Your kindled minds, and rid you of this feare.

Porrex.
Rid me of feare? I fear him not at all, Ne will to him, ne to my father fend, If daunger were for one to tarrie there, Thinke ye it fafety to returne againe? In mifchiefes fuch as Ferrex now intends, The woonted courteous lawes to meffengers Are not obfervde, which in juft warre they ufe, Shall I fo hazard anie one of mine ? Shall I betray my truftie frend to him That hath difclofde his treafon unto me? (Let him intreat that feares, I feare him not:) Or fhall I to the king my father fende, Yea and fende now while fuch a mother lives, That loves my brother and that hateth me. Shall I give leyfure by my fond delayes To Ferrex to opprefie me at unware? I will not, but I will invade his realme And feeke the traitour prince within his courty Mifchiefe for mifchiefe is a due reward. His wretched head fhall pay the worthie price Of this his treafon and his hate to me. Shall I abide, intreat, and fend and pray? And holde my yeelden throte to traitours knife? While I with valiant mind and conquering force Might rid myfelfe of foes, and winne a realme: Yea rather when I have the wretches head, Then to the king my father will I fend,

The booteles care may yet appeafe his wrath : If not I will defend me as I may. Pbilandir.
Lo heere the end of thefe two youthfull kings, The fathers death, the ruine of their two realmes, O moft unhappie flate of counfellors, That light on fo unhappie lords and times, That neither can their good advife be heard, Yet muif they beare the blames of ill fucceffe : But I will to the king their father hafte, Ere this mifcheefe come to that likely ende, That if the mindfull wrath of wrekefull gods. Since mightie Ilions fall not yet appearde With thefe poore remnant of the Trojans name Have not determin'd by unmooved fate Out of this realme to race the Brutifh line, By good advife, by awe of fathers name, By force of wifer lords, this kindled hate May yet be quencht ere it confume us all. Chorus.
When youth not bridled with a guiding ftay, Is left to random of their own delight, And welds whole realms by force of fovereigne fray, Great is the daunger of unmaiftred might, Leaft fkilleffe rage throw down with headlong fall Their lands, their fates, their lives, themfelves and all. When growing pride doth fill the fwelling breft, And greedie luft doth raife the climbing mind, Oh hardly may the perill be repref,
Ne feare of angrie gods, ne lawes kinde, Ne country care can fired harts reftraine When force hath armed envie and difdaine.

When kinges of forefet will neglect the reede, The beft advire, and yeeld to pleafing tales, That doo their fancies noyfome humour feede, Ne reafon, nor regard of right availes; Succeeding heapes of plagues fhall teach too late To learne the mifchiefes of mifguiding ftate.

Fowle fall the traitour falfe that undermines The love of brethren to deftroy them both.

Woe to the prince, that pliaunt eare inclines
And yields his minde to poifenous tale that flo'th
From flattering mouth, and woe to wretched lande
That wafts itfelfe with civill fword in hande.
Loe, thus it is poifon in golde to take, And wholefome drinke in homely cuppe forfake.

## Q00900COQOQ6EOQPOUOCYOOQ

The order and fignification of the dumb fhew before the third act.
firff, the mufock of fuites beganne to play, during which came is uppon the fage a company of mourners all clad in blacke, betckening death and forrove toenfue upon the ill adruifed mifgovernenent ard difention of bretbren, as befell upons the murder of. Ferrex by bis yonger brother. After the mourniers bad jafled thrife about the fige, they de. parted, and then. the mufike coaford.

## Actus tertius. Scena prima,

Gorbodus. Eubulus. Arofus. Pbilander. Nuntius. Corboduc.

0Cruell fates, O mindfull wrath of gods, Whofe vengeance neither Simois fteined ftreames. Flowing with blood of Trojan princes flaine, Nor Phiygian fields made ranke with corpfes dead Of Afian kings and lords can yet appeafe, Ne flaughter of vnhappy Pryams race, Nor Ilions fall made leuell with the foile, Can yet fuffife: but fill continued rage Purfues our lives, and from the farthert feas Dooth chace the iffues of deftroied Troy. Oh no man happy till his end be feene! If any flowing wealth and feeming joy

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc. 3it

In' prefent yeeres might make a happie wight, Happie was Hecuba, the wofullf wretche That ever livde to make a mirrour of, And happie Pryam with his noble fonnes, And happie I till now. Alas, I fee And feele my moft unhappie wretchednes: Behold, my lords, read ye this letter heere, Lo it conteines the ruine of this realme, If timely fpeed provide not haftie helpe. Yet, O ye gods, if ever wofull king Might move you, kings of kings, wreake it on me And on my fonnes, not on this giitles realme. Send downe your wafting flames from wrathfull kkies, To reave me and my fonnes of hateful breath. Read, read my lordes: this is the matter why I calde ye now, to have your good advife.

## The letter from Dordan the counfellor of the elder prince.

## Eubulus readeth the lettcr.

MY fovereigne lord, what I am loth to write But lotheft am to fee, that I am forct By leters now to make you underftand. My lord Ferrex, your eldeft fonne, miflead By traitours framde of yoong untempred wittes, Affembleth force againft your yoonger fonne, Ne can my counfell y̆et withdraw the heate And furious pangs of his inflamed head:Difdain (faith he) of his difheritaunce, Armes him to wreke the great pretended wrong. With cyvill fword upon his brothers life :
If prefent helpe doo not reftraine his rage This flame wil wafte your fonnes, your land and you.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Your majefy's faitbful, and mooft } \\
& \text { humble fubject Dordan. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Arofus.

O king, appeafe your greefe and flay your çlaint;
Great is the matter and a wofull cafe :

## 32 The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

But timely knowledge may bring timely helpe. Send for them both unto your prefence heere,
The reverence of your honour, age, and ftate,
Your grave advice, the awe of fathers name Shall quickly knit againe this broken peace :
And if in either of my lordes your fonnes,
Be fuch untamed and unyeelding pride
As will not bend unto your noble heftes;
If Ferrex th'elder.fonne can bear no peere,
Or Porrex not content, afpires to more
Then you him gave above his native right :
Joyne with the jufter fide, 'fo fhall you force
Them to agree : and holde the land in flay.
Eubulus.
What meaneth this? loe yonder comes in haRe,
Philander from.my lord your yonger fonne. Gorboduc.
The gods fend joyful newes!
Pkilander.
The mighty Jove
Preferve your majeftie, $O$ noble king. Gorboduc.
Philander, welcome: But how dooth my fonne? Pbilander.
Your fonne, fir, lives and healthie I him left: But yet. (O king) this want of luffull health, Could not be halfe fo greefefull to your grace, As thefe moft wretched tidinges that I bring. Gorboduc.
O heavens, yet more? no end of woes to me? Pbilonder.
Tindar, O king, came lately from the courte Of Ferrex, to my lord your yonger fonne, And made reporte of great prepared ftore Of warre, and faith that it is wholy ment Againft Porrex, for high difdaine that he Lives now a king and egall in degree With him, that claimeth to fucceede the whole, As by due title of difcending right : Porrex is now fo fet on flaming fier,

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

Partely with kindled rage of cruell wrath, Partely with hope to gaine a realme therby, That he in hafte prepareth to invade His brother's land, and with unkindely warre Threatens the murder of your elder fonne; Ne could I him perfuade that firft he fhould Send to his brother to demaund the caufe : Nor yet to you to fay this hateful frife.
Wherfore fith there no more I can be heard, I come my felfe now to enforme your grace, And to befeeche you as you love the life And fafetie of your children and your realme, Now to employ your wifdome and your force To ftaye this mifcheefe ere it be too late.

Gorboduc.
Are they in armes? would he not fend for me? Is this the honour of a fathers name?
In vain we travaile to affwage their mindes, As if their hartes, whome neither brothers love, Nor fathers awe, nor kingdomes care can move, Our counfells could withdrawe from raging lieats. Jove flaye them both, and end the curfed line! For though perhaps feare of fuch mighty force As I, my lordes, joynde with your noble aides, May yet raife, fhall expreffe their prefent heate, The fecret grudge and malice will remaine,
The fier not quencht, but kept in clofe refrainte Fed ftill within, breaks foorth with double flame : Their death ard mine muft peafe the angry gods. Pbilander.
Yeelde not, O king, fo much to weake difpaire; Your fonnes yet live, and long I truft they fhall: If fates had taken you from earthly life, Before beginning of this cyvill Atrife; Perhaps your fonnes, in their unmaititred youth, Eofe from regarde of any living wight, Would runne on headlong, with unbrideled race To their owne death and ruine of this realme: But fith the gods that have the care for kinges, Of thinges and times difpofe the order fo
34. The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

That in your life this kindled flame breakes foorth, While yet your life, your wifdome and your power May flay the growing mifcheefe, and repreffe The fiery blaze of their enkindled heate; It feems, and fo ye ought to deeme therof, That loving Jove hath tempred fo the time Of this debate.to happen in your daies, That you ye: living may the fame appeaze, And adde uato the glory of your age, And they your fonnes may learne to live in peace. Beware ( O king) the greateft harme of all, L.eatt by your wailefull plaints your haftened death Yeelde larger roome unto their growing rage : Preferve your life, the only hope of fay: And if your highnes herein lift to ufe Wifdone or force, councell or knightly aide : Loe we, our perfons, powers and lives are yours; Ufe us till death, O king, we are your own. Eubulus.
Loe here the perril that was erit forefeene, When you (O king) did firf divide your lande And yeelde your prefent raigne unto your fonnes. But now ( $O$ noble prince) now is no time To waile and plaine, and watte your wofull life, Now is the time for prefent good advice, So:row dooth darke the judgement of the wit; The hait unbroken and the courage free From feeble faintenes of booteles difpaire Doth either rife to fafery or renowne, By noble valour of unvanquift minde, Or yet dooth perifh in more happie forte. Your grace may fend to either of your fonnes Some one both wife and noble perfonage, Which with good councell and with weightye name Of father fhall prefent before their eyes Your heft, your life, your fafetie and their owne; The prefent mifcheefe of their deadly frife, And in the while, affemble you the force Which your commaundement and the fpeedy hafte, Of all my lords heere prefent can prepare:

The terrour of your mighty power fhall faye The rage of both, or yet of one at leaft.

> Nuntius.

O king, the greateft greefe that ever prince did heares That ever wofull meffenger did tell, That ever wretched land hath feene before' I bring to you. Porrex your younger fonne With fudden force, invaded hath the land. That you to Ferrex did alotte to rule: And with his owne moft bloudy hand he hath Ifis brother flaine, and dooth pofiefle his realme. Gorboduc.
O heavens fend down the flames of your revenge! Deftroy, I fay, with flafh of wreakefull fier, The traitour fonne, and then the wretched fire. But let us goe, that yet perhaps I may, Dye with revenge, and peaze the hatefull gods. Ciborus.
The luft of kingdomes knowes no facred faith, , No rule of reafon, no regarde of right, No kindely love, no feare of heavens wrath, But with contempt of gods, and mans defpite, Through bloodye flaughter dooth prepare the wiies,
To fatall fcepter and accurfed reigne. The fonne fo loathes the fathers lingring daies, Ne dreades his hand in brothers blood to ftaine. O wretched prince, ne doof thou yet recorde, The yet frefh murthers doone within the lande.
Of thy forefathers, when the cruell fwoord Bereft Morgan his life with cozins hand?
Thus fatall plagues purfue the guiltie race, Whofe murderous hand imbrude with guiltes bloud, Afkes vengeance before the heavens face, With endles mifchiefes on the curfed brood. The wicked childe thus bringes to wofull fire, The mournefull plaints to waft his weary life :
Thus doo the cruell flames of civili fre
Defrroy the parted reigne with hatefull frife: And hence dooth fpring the well from which dooth floe; The dead blacke ftreams of mournings plaints and woe.

The order and fignification of the dumbe Shewe before the fourth acte.

Firf the mufthe of borweboics b bgan to playe, during whkicb thcre came fort tb from under the fage, as thougb out of bell, tbrce furies, Alecto, Megecra, and Iifippone, clad in blacke garments fprinkled weith bloudd and fannes, thoir. bodies girt with frakees, their beads fpred with J frepents in ficed of baire, the one bearing in bir band a frake, the etber a wwip, and the thivd a burning firebrand: cche a'riving before them a king and a queen, wubich mooved by furice, unnaturally bad faine thoir ovven children. The names of the kings and quecres were thefe, Tantalus, Midea, Atbamas, Ino, Cembijes, Altbea: after that the furitis and these bad paffed about the flage thrije, they. departed, and then the mufike ceafed: bereby was fignified the umaturuall murders to follocue, that is to faye, Porrex faine by bis crune mother: And of king Gorboduc, and quen Viden, killed by tbeir owne Juljects.

## Actus quartus. Scena prima.

Viden fola.

WHY fhould I live and linger foorth my time In longer life to double my diftreffe? mee moft wofull wight! whome no mifhap Long ere this day could have bereaved hence. Might not thefe hands by fortune or by fate Have peartt this breft, and life with iron reft ; Or in this pallace here where I fo long Have fpent my daies, could not that happie houre Once, once have hapt in which thefe hugie frames With death by fall might have oppreffed me; Or fhould not this moft hard and cruell foyle, So oft where I have preft my wretched fteps, Sometime had ruth of myne accurfed life, To rend in twaine and fwallow me therein,

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc. 37

So had my bones poffeffed now in peace Their happie grave within the clofed ground, And greedie worms had gnawne this pined hart Without my feeling paine: fo fhould not now This living breft remaine the ruthfull tombe Wherein my hart yeelden to death is gravde ; Nor driery thoughts with pangs of pining griefe My dolefull minde had not aflicted thus. O my beloved fonne, O my fweet child, My deare Ferrex, my joy, my lives delight. Is my beloved fonne, is my fweet child, My deare Ferrex, my joy, my lives delight Murdred with cruell death? O hatefull wretch, O hainous traitour both to heaven and earth, Thou Porrex, thou this damned deed haft wrought, Thou Porrex, thou fhalt dearely abye the fame. Traitour to kinne and kinde, to fire and me, To thine owne flefh, and traitour to thy felfe, The Gods on thee in hell fhall wreake their wrath, And heere in earth this hand fhall take revenge On thee Porrex, thou falie and caitife wight. If after bloud fo eager were thy thirlt, And murderous mind had fo poffeffed thee, If fuch hard hart of rocke and fonie flint Livde in thy breff, that nothing els could like Thy cruel tyrants thought but death and bloud, Wilde favage beafts might not the flaughter ferve, To feede thy greedy will, and in the middeft Of their entrailes to flaine thy deadly handes With blood defervde, and drinke thereof thy fill:
Or if nought els but death and blood of man
Might pleafe thy luft, could none in Britaine land (Whofe hart betorne out of his living breft
With thine own hand, or workte what death thous wouldit,)
Suffife to make a facrifice to appeafe
That deadly minde and murderous thought in thee,
But he who in the felf fame wombe was wrapt
Where thou in difmall houre receivedt life ?
Or if needes, needes this hand muft flaughter make,

## 38. The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

Mightef thou not have reacht a mortall wound, And with thy fword have pierlt this curfed wombe That thee, accurfed Porrex, brought to light? And given me a juft reward therefore.
So Ferrex, his fweet life might have enjoyde And to his aged father comfort brought, With fome yong foone in whome they both might live. But whereunto wafte I this ruthfull fpeech
To thee that haft thy brothers bloud thus shed?
Shall I fill thinke that from this wombe thou fproong?
That I thee bare? or take thee for my fonne?
No traitour, no: I thee refufe for mine:
Never, O wretch, this wombe conceived thee,
Nor never bode I painfull throwes for thee :
Chaungeling to me thou art, and not my childe,
Nor to no wight that fparke of pittie knewe,
Ruthles unkind, monfter of natures worke,
Thou never fuckt the milk of womans breit,
But from thy birth the cruell tigres teates
Have nurfed thee, nor yet of flefh and bloud
Formde is thy hart, but of hard iron wrought; And wilde and defert woods bred thee to life. But canft thou hope to fcape my juft revenge?
Or that thefe hands will not be wrekte on thee?
Dooft thou not knowe that Ferrex mother lives
That loved him more dearely than herfelfe ?
And dooth fhe live, and is not vengde on thee?

## Actus quartus. Scena fecunda.

Gorbaduc. Arofius. Enbulus. Porrex. Marcella. Gorboduc.
We mervaile much whereto this lingering ftaie
by order of our letters is returnde;
And Eubulus receivde from us beheft, At his arrivall heere to give him charge

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc. 39

Before our prefence ftreight to make repaire, And yet we heare no word whereof he ftaies. Aroftus.
Lo where he comes and Eubulus with him. Eubulus.
According to your highnes helt to me Heere have I Porrex brought even in fuch fort As from his wearied horfe he did alight, For that your grace did will fuch haft therein. Gorboduc.
We like and praife this fpeedie will in you To woorke the thing that to your charge we gave, Porrex, if we fo farre fhould fwarve from kinde, And from thefe bounds which lawes of nature fets, As thou haft doone by vile and wretched deede In cruell murder of thy brothers life, Our prefent hand could ftay no longer time, But ftreight fhould bath this blade in bloud of thee, As juft revenge of thy detefted crime. No, we fhould not offend the lawe of kinde If now this fword of ours did flay thee heere: For thou hatt murdred him, whofe henious death Even nature foorth dooth move us to revenge By bloud againe: But juftice forceth us To meafure death for death, thy due deferte : Yet fithens th'art our childe, and fince as yet, In this hard cafe what word thou cant alledge For thy defence, by us hath not beene heard, We are content to flaye our will for that Which juftice bids us prefently to woorke: And give thee leave to ufe thy fpeech at full If ought thou have to laye for thine excufe.

Porrex.
Neither O king, I can or will deny
But that this hand from Ferrex life hath reft : Which fact how much my dolefull hart dooth wai:e Oh would it mought as full appeare to fight As inward greefe would poure it forth to it: So yet perhaps if ever ruthefull hart Melting in teares within a manly breart,

## 40- The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

Through deepe repentance of his bloudy fact,
If ever greefe, if ever wofull men
Might move regreite with forrow of his faklte, I thinke the torment of my mournefull cafe
Knowne to your grace, as I do feele the fame,
Would force even wrath her felfe to pittie me.
But as the water troubled with the mudde
Shewes not the face which els the eye fhould fee:
Even fo your irefull minde with firred thought,
Cannot fo perfecily difcerne my caufe,
But this unhape, amongft fo many heapes
I muft content me with, mof wretched man,
That to my felfe I muft referre my woe
In pining thoughtes of mine accurfed fact :
Sithence I may not fhewe my finalleft greefe,
Such as it is, and as my breaft eidures,
Which I efteeme the greateft miferie
Of all mifhappes that fortune now can fend.
Not that I rett in hope with plainte and teares
To purchafe life: for to the Gods I clepe
For true recorde of this my faithfull fpeech,
Never this hart flall have the thoughtfull dread
To dye the death that by your graces doome
By juft defarte, fhal be pronounced to me:
Nor never fhall this tung once fpend his fpeech,
Pardon to crave, or feeke by fute to live:
I meane not this as though I were not toucht
With care of dreadfull death, or that I helde
Life in contempt : but that I know, the minde Stoupes to no dread, although the flefh be fraile : And for my guilte, I yeelde the fame fo great As in myfelf $I$ find a fear to fue
For graunt of life.
Gorboduc.
In vaine, O wretch thou fleweft
A wofull hart; Ferrex now lyes in grave, Slaine by thy hand.

> Porrex.

Yet this, O father, heare :
And then I end: Your majeftie well knowes,

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

That when my brother Ferrex and my felfe By your own heff were joynde in governaunce Of this your graces realme of Brittaine land, I never fought, nor travailde for the fame: Nor by my felf, or by no freend I wrought, But from your highnes will alone it fprung, Of your moft gracious góodnes bent to me; But how my brothers hart even then repinde, With fwolne difdaine againft mine egall rule, Seeing that realme, which by difcent fhould growe Wholy to him, allotted halfe to me ?
Even in your higneffe courte he now remaines, And with my brother then in neereft place Who can recorde, what proofe therof was fhewde And how my brothers envious hart appeerde :
Yet I that judged it my parte to feeke
His favour and good will, and loth to make Your highnefle know the thing which fhould have brought
Greefe to your grace, and your offence to him,
Hoping my earmelt fute fhould foone have wonne
A loving hart within a brothers breft,
Wrought in that forte, that for a pledge of love
And faithfull hart, he gave to me his fiand.
This made me think, that he had banifht quite
All rancour from his thought, and bare to me
Such harty love, as I did owe to him:
But after once we left your graces court
And from your highnefle prefence livde aparte,
This egall rule ftill, ftill did grudge him fo,
That now thofe envious fparkes which erit lay rakt
In living cinders of diffembling breft,
Kindled fo farre within his harte diduaine,
That longer could he not refraine from proofe
Of fecret practife to deprive my life
By poyfons force, and had bereft me fo,
If mine owne fervant hired to this fact,
And movde by ruthe withheld to woorke the fame,
In time had not bewraide it unto me.
When thus I fawe the knot of love unknit,

## 42 The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

All honeft league and faithfull promife broke, The lawe of kinde and troth thus rent in twaine,
His hart on mifcheefe fet, and in his breft Black treafon hid; then, then did I difpaire That ever time could winne him freend to me,
Then faw I how he fmilde with flaying knife Wrapte under cloake, then faw I deepe deceite Lurke in his face and death preparde for me. Even nature moved me then to holde my life More deere to me then his, and bad this hand, (Since by his life my death muit needes enfue, And by his denth my life mote be prefervd,)
To fhed his bloud, and feeke my fafetie fo,
And wildome willed me without protract
In fpeedy wife to put the fame in ure.
Thus have I tolde the caure that moved me
To work my brothers death, and fo I yeelde
My life, my death to judgement of your grace.

> Gorboduc.

Oh cruel wight, fhould any caufe prevaile
To make thee faine thy handes with brothers blood?
But what of thee we will refolve to doo, Shall yet remaine unknowne. Thou in the meane,
Shalt from our royall prefence banifhte be,
Untill our princely pleafure furder fhall
To thee be fhewed, departe therfore our fight Accurfed childe. What cruel deftiny,
What froward fate hath forted us this chaunce?
That even in thofe, where we fhould comfort finde,
Where our delight now in our aged daies
Should reft and be, even there our only greefe And deepett forrowes to abridge our life, Moit pining cares and deadly thoughts doo grave. Arofus.
Your grace fhould now in thefe grave yeeres of yours Have found ere this the price of mortall joyes, How full of change, how brittle our eftate, How fhorte they be, how fading heere in earth, Of nothing fure, fave only of the death,
To whome both man and all the worlde dooth owe

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc. 43

Their end at lat; neither fhould natures power
In other forte againft your hart prevaile, Then as the naked hand whole ftroke affaies The armed breath where force dooth light in vane. Gorboduc.
Many can yeeld right grave and fage advice Of patient fprite to others wrapte in woe, And can in, fpeech both rule and conquer kinde, Who if by proofe, they might feele natures force, Would hew themfelves men as they are indeede, Which now will needes be gods : but what dooth mean The forty cheere of her that heere dooth come ?

> Marcella.

Oh where is ruth ? or where is pittie now?
Whether is gentle hart and mercy fled?
Are they exilde out of our ftony breftes,
Never to make returns? is all the world
Drowned in blood, and funcke in crueltie?
If not in women mercy may be found, If not (alas) within the mothers brett To her owne childe, to her own flesh and bloud; If rathe be banish thence, if pittie there May have no place, if there no gentle hart Do live and dwell, where fhould we feeke it then? Gorboduc.
Madam (alas) what meanes your wofull tale?
Marcella.
O filly woman I, why to this howre,
Have kinde and fortune thus defers my breath ?
That I should live to fee this dolefull dave :
Will ever wight beleeve that fuch hard hart Could reft within the cruell mothers break, With her owne hand to flays her only forme ? But out (alas) there eyes behelde the fame, They faw the driers fight, and are become, Moot ruthefull recordes of the bloody fact. Porrex, alas, is by his mother flaine, And with her hand a wofull thing to tell, While flumbring on his carefull bed he reftes, His hart fable in with knife is reft of life.

## Gorboduc.

O Eubulus, oh draw this fword of ours, And pierce this hart with fpeede, O hatefull light, O loathrome life, O fweete and welcome death, Deere Eubulus woorke this we thee befeeche.

> Eubulus.

Patient your grace, perhaps he liveth yet, With wound receivde but not of certaine death. Gorloduc.
O let us then repaire unto the place,
And fee if that Porrex live, or thus be naine.
Marcella.

Alas he liveth not, it is too true,
That with thefe eyes, of him a peereles prince, Sonne to a king, and in the flawer of youth, Even with a twinke a fenceles flock I faw.
Arofius.

O damned deede!

## Marcella.

But hear his ruthefull end.
The noble prince, piert with the fodaine wounds,
Out of his wretched flumber hantilie ftart,
Whofe ftrength now failing ftreight he overthrew,
When in the fall his eyes ev'n now unclofde
Beheld the queene, and cryde to her for helpe;
We then, alas, the ladies which that time
Did there attend, feeing that heinous deede,
And hearing him oft call the wretched name Of mother, and to crie to her for aide,
Whofe direfull hand gave him the mortall wound,
Pitieng alas (for nought els could we doo)
His rufull ende, ranne to the wofull bed
Difpoyled freight his breft, and all we might Wiped in vaine with napkins next at hande, The fodaine ftreams of bloud that flufhed faft
Out of the gaping wound: O what a looke,
O what a ruthfull ftedfaft eye me thought
He fixt upon my face, which to my death
Will never parte from me, wherewith a braide
A deepe fet figh he gave, and therewithall
Clarping

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc. $\quad 45$

lafping his hands, to heaven he caft his fight And ftreight pale death prefling within his face The flying ghoft his mortall corps forfooke.
Arofius.

Never did age bring forth fo vile a facte.
Marcella.

O hard and cruel hap, that thus affignde Unto fo worthie wight fo wretched ende : Put mof hard cruell hart that could confent To lend the hatefull deftenies that hande, By which, alas, fo heynous crime was wrought, O queen of adamant, O marble breft, If not the favour of his comely face, If not his princely cheare and countenance, His valiaunt active armes, his manly breft, If not his faire and feemely perfonage, His noble limmes in fuch proportion caft, As would have rapt a filly womans thought; If this might not have moovd the bloodie hart, And that moft cruel hand the wretched weapon Even to let fall, and kift him in the face, With teares for ruth to reave fuch one by death; Should nature yet confent to flay her fonne ? O mother, thou to murder thas thy childe ! Even Jove with juftice muft with lightning flames From heaven fend downe fome ftraunge revenge on thee, Ah noble prince, how oft have I beheld Thee mounted on thy fierce and trampling fteede, Shining in armour bright before the tilte, And with thy miftreffe fleeve tide on thy helme, There charge thy flaffe, to pleafe thy ladies eye ${ }_{3}$ That bowde the head peece of thy frendly foe? How oft in armes on horfe to bend the mace, How oft in armes on foot to breake the fworde, Which never now thefe eyes may fee againe.
Aroficis.

Madame, alas; in vaine thefe plaints are fhed ${ }_{3}$ Rather with me depart, and helpe to affwage The thoughtfull griefes that in the aged king

## 46 The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

Muft needes by nature growe by death of this His onely fonne, whome he did hold fo deare. Marcella.
What wight is that which fawe that I did fee, And could refraine to waile with plaint and teares? Not I, alas, that hart is not in me; But let us go, for I am greevd anewe, To call to minde the wretched fathers woe. Cborus.
When greedie luft in royall feate to reigne Hath reft all care of gods and eke of men; And cruell hart, wrath, treafon and difdaine Within th'ambitious breft are lodged, then Behold how mifchiefe wide her felfe difplayes, And with the brothers hand the brother flayes.

When bloud thus fhed dooth ftaine this heavens face,
Crying to Jove for vengeance of the deede, The mightie God even moveth from his place With wrath to wreke, then fendes he foorth with fpeede
The dreadfull furies, daughters of the night,
With ferpents girt, carrying the whip of ire,
With haire of ftinging fnakes, and fhining bright
With flames and bloud, and with a brand of fire :
Thefe for revenge of wretched murder done,
Dooth caufe the mother kill her onely fonne.
Bloud afketh bloud, and death muft death requit :
Jove by his juft and everlafting-doome
Juftly hath ever fo requited it.
This times before recorde, and times to come Shall find it true, and fo dooth prefent proofe Prefent before our eies for our behoofe.

O happie wight that fuffers not the fnare
Of murderous mind to tangle him in blood : And happie he that can in time beware Py others harmes, and turne it to his good. But woe to him that fearing not to offend, Dooth ferve his luft, and will not fee the end.

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc. 47

The order and fignification of the dumbe fhewe before the fift Acte.

Firft the drummes and fuites began to founde, during which there came foorth upon the fage a companie of barquebußers and of armed men all in order of battaile. Thefe after their peeces difcharged, and that the armed men had tbree times marched about the flage, departed, and then the drummes and fuites did ceafe. Heereby wasjggnified tumultes, rebellions, armes, and civil warres to follorve, as fell in the realme of Great Britayne, which by the jpace of fiftie yeares and more continued in civill warre betweene the nobilitie after the death of king Gorboduc, and of his ifues, for want of certaine limitation in the fucceflion of the crowne, till the time of Dunwallo Molmutius, rwbo reduced the land to monarcbie.

## Actus quintus. Scena prima.

 Clotyn. Mandud. Gwenard. Fergus. Eubulus. Clotyn.DID ever age bring foorth fuch tyrant harts, The brother hath bereft the brothers life, The mother the hath dyde her cruell hands In bloud of her owne fonne, and now at laft The people loe forgetting truth and love, Contemning quite both lawe and loyall hart;
Even they have flaine their fovereigne lord and queene.
Mandud.

Shall this their traiterous crime unpunifht reft?
Even yet they ceafe not carried out with rage,
In their rebellious routes, to threaten ftill A new bloud fhedde unto the princes kinne To flaye them all, and to uproote the race

## $4^{8}$ The Tragedy of Gor boduc.

Both of the king and queene, fo are they moovde With Porrex death, wherein they falfely charge The guiltelefie king without defart at all. And traiteroully have murdred him therfore, And eke the queene.

Gwenard. Shall fubjects dare with force
To work revenge upon their princes fact ? Admit the woorft that may, as fure in this The deede was foule, the queene to ilaye her fonnc: Shall yet the fubject feek to take the fiwoord? Arife againf his lord, and flaye his king? O wretched ftate where thofe rebellious hartes Are not rent out even from their living brealtes, And with the body throwne unto the fowles, As carrion foode, for terrour of the reft.
Fergus.

There can no punifhment be thought too great For this fo greevous crime, let \{peede therfore Be ufde therein, for it behoveth io.

> Eubulus.

Ye all my lordes I fee confent in one,
And I as one confent with ye in all:
I holde it more then neede, with fharpeft lawe To punifhe their tumultuous bloody rage.
For nothing more may fhake the common fate,
Then fufferance of uproares without redreffe:
Wherby how fone kingdomes of mighty power,
After great conquefts made, and flourifhing In fame and wealth have beene to ruine brought, I pray to Jove that we may rather waile Such hap in them, then witnes in ourfelves. Eke fully with the duke my minde agrees
That no caufe ferves, wherby the fubject may .
Call to account the dooinges of his prince;
Much leffe in blood by fwoord to woorke revenge;
No more then may the hand cut of the head.
In acte nor fpeech, no not in fecret thought
The fubject may rebell againft his lord,
Or judge of him that fito in. Cafars feate,

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

With grudging minde to damne thofe he minlikes. Though kinges forget to governe as they ought, Yet fubjects mult obey as they are bound. But now my lordes before ye farder wade Or fpend your fpeech, what fharpe revenge fhall fall By juftice plague on thefe rebellious wights, Me thinkes ye rather fhould firt fearche the way By which in time the rage of this uproare Mought be-repreft, and thefe great tunults ceaft. Even yet the life of Brittaine land dooth hang; In traitours ballaunce of unequall weight. Think not my lords the death of Gorboduc, Nor yet Videnaes blood will ceafe their rage: Even our own lives, our wives and childeren, Our cuntrey dearft of all, in danger ftandes, Now to be fpoyld, now, now made defolate, And by ourielves a conqueft too enfue: For give once fiveye unto the peoples luftes, To rufh foorth on, and faye them not in time, And as the ftreame that powleth downe the hill, So will they headlong run with raging thoughtes From bloud to bloud, from mifcheefe unto mog, To ruine of the realme, themfelves and all, So giddie are the common peoples mindes, So glad of change, more wavering then the fea. Ye fee (my lordes) what ftrength thefe rebels have What hugie number is affembled fall, For though the traiterous fact for which they rofe, Be wrought and doone, yet lodge they ftill in feelde; So that how farre their furies yet will ftretch Great caufe we have to dread; that we may feeke By prefent battaile to repreffe their power, Speede muft we ufe to levie force therfore, For either they forthwith will mifcheefe woorke, Or their rebellious roares forthwith muft ceafe : Thefe violent thinges may have no lafting fonde. Let us therefore ufe this for prefent helpe; Perfwade by gentle fpeech, and offer grace With gifte of pardon fave unto the cheefe: And that upon condicion that forthwith?
Vol. II.

## 50 The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

They yeelde the captaines of their enterprife,
To beare fuch guerdon of their traiterous fact
As may be both due vengeance to themfelves, And holefome terrour to pofteritie.
'This fhall I think: flatter the greateft parte,
'That now are holden with defire of home, Wearied in feelde with colde of winters nightes, And fome (no doubt) Striken with dread of lawe. When this is once proclaimed, it fhall make The captaines to miftrult the multitude, Whofe fafetie bids them to betraye their heads, And fo much more becaufe the rafcall routes, In thinges of great and perilous attempte, Are never truftie to the noble race. And while we treat and fcande on tearmes of grace, We fhall both ftay their furies rage the while, And eke gaine time, whofe only helpe fuffifeth Withouten warre to vanquifhe rebells power: In the meane while, make you in readines Such band of horfemen as ye may prepare: Horfemen you know, are not the commons ftrength, But are the force and.ftore of noble men, Wherby the unchofen and unarmed forte Cf filllefs rebelles, whome none other power, But number makes to be of dreadfull force, With foddeine brunt may quickly be oppreft, And if this gentle meane of proffred grace, With ftubborne hartes cannot fo farre availe As to affwage their defperate courages:
Then doo 1 wifh fuch flaughter to be made, As prefent age and eke pofteritie Miay be adrad with horrour of revenge
That juftly then fhall on thefe rebelles fall:
This is my lordes the fumme of mine advife. Clotin.
Neither this cafe admittes debate at large, And though it did: this fpeeche that hath been fayde, Hath well abridgde the tale I would have told. Fully with Eubulus doo I confent
In all that he hath faide : and if the fame

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

To you my lordes, may feeme for beft advife, I wifh that it fhould ftraight be put in ure.

> Mandud.

My lords then let us prefently departe And follow this that liketh us fo well. Fergus.
If ever time to gaine a kingdome heere Were offred man, now it is offred me: The realme is reft both of their king and queene, The offpring of the prince is flaine and dead, No iffue now remaines, the heire unknowne, The people are in armes and mutinies, The nobles they are bufied how to ceafe Thefe great rebellious tumultes and uproares. And Brittaine land now deferte left alone Amid thefe broyles uncertaine where to ref, Offers herfelfe unto that noble hart That will or dare purfue to beare her crowne : Shall I that am the duke of Albanye Difcended from that line of noble bloud, Which hath fo long flourifht in woorthy fame Of valiant hartes, fuch as in noble breatis Of right fhould reft above the bafer forte, Refufe to adventure life to winne a crowne ? Whom fhall I finde enemies that will withfand My fact heerin, if I attempt by armes To feeke the fame now in thefe times of broyle ?
Thefe dukes power can hardly well appeafe The people that already are in armes. But if perhaps my force be once in field, Is not my ftrength in power above the beft Of all thefe lords now left in Britaine land. And though they fhould match me with power of men, Yet doubtfull is the chaunce of battailes joynde. If victors of the field we may depart, Ours s the fcepter then of great Britaine, If flaine amid the plaine this bodie be, Mine enemies yet fhall not denie me this, But that I died giving the noble charge To hazard life for conqueft of a crowne.

## $5^{2}$ The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

Forthwith therefore will I in pof depart
To Albanye, and raife in armour there
All power I can : and here my fecrete frends
Ey fecrete practife fhall follicite fill
To feeke to winne to me the peoples harts.

## Actus quintus. Scena fecunda.

Eululus, Clotyn, Mondud. Griena\%d. Avoffus. Nuntius.

> Eulwius.

oJove, how are thefe peoples harts abufde? What blind furie thus headlong carries then?
'That though fo many bookes, fo many rolles
Of auntient time record what greevous plagues
Light on thefe rebels aye, and though fo oft
Their eares have heard their agcd fathers tell
What juft reward thefe traitours fill receive;
Yea though themfelves have feere deepe death and bloud
By ftrangling cord and flaughter of the fword
10 fuch affignde, yet can they not beware,
Yet can they not flay their rebellious hands,
But fuffring too fowle treafon to diftaine
Their wretched minds, forget their loyall hart,
Reject all truth, and rife againft their prince. A ruthefull cafe, that thole whom nature bound,
Whom grafted lawe, by duty, truth, and faith
Bound to preferve their country and their king,
Borne to defend their common welth and prince,
Even they fhould give confent thus to fubvert
Thee Britaine land, and from thy wombe fhould bring
(O native foile) thofe, that will needes deftroy
And ruine thee and eke themfelves in fine:
For loe, when once the duke had offred grace
Of pardon fweet (the maltitude mifled
By traiterous fraud of their ungratious heads)
One fort that fawe the daungerous ficceffe

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

Of ftubborne finding in rebellious ware, And knew the difference of princes power, From headles number of tumultuous routes, Whom common countries care and private fare Taught to repent the terrour of their rage, Laid hands upon the captained of their band, And brought them bound unto the mightie dukes. Another fort not tufting yet fo well The truth of pardon, or mittrufting more Their own offence then that they fhould conceive Sure hope of pardon for fo fowle miffed; Or for that they their captaines could not yeld, Who fearing to be yeelded fled before, Stole home by filence of the fecrete night. The third unhappie and enraged fort Of desperate harts, who flaind in princes blood, From traiterous furour could not be withdrawn By love, by lawe, by grace ne yet by feare, By proffred life, ne yet by threatned death, With minds hopeles of life, dreadles of death, Careles of country, and aweles of God, Stood bent to fight as furies did them move With valiant death to close their traiterous life: There all by power of horfemen were oppref, And with revenging ford flaine in the field, Or with the ftrangling cord hang on the trees, Where yet the carrien carcafes doo preche The fruits that rebels rape of their uproars, And of the murder of their faced prince. But loe, where doo approch the noble dukes, By whom there tumults have beene thus appeafde. Clotyn.
I think the world will now at length beware, And feare to put on armes againft their prince.

> Mandud.

If not : thole traiterous hearts that door reel, Let them behold the wide and hugie fields With blood and bodies fred of rebels flaine; The luftie trees clothed with corpfes dead That ftrangled with the cord doo hang therein.

## 54 The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

 Aroftus.A juit reward fuch as all times before Have ever lotted to thofe wretched folkes. Gwenard.
But what meanes he that commeth here fo faft?

## Nuntias.

My lords, as dutie and my troth doth moove,
And of my country worken care in me, That if the fpending of my breath availe To doo the fervice that my hart defires, I would not fhun to imbrace a prefent death, So have I now in that wherein I thought My travaile might perfourme fome good effect Ventred my life to bring thefe tidings heere. Fergus the mightie duke of Albany Is nowe in armes, and lodgeth in the field With twentie thoufand men, hither he bends His fpeedie march, and minds to invade the crowne, Daily he gathereth ftrength, and fpreads abroad That to this realme no certaine heire remaines,
That Britaine land is left without a guide,
That he the fcepter feekes, for nothing els But to preferve the people and the land Which now remaine as hippe without a ferne: Loe this is that which I have here to fain.

> Clotyn.

Is this his faith? and fhall he fally thus
Abufe the vauntage of unhappie times?
O wretched land, if his outragious pride,
His cruell and untempred wilfulnes,
His deepe diffembling fhewes of falfe pretence Should once attaine the crowne of Britaine land. Let us my lords, with timely force refift The new attempt of this our common foe, As we would quench the flames of common fire.
Mandud.

Though we remaine without a certaine prince To weeld the realme, or guide the wandring rule, Yet now the common mother of us all, ?ur native lande, our country that containes

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc. 55

Our wives, children, kindred, ourfelves and all That ever is or may be deare to man, Cries unto us to helpe ourielves and her: Let us advaunce our powers to reprefie This growing foe of all our liberties.

> Gwenard.

Yea let us fo my lords with haftie fpeede : And ye (o gods) fende us the welcome death, To fhed our bloud in field, and leave us not In lothrome life to linger out our lives, To fee the hugie heapes of thefe mifhaps, That now roll downe upon the wretched landeWhere emptie place of princely governaunce, No certaine ftay now left of doubtles heire, Thus leave this guideles realme an open pray To endlefle ftormes and wafte of civill warre. Arofus.
That ye, my lords, doo fo agree in one To fave your country from the violent raigne And wrongfuliy ufurped tyrannie
Of him that threatens conqueft of you all, To fave your realme, and in this realme yourfelves From forraine thraldome of fo proud a prince, Much doo I praife, and I befeech the gods With happy- howers to requite it you.
But, o my lords, fith now the heavens wrath Hath reft this lande the iffue of their prince: Sith of the bodie of our late foveraigne lord Remaines no mo, fince the yoong kings be flaine, And of the title o'th'defcended crowne, Uncertainly the divers mindes doo thinke Even of the learned forte, and more uncertainlie Will partiall fancie and affection deeme :
But moft uncertainly will climbing pride And hope of reigne withdraw from fundrie parts The doubtfull right and hopefull luft to reigne, When once this noble fervice is atchievd, For Brittaine Land the mother of ye all, When once ye have with armed force repref,
The proud attempts of this Albanian prince,

## 56 Tbe Tragedy of Gorboduc.

That threatens thraldome to your native land, When ye frall vanquifhers returne from feelde And finde the princely fate àn open pray, To greedy luft and to ufurping power, Then, then (my lordes) if ever kindely care Of ancient honour of your aunceftours, Of prefent wealth and nobleffe of your flockes, Yea of the lives and fafetie yet to come Of your deere wives, your children and your fetves Might move your noble hartes with gentle ruthe, Then, then have pittic on the torne eftate, Then helpe to falve the well neere hopeles fore : Which ye fiall doo, if you your felves withholde The fieaing knife from your owne mothers throate, Hee fiall you fave, and you and yours in her, If ye thall all with one affient forbeare
Once to lay kand, or take unto your felves, The crowne by colour of pretended right: Or by what other meanes io ever it be, Till frtt by common counctl of you all In parlianent, the regall diadem Be fet in certaine place of governaunce, In which your parliament and in your choife, Prefer the eight (my lordes) without refpert Of frength of freendes, or whatioever caure That may fet forward any others parte, For right will laft, and wrong can not endure. Right meane I his or hers, upon whofe name The people reft by meane of native line, Or by the vertue of fome former lawe, Aireadie made their title to advaunce:
Such one (my lords) let be your chofen king, Such one fo borne within your native land, Such one preferre, and in no wife admit; The heavie yoake of forreine governaunce: Let forreine titles yeelde to publike wealth, And with that hart wherwith ye now prepare Thus to withftaind the proude invading foe, With that fame hart (my lordes) keepe out alfo Unnaturall thraldome of ftrangers reigne,

Ne fuffer you againft the rules of kinde, Your mother land to ferve a forreine prince. Eubulus.
Loe heere the end of Brutus royall line, And loe the entrie to the wofull wrack And utter ruine of this noble realme.
The royall king, and eke his fonnes are flaine,
No ruler reftes within the regall feate:
The heire to whom the fcepter longes unknowne:
That to the force of forreine princes power,
Whome vauntage of your wretched fate may tempt,
By fodaine armes to gaine fo rich a realme, And to the proude and greedy minde at home Whome blinded luft to reigne leades to afpire, Loe Brittaine realme is left an open praye, A prefent foyle by conqueft to enfue.
Who feeth not now how many rifing mindes
Doo feed their thoughts, with hope to reach a realme ;
And who will not by force attempt to winue
So great a gaine that hope perfwades to have :
A fimple colour fhall for title ferve,
Who winnes the royall crown will want no rights.
Nor fuch as fhall difplaye by long difcent
A lyniall race to prove him felfe a king.
In the meane while thefe cyvill armes thall rage, And thus a thoufand mifcheefes fhall unfolde
And far and neere fpread thee O Brittaine land.
All right and law fhall ceafe, and he that had,
Nothing to daye, to morrow fhall enjoy
Great heapes of good, and he that flowd in wealths
Loe he fhall be bereft of life and all:
And happieft he that then pofiefieth leaf.
The wives fhall fuffer rape, maidens deflourde,
And children fatherles fhall weepe and waile:
With fier and fwoord thy native folke fhall perifhe,
One kinfman fhall bereave an others life,
The father fhall unwitting flay the fonne,
The fonne fhall flay the fire and know it not :
Women and maides the cruell fouldiers fwoord.
Shall pearce to death, and fillie children loe

## 58 The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

That playing in the ftreetes and feeldes are found, By violent hand frall clofe their latter day. Whome fhall the fierce and bloudie fouldier Referve to life, whome fhall he fpare from death ? Even thou ( $O$ wretched mother) halfe alive Thou fhalt beholde thy deere and only childe Slaine with the fwoord while he yet fuckes thy breft. Loe, giltles bloud frall thus eche where be fhed: Thus fhall the wafted foyle yeelde foorth no fruite But dearth and famine fhall poffeffe the land. The townes fhall be confumde, and burnt with fier; The peopled citties fhall waxe defolate, And thou ( $O$ Brittainc land) whilome in renowne, Whilome in wealth and fame fhalt thus be torne. Difinembred thus, and thus be rent in twaine, Thus walted and defacte, fpoylde and deftroide. Thefe be the fruites your cyvill warres will bring. Hecrto it comes when kinges will not confent, 'To grave advice, but follow wiffull will : This is the end, when in yong princes hartes Flattery prevailes, and fage rede hath no place : Thefe are the plagues when murder is the meane To make new heires unto the royall crowne. Thus wreak the Gods when that the mothers wrath Nought but the bloud of her own childe may fwage: Theie mifcheefes fpring, when rebells will arife, To worke revenge and judge their princes fact, 'This, this enfues when noble men doo faile In loyall troth, and fubjectes will be kinges. And this dooth grow, when loe unto the prince, Whome death or fodeyne hap of life bereaves, No certaine heire remaines, fuch certeintie As not all only is the rightfull heire, But to the realme is fo made knowne to be, And troth therby vefted in fubjects hartes, To owe faith there, where right is knowne to reft. Alas, in parliament what hope can be, When is of parliament no hope at all, Which though it be affembled by confent. $\mathrm{Xet}_{\mathrm{t}}$ is it not likely with confent to end:

## The Tragedy of Gorboduc.

While eche one for him felfe or for his freend Againft his foe, fhall travaile what he may, While now the ftate left open to the man, That fhall with greateft force invade the fame, Shall fill ambitious mindes with gaping hope: When will they once with yeelding hartes agree?
Or in the while how fhall the realme be ufde?
No, no: then parliament fhould have beene helde, And certaine heires appointed to the crowne To ftaye their title on eftablifht right, And plant the people in obedience, While yet the prince did live, whofe name and power By lawfull fummons and authoritie, Might make a parliament to be of force, And might have fet the realme in quiet faye: But now, O happie man, that fpeedy death Deprives of life, ne is enforct to fee Thefe hugie mifcheefes and thefe miferies, Thefe cyvill warres, thefe murders and thefe wronges, Of juftice yet muft Jove in fine reftore, This noble crowne unto the lawfull heire : For right will alwaies live, and rife at length, But wrong can never take deepe roote to laft.

The cnde of the Tragedy of king Gorbodus,


11

$\square$

- 1
(2)

1


## [61]



# $C A M P A S P E$ 

COMEDY

By $\mathcal{F} O H N$ LILLY.


## Fin

JOHN LIL LY, the Autbor of this Comedy, fouri/b'd in the Reign of Queen Elizabeth. He was a Kentifh Man, and took bis Mafter of Arts Degree at Magdalen College, Oxford, in I 575. This Play was firf printed in 1591. He wurote in all nine Plays, fix of wibich were printed in a fmall Volume in 1632 . by one Mr. Blount, who, in his Title-page, files our Autbor the witty, comical, facetioufly quick and unparallel'd John Lilly. The faid Mr. Blount, in bis Preface to thofe Plays, ppeaking of a Book intituled, Euphues and bis England, written by this Autbor, j (ys, "Our Nation are in his Debt for a " new Englijo, which he taught them. Euppues and " his England began firf that Language. All our La= "dies were then his Scholars; and that Beauty, in "Court, which could not parlé Euphouifm, was as little "regarded as fhe which now there fpeaks not French." His other Plays are Endymion, Galathea, Love's Metamorphofis, Maid's Metamorphofis, Mother Bombie, Midas, Sapho and Phao, the Woman in the Moon, all Comedies. The Story of Alexander's beftowing Campáfpe on A pelles is related in Pliny's Natural Hifory.

## [63]

## 

## THE

## PROLOGUE at the Black Friers.

$T$Hey that fear the finging of walps, make fans of peacocks tails, wobofe fpots are like eyes: And Lepidus, who could not leep for the chattering of birds, fet up a beaft, whoofe bead was like a dragon: and rve rubich fand in arve of report, are compelled to Set before our owl, Pallas's field, thinking by ber virtue to cover the other's deformity. It was a fign of famine to 压gypt, when Nylus forwed lefs than twelve cubits, or more than eigbteen: and it may threaten defpair unto us, if rwe be lefs curious than yoü look for, or more cumberfome. But as Thefeus being promifed to be brought to an eagle's neft, and travelling all the day, found but a wren in a bedge, yet faid this is a bird: So we bope, if the Berw of our frwelling mountain feeming to bring forth fome elephant, perform but a moule, you will gently fay, this is a beaff. Bafil foftly touched, yieldeth a fweet foent; but chafed in the band, a rank favour. We fear even fo that our labours Jily glanced on, will breed fome content; but examined to the proof, fmall commendation. The baffe in performing Ball be our excufe. There went two nights to the begetting of Hercules. Feathers appear not on the phoenix under feven months, and the mulberry is twilve in budding: but our travails are like the bare's, wins ct one time bringeth forth, nourifsetb, and engendreth, again; or like the brood of a Trochilus, whofe eggs in the fame moment that they are laid, become birds. But bowfoever we finith our work, we crave pardon, if we offend in mat-

## [64]

ter ; and patience if we tranfgrefs in manners. We bave mixed mirth with counfel, and difcipline with delight; thinking it not amifs in the fame garden to fow pot-berbs, that we fet fiowers. But we bope, as barts that caft their borns, fnakes their fkins, eagles their bills, become more frefb for any other labour: fo our charge being jbaken off, we ßhall be fit for greater matters. But left like the Myndians, we make our gates greater than our torin, and that our play runs out at the preface, we bere conclude: wifbing, that although there be in your precife judgments an univerfal miflike, yet eve nay enjoy by jour ruented' couriefies a general filcuce.


THE

## 0039030600000900509500

## THE

## PROLOGUE at the Court.

TITE are aftcamed that our bird, which futtereth by twilight, feeming a fiwallore, Boould be proved a bat, Set againft the fun. But as Tupiter placed Silenus's afs among the Alars, and Alcibiades corvered bis pictures, being orwls and apes, with a curtain embroidered rwith lions and eagles, fo are wee enforced, upon a rouş difcourfe, to draw on a fmooth excufe, refembling lapidaries, wobo think to bide the crack in a fone, by fetting it deep ins gold. The gods fupp'd once wivith poor Baucis; the Perffan kings fometimes fhaved ficks; our bope is, your bighnefs rwill at this time lend an ear to an idle pafime. Appion raifing Homer from bell, demanded only who was bis fatber; and we calling Alexander from bis grave, feek only who was bis love. What foever we prefent, rve rwis it may be thought the dancing of Agrippa's Jadurws, rubs in the moment thcy owere feen, were of any fbape one would conceive; or Lynces, who baving a quick fight to difcern, bave a fort memory to forget. With us it is like to fare as visith torches, whbich giving light to otbers, confume themfelves; and we forwing delight to others, fbame our felves.

## [ 66 ]

## Dramatis Perfonæ.

```
A Heqphction,
Clytus,
Parmenio,
Plato,
Arifotle,
Diggenes,
Melippus,
Crifippus,
Crates,
Cileanthes,
Anaxarchus,
Apelles,
L}\begin{array}{l}{\mathrm{ Granichus,}}\\{\mathrm{ Manes,}}\\{\mathrm{ Pjyllus,}}\end{array}}\mathrm{ Servants to {}\begin{array}{l}{\mathrm{ Plato,}}\\{\mathrm{ Diggenes,}}\\{\mathrm{ Apelles.}}
Campa/pe,
Timoclea,
Lais.
SCENE,ATHENS.
```


## [ 67 ]



# $C A M P A S P E$. 

$$
C O M^{A} E D Y
$$

Clitus, Parmenio, Timoclea, Campafpe, Alexander, Hephaftion.

Clyt. land Armenio, I cannot tell whether I
 fhould more commend in Alexander's victories, courage, or courtefy; in the one being a refolution without fear, in the other a liberality above cuftom. Thebes is rafed, the people not racked, towers thrown down, bodies
bodies not thruft afide; a conqueft without confiit, and a cruel war in a mild peace.

Par. Clytus, it becometh the fon of Philip to be none other than Alexander is; therefore feeing in the father a full perfection, who could have doubted in the fon an excellency? For as the moon can borrow nothing elfe of the fun but light; fo of a fire, in whom nothing but virtue was, what could the child receive but fingular: it is for tarquois to ftain each other, not for diamonds; in the one to be made a difference in goodnefs, in the other no comparifon.

Clytus. You miltalre me, Pamenio, if whilit I commend Alexander, you imagine I call Philip into, queftion; unlefs haply you conjecture (which none of judgment will conceive) that becaufe I like the fruit, therefore I heave at the tree; or coveting to kifs the child, I therefore go about to poifon the teat.

Par. Ay, but Clytus, I perceive you are bom in the eaft, and never laugh but at the fun-rifing; which argueth tho' a duty where you ought, yet no great devotion where you might.

Cly. We will make no controverfy of that which there ought to be no queftion; only this fhall be the opinion of us both, that mone was worthy to be the father of Alexander but Philip, nor any meet to be the fon of Philip but Alexander.

Par. Soft, Clytus, behold the fpoils and prifoners! a pleafant fight to us, becaufe profit is join'd with honour; not much painful to them, becaufe their captivity is eafed by mercy.

Timo. Fortune, thou didft never yet deceive virtue, becaufe virtue never yet did truft fortune. Sword and fire will never get fpoil, where wifdom and fortitude bears fiway. O Thebes, thy walls were raifed by the fweetnefs of the harp, but rafed by the fhrillnefs of the trumpet. Alexander had never come fo near the walls, had Epaminondas walk'd about the walls; and yet might the Thebans have been merry in their ftreets, if he had heen to watch their towers. But deftiny is feldom forefeen, never prevents. Wic are here now captives; whofe
whofe necks are yoaked by force, but whofe hearts can not yield by death. Come, Campafpe, ane the reft, let us not be afhamed to calt our eyes on him, on whom we fear'd not to caft our darts.

Par. Madam, you need not doubt, it is Alexander that is the conqueror.

Timo. Alexander hath overcome, not conquer'd.
Par. To bring all under his fubjection, is to conquer.
Tim. He cannot fubdue that which is divine.
Par. Thebes was not.
Timo. Virtue is.
Cly. Alexander, as he tendreth virtue, To he will your 3 he drinketh not blood, but thirfteth after honour; he is greedy of victory, but never fatisfied with mercy. In fight terrible, as becometh a captain; in conqueft mild, as befeemeth a king. In all things, than which nothing can be greater, he is Alexander.

Cam. Then if it be fuch a thing to be Alexander, I hope it fhall be no miferable thing to be a virgin. For if he fave our honours, it is more than to reftore our goods. And rather do I wifh he'd preferve our fame than our lives, which if he do, we will confefs there can be no greater thing than to be Alexander.

Alex. Clytas, are thefe prifoners? of whence there Ppoils ?

Cly. Like your majefty, they are prifoners, and of Tliebes.

Alex. Of what calling or reputation?
Cly. I know not, but they feem to be lacies of honour.

Alex. I will Enow-Madam, of whence you are I know, but who, I cannot tell.

Timo. Alexander, I am the fifter of Theagines, who fought a battel with thy father, before the city of Chietonte, where he died, I fay which none can gainfay, va= liantly.

Alex. Lady, there feems in your words fparks of your brother's deeds, but worfer fortune in your life than his death : but fear not, for you fhall live without

## CAMPASPE.

violence, enemies, or neceffity-But what are you, fair lady, another fifter to Theagines?

Can. No fifter to Theagines, but an humble handmaid to Alexander, born of a mean parentage, but to extream fortune.

Alex. Well, ladies, for fo your virtues fhew you, whatfoever your births be, you flall be honourably entreated. Athens fhall be your Thebes, and you fhall not be as objects of war, but as fubjects to Alexander. Parmenio, conduct thefe honourable ladies into the city, charge the foldiers not fo much as in words to offer them any offence, and let all wants be fupply'd fo far forth as fhall be neceffary for fuch perfons, and my prifoners.
[Exeunt Par. and captives. Hepheftion, it refteth now that we have as great care to govern in peace, as conquer in war: that whillt arms ceafe, arts may flourinh, and joining letters with launces we endeavour to be as good philofophers as foldiers; knowing it no lefs praife to be wife, than commendable to be valiant.

Heph. Your majefty therein fheweth, that you have as great defire to rule as to fubdue ; and needs muft that common-wealth be fortunate, whofe captain is a philopher, and whofe philofopher is a captain. [Exeunt.

## Act. I. Scen. 2.

Manes, Granichus, Pfyllus.
Manes. 1 Serve inftead of a mafter, a moufe, whore houfe is a tub, whofe dinner is a cruft, and whofe bed is a board.

Pfyl. Then art thou in a fate of life which philofophers commend. A crumb for thy fupper, a hand for thy cup, and thy cloaths for thy fheets. For Natura paucis contenta.

Gra. Manes, it is pity fo proper a man fhould be caft a way upon a philofopher; but that Diogenes, that
dog, fhould have Manes that dog-bolt, it grieveth nature, and fpiteth art ; the one having found thee fo diffolute, abfolute I would fay, in body, the other fo fingle, fingular in mind.

Manes. Are you merry? it is a fign by the trip of your tongue, and the toys of your head, that you have done that to-day, which I have not done thefe three days.
P $f y$. What's that ?
Manes. Dined.
Gra. I think Diogenes keeps but cold chear.
Manes. I would it were fo; but he keepeth neither hot nor cold.

Gra. What then, luke-warm? What made Manes run from his matter the laft day?

Pfy. Manes had reafon; for his name foretold as much.

Manes. My name ! how fo, fir boy?
$P / j$. You know that it is called Mons à movendo, becaufe it ftands ftill.

Manes. Good.
Pfy. And thou art named Manes, à Manendo, becaure thou run'ft away.

Manes. Paffing reafons! I did not run away, but retire.
$P f y$. To a prifon, becaufe thou wouldat have leifure to contemplate.

Manes. I will prove that my body was immortal, becaufe it was in prifon.

Gra. As how?
Manes. Did your mafters never teach you that the foul is immortal?

Gra. Yes.
Manes. And the body is the prifon of the foul.
Gra. True.
Manes. Why then, thus to make my body immortal, I put it in prifon.

Gra. Oh bad!
PJy. Excellent ill!

Manes. You may fee how dull a fafting wit is ; therefore, Pfyllus, let us go to fupper with Granichus: Plato is the beit fellow of all philofophers. Give me him that reads in the morning in the fchool, and at noon in the kitchen.

Pfyllus. And me.
Grani. Ah, firs, my mafter is a king in his parlour for the body; and a God in his ftudy for the foul. Among all his men he commendeth one that is an excellent mufician, then ftand I by and clap another on the fhoulder and fay; this is a paffing good cook:

Manes. It is well done, Granichus; for give me pleafure that goes in at the mouth, not the ear: I had rather fill my guts than my brains.

Pjyllus. I ferve Apelles, who feedeth me, as Diogenes doth Manes ; for at dinner the one preacheth abifinence, the other commendeth counterfeiting: When I would eat meat, he paints a fpit; and when I thirf, O , faith he, is not this a fair pot? and points to a table, which contains the banquet of the gods, where are many difhes to feed the eye, but not to fill the gut.

Gra. What doft thou then?
Pfyl. This doth he then, bring in many examples that fome have lived by favours, and proveth that much eafier it is to grow fat by colours; and tells of birds that have been fatted by painted grapes in winter ; and how many have fo fed their eyes with their miftrefs's picture, that they never defir'd to take food, being glutted with the delight in their favours. Then doth he fhew me counterfeits, fuch as have furfeited with their filthy and loathfome vomits, and with the riotous bacchanals of the god Bacchus, and his diforderly crew, which are painted all to the life in his fhop. To conclude, I fare hardly, tho' I go richly, which maketh me when I fhould begin to thadow a lady's face, to draw a lamb's head, and fometime to fet to the body of a maid, a fhoulder of mutton; for Semper animus meus eft in patinis.

Manes. Thou art a god to me; for could I fee but a cook's-hop painted, I would make mine eyes fat as butter. For I have nought but fentences to fill my maw;
aś, plures occidit crapula quan gladius : mufa jgiunantibus amica: repletion killeth delicately. And an old faw of abftinence by Socrates: the belly is the head's grave. Thus with fayings, not with meat, he maketh a gallimafrey.

Gran. But how do'ft thou then live ?
Manes. With fine jefts, fweet air, and the dogs alns.

Gran. Well, for this time, I will ftaunch thy gut; and, among pots and platters, thou fhalt fee what it is to ferve Plato.

Pfyl. For joy of Granicus, let's fing.
Manes. My voice is as clear in the evening as in the morning.

Gran. Another commodity of emptinefs.
[Song.

## Act. I. Scen. 3.

Melippus, Plato, Ariftotle, Crifippus, Crates, Cleantbes, Anaxarchus, Alexander, Hepheffion, Parmenio, Clytus.

Melip. Had never fuch ado to warn fcholars to come before a king: Firf, I came to Crifippus, a tall lean old mad man, willing him prefently to appear before Alexander: he ftood ftaring on my face, neither moving his eyes nor his body: I urging him to give fome anfwer, he took up a book, fat down, and faid nothing. Meliffa, his maid, told me it Was his manner, and that oftentimes fhe was fain to thruft meat into his mouth; for that he would rather farve than ceafe ftudy. Well, thought I, feeing bookifh men are fo blockifh, and fo great clerks fuch fimple courtiers, I will neither be partaker of their commons nor their commendations. From thence I came to Plato, and to Ariftotle, and to divers others, none refufing to come, faving an old ob.

Vol. II.
D
fcure
fcure fellow, who, fitting in a tub turn'd towards the fun, read Greek to a joung boy; him when I willd to appear, before Alexander, he anfwer'd, If Alexander would fain fee me, let him cone to me; if learn of me, let him come to me; whatfocver it be, let him come to me. Why, faid I, he is a king; he anfwer'd, Why I am a philofopher. Why, but he is Alexander; ay, but I am Diogenes, I was half angry to fee one fo crooked in his thape, to be fo crabbed in his fayings. So, going my way, I faid, Thou fhalt repent it, if thou comeft not to Alexander: nay, fmiling anfwer'd he, Alexander may repent it, if he come not to Diogenes; virtue mult be foughts not offer'd: and fo turning himfelf to his cell, he grunted I know not what, like a pig under a tub.--But I maft be gone, the philofophers are coming. [Exit.
Plaio. It is a difficult controverfy, Ariftotle, and rakher to be wonder'd at than believ'd, how natural caufes thould work fupernatural effects.

Arijf. I kio not fo much ftand upon the apparition feen in the moon, neither the Dæmonium of Socrates, as that I cannot, by natural reafon, give any reafon of the ebbing and flowing of the fea, which makes me, in the depth of my fludies, to cry out, $O$ ens entium miferre mei!

Plato. Cleanthes and you attribute fo much to nature, by fearching for things which are not to be found; that whilit you fludy a caufe of your own, you omit the occafion itfelf. There is no man fo favage in whom relteth not this divine particle, that there is an omnipotent, eternal, and divine mover, which may be call'd God.

Cleant. I atn of this mind, that the firt mover, which you term God, is the inftrument of all the movings wiich we attribute to nature. The earth, which is mafs, fwimmeth on the fea, feafons divided in themfelves, fruits growing in themfelves, the majefty of the fky, the whole firmamient of the world, and whatfoever elfe appeareth miraculous, what man almoft of mean capacity but can prove it natural.

Anraxar. Thefe caufes fhall be debated at our philofophers feaft, in which controverfy I will take part with Arifotle, that there is natura naturans, and yet not God.

Crat. And I with Plato, that there is Deus optimus maximus, and not nature.

Arif. Here cometh Alexander.
Alex. I fee, Hepheftion, that thefe philofophers are here attending for us.

Hepheft. They are not philofophers, if they knew not their duties.

Alex. But I much marvel Diogenes fhould be fo dogged.

Heploff. I do not think but his excuie will be better than Melippus' meffage.

Alex. I will go fee him, Hepheftion, becaufe I long to fee him that would command Alexander to come, to whom all the world is like to come.-Ariftotle and the reft, fince my coming from Thebes to Athens, from a place of conqueft to a palace of quiet, I have refolved with myfelf in my court to have as many philofopher as I had in my camp foldiers. My court thall be a fchool, wherein I will have ufed as great doetrine in peace, as I did in war difcipline.

Arifs. We are all here, ready to be commanded, and glad we are that we are commanded ; for that nothing better becometh kings than literature, which maketh them come as near to the gods in wifdom, as they do in dignity.

Alex. It is fo, Arifotle; but yet there is among you, yea and of your bringing up, that fought to deltroy Alexander: Califtenes, Ariftotle, whofe treafons againt his prince fhall not be borne out with the reafons of his philofophy.

Arift. If ever mirchief enter'd into the heart of Califtenes, let Califtenes fuffer for it ; but that Ariftotle ever imagined any fuch thing of Califtenes, Ariftotle doth deny.

Alcx. Well, Ariftotle, kindred may blind thee, and affection me ; but, in kings caufes, I will not ftand to
fcholars arguments. This meeting fhall be for a com. mandment, that you all frequent my court, inftruct the young with rules, confirm the old with reafons: let your lives be anfwerable to your learnings, left my proceedings be contrary to my promifes.

Hepheft. You faid you would ank every one of them a queftion, which yefternight none of us could anfwer.

Alix. I will.-Ylato, of all beafts which is the fubtileft ?

Plato. That which man hitherto never knew.
Alcx. Ariftotle, how fhould a man be thought a God?

Arifa. In doing a thing impoffible for a man.
Alex. Crifippus, which was firf, the day, or the night?

Criifip. The day, by a day.
Alex. Indeed, itrange quettions muft have ftrange anfwers. Cleanthes, what fay you, is life or death the Atronger?

Clean. Life, that fuffereth fo many troubles.
Alex. Crates, how long fhould a man live?
Crates. Till he think it better to die than to live.
Alex. Anaxarchus, whether doth the fea or the earth bring forth moft creatures?

Anax. The earth; for the fea is but a part of the earth.

Alex. Hepheftion, methinks they have anfwer'd all well, and in fuch queftions I mean often to try them.

Hepbef. It is better to have in your court a wife man, than in your ground a golden mine. Therefore would I leave war to ftudy wifdom, were I Alexander.

Alex. So would I, were I Hepheftion. But come, let us go and give releafe, as I promis'd to our Theban thralls.
[Exeunt.
Plato. Thou art fortunate, Ariftotle, that Alexander is thy fcholar.

Arif. And all you happy, that he is your fovereign.

Crifip. I could like the man well, if he could be confented to be but a man.

Arift. He feeketh to draw near to mie Gods in knowledge, not to be a God.

Enter Diogenes.
Plato. Let us quefion a little with Diogenes, why he went not with us to Alexander.-Diogenes, thou did't forget thy duty, that thou went'ft not with us to the king.

Diog. And you your profeffion, that you went to the king.

Plato. Thou tak'ft as great pride to be peevifh, as others do glory to be virtuous.

Diog. And thou as great honour, being a philofopher, to be thought court-like, as others fhame, that be courtiers, to be accounted philofophers.

Arif. There auftere manners fet afide, it is well known that thou didft counterfeit money.

Diog. And thou thy manners, in that thou didft not counterfeit money.

Arif. Thou haf reafon to contemn the court, being, both in body and mind, too crooked for a courtier.

Liog. As good be crooked, and endeavour to make myfelf ftraight from the court, as to be fraight, and learn to be crooked at the court.

Crat. Thou think'ft it a grace to be oppofite againft Alexander.

Diog. And thou to be jump with Alexander.
Anax. Let us go; for in contemning him, we fhall better pleafe him, than in wondering at him.

Arift. Plato, what do'f thou think of Diogenes?
Plato. To be Socrates, furious. Let us go.
[Exeunt Pbilofós万。

## Act. II. Scen, I.

 Diogenes, PFyllus, Manes, Granicbus.P/y!lus. $\mathrm{D}^{\text {Ehold, Manes, where thy mafter is, feek- }}$ ing either for bones for his dinner, or pins for his fleeves. I will go falute him.

Manes. Do fo; but mum, not a word that you faw Manes.

Gran. Then ftay thou behind, and I will go with Piyllus.

Pf!. All hail, Diogenes, to your proper perfon.
Diog. All hate to thy peevin conditions.
Gran. O dog !
P/y\%. What do'f thou feek for here?
Diog. For a man, and a beaft.
Grian. That is eafy, without thy light, to be foundbe not all thefemen?
Diog. Call'd men.
Gran. What beaft is it thou look'fl $^{\prime}$ for?
Diog. The beaft my man, Manes.
Dfyl. He is a beaft, indeed, that will ferve thee.
Diag. So is he that begat thee.
Gran. What would'ft thou do, if thou hould'f find Manes?
Diog. Give him leave to do as he hath done before.
Gran. What's that?
Diog. To run away.
Pfyl. Why, haft thou no need of Manes?
Diog. It were a fhame for Diogenes to have need of Manes, and for Manes to have no need of Diogenes.

Gran. But put the cafe he were gone, would'ft thou entertain any of us two?
Diog. Upon condition-
Pfyl. What?
Diog. That you fhould tell me wherefore any of you both were good.

## CAMPASPE.

Gran. Why, I am a fcholar, and well feen in philofophy.
Pfyl. And I a 'prentice, and well feen in painting.
Diog. Well then, Granichus, obe thou a painter toamend thine ill face; and thou, Pfyllus, a philofopher, to correct thine evil manners.- But who is that, Manes ?

Manes. I care not who I were, fo I were not Manes.
Gran. You are taken tardy.
Pfyl. Let us flip afide, Granichus, to fee the falutation: between Manes and his mafter.

Diog. Manes, thou know'ft the lait day I threw away my difin, to drink in my hand, becaufe it was fuperGluous; now I am determin'd to pat away my man, and ferve myiflf : quia non egeo tui vel te.

Manes. Mafter, you know a while ago I ran away; fo do I mean to do again : quia fcio tibi non efle argentum.

Diog. I know I have no money, neither will I have ever a man ; for I was refolv'd long fince to pat away both my flaves, money and Manes.

Manes. So was I determin'd to make off both my: dogs, hunger and Diogenes.

Pfyl. O fweet confent between a crowd and a Jew's Harp!

Gran. Come, let us reconcile them.
$P$ fyl. It fhall not need, for this is their ufe : now do they dine one upon another. [Exit Diogenes.

Gran. How now, Manes, art thou gone from thy mafter?

Manes. No, I did but now bind myfelf to him.
Pfyl. Why, you were at mortal jars.
Manes. In faith, no; we brake a bitter jeft one upon another.

Gran. Why, thou art as dogged as he.
Pfyl. My father knew them both little whelps.
Manes. Well, I will hie me after my mafter.
Gran. Why, is it fupper-time with Diogenes?
Manes. Ay, with him at all times when he hath meat.

P $\int y$ !. Why then, every man to his home; and let us fteal out again anon.

Gran. Where fhall we meet?
Pfyl. Why, at Alapvendibili fufpenfa badera non cfo opus.

Manes. O Pfyilus, babco te loco parentis, thou bleffert me.
[Exeunt.

## Act. II. Scen. 2.

Alexandit, Hepheftion, Page, Diogenes, Apellis.
Aler. CTand afide, fir boy, till you be call'd.--He.

1. pheftion, how do you like the fweet face of Campafpe?

Hepbef. I cannot but commend the fout courage of Timoclea.

Alex. Without doubt, Campafpe had fome great man to her father.

Hefheff. You know Timoclea had Theagines to hes brother.

Alex. Timoclea fill in thy mouth! art thou not in love ?

Hephef. Not I.
Alex. Not with Timoclea you mean; wherein you refemble the lapwing, who crieth moft where her neft is not. And fo, to lead me from efpying your love with Campafpe, you cry Timoclea.

Heqtheft. Could I as well fubdue kingdoms, as I can my thoughts, or were I as far from ambition as I am from love, all the world would account me as valiant in arms, as I know myfelf moderate in affection.

Alex. Is love a vice ?
Hepbeft. It is no virtue.
Alex. Well, now fhalt thou fee what fmall difference I make between Alexander and Hepheftion. And fince thou haft been always partaker of my triumphs, thou
fhait be partaker of my torments: I love, Hepheftion, I love, I love Campafpe; a thing far unfit for a Macedonian, for a king, for Alexander. Why hangeft thouz down thy head, Hepheftion? blumhing to hear that which I am not afham'd to tell.

He $\ddagger$ h. Might my words crave pardon and my counfel credit, I would both difcharge the duty of a fubject, for fo I am, and the office of a friend, for fo I will.

Alex. Speak, Hepheftion, for whatfoever is fpoken, Hepheftion fpeaketh to Alexander.

Hepb. I cannot tell, Alexander, whether the report be more fhameful to be heard, or the caufe forrowful to be believed? What, is the fon of Philip, king of Macedon, become the fubject of Campaipe, the captive of Thebes? Is that mind, whofe greatnefs the world could not contain, drawn within the compafs of an idle alluring eye? Will you handle the findle with Hercules, when you fhould thake the fpear with Achilles? Is the warlike found of drum and trump turned to the foft noife of lyre and lute: the neighing of barbed feeds, whofe loudnefis flled the air with terror, and whofe breaths dimned the fun with finoak, converted to delicate tunes and amorous glances? O Alexander, that foft and yielding mind fhould not be in him, whofe hard and unconquerd heart hath made fo many yield. But you love : ah grief! but whom: Camparpe? ah fhame! a maid forfooth unknown, unnoble, and who can tell whether immodeft? whofe eyes are framed by art to enamour, and whofe heart was made by nature to enchant. Ay, but the is beautiful; yea, but not therefore chaite. Ay, but the is comely in all parts of the body; yea, but the may be crooked in rome part of the mind: Ay, but the is wife; yea, but fte is a woman. Beauty is like the blackberry, which fiemeth red when it is not ripe, refembling precious frones that are poliked with hosey, which the fmoother they look, the fooner they break. It is thought wonderful among the feamen, that a mugil, of all ifhes the fwiftelt, is found in the belly of the Bret, of all the fiow: elt: And thall it not feem monftrous to wife men, that the heart of the greateft conqueror of the world thould

82 CAMPASPE.
be fourd in the hands of the weakeft creature of nature? of a woman? of a captive? Ermins have fair 1kins, but fowl livers; fepulchers frefh colours, but rotten bones; women fair faces, but falfe hearts. Remember, Alexander, thou haft a camp to govern, not a chamber; fall not from the armour of Mars to the arms of Venus; from the fiery affaults of war, to the maidenly firmifhes of love; from difplaying the eagle in thine enfign, to fet down the fparrow. I figh, Alexander, that where fortune could not conquer, folly fhould overcome. But behold all the perfection that may be in Campafpe ; a hair curling by nature, not art ; fweet alluring eyes; a fair face made in defpite of Venus, and a flately port in difdain of Juno; a wit apt to conceive, and quick to anfwer; a fkin as foft as filk, and as finooth as jet; a long white hand, a five little foot; to conclude, a!! parts anfwerable to the beit part : what of this? though fhe have heavenly gifts, virtue and beauty, is fhe not of earthly metal, flefh and blood? You, Alexander, that would be a god, fhew yourfelf in this worfe than a man, fo foon to be both overfeen and overtaken in a woman, whofe falfe tears know, their true times, whofe fmooth words wound. deeper than fharp fwords. There is no furfeit fo dangerous, as that of honey, nor any poifon fo deadly, as that of love ; in the one phyfick cannot prevail, nor in the other counfel.

Alex. My cafe were light, Hepheftion, and not worthy to be called love, if reaion were a remedy, or fentences could falve that fenfe canot conceive. Little do you know, and therefore fightly do you regard the dead embers in a private perfon, or live coals in a great prince, whofe paffions and thoughts do as far exceed others in extremity, as their callings do in majefly. An eclipfe in the fan is more than the falling of a flar; none can conceive the torments of a king, unlefs he be a king, whofe defires are not inferiour to their dignities. And then judge, Hepheftion, if the agonies of love be dangerous in a fubject, whether they be not more than deadly unto Alexander, whofe deep and not to be conceived fighs, cleave the heart in fhivers; whofe wounded thoughts then, Hepheftion, with arguments to feek to refell that which with their deity the gods cannotrefift; and let this. fuffice to anfwer thee, that it is a king that loveth, and Alexander, whofe affections are not to be meafured by reafon, being immortal, nor I fear me to be born, being intolerable.

Heph. I mut needs yield, when neither reafon nor counfel can be heard.

Alex. Yield, Hepheftion, for Alexander doth love, and therefore muft obtain.

Heph. Suppofe ihe loves not you: affedion cometh not by appointment or birth; and then as good hated as enforced.

Alex. I am king, and will command.
Heph. You may, to yield to luft by force; but to con ${ }^{-3}$ fent to love by fear, you cannot.

Alex. Why, what is that which Alexander may not conquer as he lift?

Heph. Why, that which you fay the gods cannot refiff love.

Alex. I am a conqueror, fie a captive; I as fortunate, as the fair: my greatnefs may anfwer her wants, and the gifts of my mind, the modefy of hers: Is it not likely then that fhe fhould love? is it not reafonable?

Heph. You fay that in love there is no reafon, and therefore there can be no likelihood.

Ale.x. No more, Hephertion; in this cafe I will ufe mine own counfel, and in all other thine advice: thou may'ft be a good foldier, but never a good lover. Call: my page. [Enter Page.] Sirrah, go prefently to Apelles, and will him to come to me, without either delay or excufe.

Page. I go.
Alex. In the mean feafon, to recreate any firits, being fo near, we will go fee Diogenes. And fee where his tub is-Diogenes!

Diog. Who calleth?
Alex. Alexander - how happen'd it that you would not come out of your tub to my palace?

Diog. Fecaufe it was as far from my tub to your pa lace, as from your palace to my tub.

Alex. Why then, do'ft thou owe no reverence to kings ?

Diog. No.
Alex. Why fo?
Diog. Becaufe they be no Gods.
Alex. They be Gods of the earth.
Diog. Yea, Gods of earth.
Alcx. Plato is not of thy mind.
Diog. I am glad of it.
Alex. Why ?
Diog. Becaufe I would have none of Diogenes's mind, but Diogenes.

Alex. If Alexander have any thing that may pleafure Diogenes, let me know, and take it.

Diog. Then take not from me that you cannot give me, the light of the world.

Alex. What do'ft thou want?
Diog. Nothing that you have.
Alex. I have the world at command.
Diog. And I in contempt.
Alex. Thou thatt live no longer than I will.
Diog. But I fhall die whether you will or no.
Alex. How fhould one learn to be content?
Diog. Unlearn to covet.
Alex. Hepheftion, were I not Alexander, I would wifh to be Diogenes.

Hephef. He is dogged, but difcreet: I cannot tell how, harp with a kind of fweetnefs, full of wit, yet too too wayward.

Alex. Diogenes, when I come this way again, I will both fee thee and confer with thee.

Diog. Do.
Alex. But here cometh Apelles.-How now, Apelles, is Venus's face yet finifh'd ?

Apel. Not yet: beauty is not fo foon fhadow'd, whofe perfection cometh not within the compals either of cunning or of colour.

Alex. Well, let it reft unperfect; and come you with me, where I will fhew you that finifh'd by nature, that you have been trifling about by art. [Exeunt.

## 

itist. III. Scen. 1.

> Apelles, Campafpe.

Apel. Ady, I doubt whether there be any colour fo frefh, that may fhadow a countenarce fo fair.
Camp. Sir, I had thought you had been commanded to paint with your hand, not to glofe with your tongue. But, as I have heard, it is the hardeft thing in painting to fet down a hard favour, which maketh you to defpair: of my face; and then fhall you have as great thanks to fpare your labour, as to difcredit your art.

Apel. Miftrefs, you neither differ from yourfelf, nor your fex; for, knowing your own perfection, you feem to difpraife that which men moft commend, drawing them by that mean into an admiration, where feeding themfelves, they fall into an extafy ; your modefty being the caufe of the one, and of the other your perfections.

Camp. I am too young to underfand your fpeech, tho' old enough to withftand your device; you have been fo long ufed to colours, you can do nothing but colour.

Apel. Indeed the colours I fee, I fear, will alter the colour I have. But come, madam, will you draw near? for Alexander will be here anon.- Pfyllus, ftay you here at the window: if any inquire for me, anfwer Non lubet effe donni.
[Excunt.

## Act. III. Scen. z.

## Ffyllus, Manes.

P/jl. IT is always my mafter's fahion, when any fair gentlewoman is to be drawn within, to make me to flay without. But if he fhould paint Jupiter like a bull, like a fwan, like an eagle, then muft Pfyllus with one hand grind colours, and with the other hold the candle. But let him alone, the better he fhadows her face, the more will he burn his own heart. And now, if any man could meet with Mianes, who, I dare fay, looks as lean as if Diogenes dropt out of his nofe-

Manes. And here comes Manes, who hath as much meat in his maw, as thou haft honelty in thy head.

Pfyl. Then I rope thou art very hungry.
Manes. They that know thee, know that.
$P$ Syl. But do'it thou not remember, that we have certain liquor to confer withal?

Manes. Ay, but I have bufinefs; I mult go cry 2 : thing.
$P_{\text {fy }}$ l. Why, what haft thou loft?
Manes. That which I never had, my dinner.
PSyl. Foul lubber, wilt thou cry for thy dinner?
Manes. I mean I muft cry, not as one would fay cry but cry, that is, make a noife.

Pfyl. Why, fool, that is all one; for if thou crys thou muft needs make a noife.

Manes. Boy, thou art deceiv'd. Cry hath divers fignifications, and may be alluded to many things; knave but one, and can be apply'd but to thee.

Pjyl. Profound Manes!
Manes. We Cynicks are mad fellows; did'f thou not find I did quip thee?

Pfyl. No, verily: why, what's a quip?
Man. We great girders call it a fhort faying of a fharp wit, with a bitter fenfe in a fweet word.

P/yl. How! can'ft thou thus divine, divide, define, difpute, and all on the fudden?

Manes. Wit will have his fwing : I am bewitch'd, infpir'd, inflam'd, infected.

Pfyl. Well, then will not I tempt thy gibing fpirit.
Manes. Do not, Pfyllus; for thy dull head will be but a grind-ftone for my quick wit, which if thou whet with over-thwarts, periifti, actum eft de te. I have drawn blood at one's brains with a bitter bob.
Pfyl. Let me crofs myfelf; for I die, if I crofs thee.
Manes. Let me do my bufinefs; I myfelf am afraid, left my wit fhould wax warm, and then muft it needs confume fome hard head with fine and pretty jefts. I am fometimes in fuch a vein, that for want of fome dull. pate to work on, I begin to gird myfelf.

Pfyl. The Gods fhield me from fuch a fine fellow, whofe words melt wits like wax.

Manes. Well then, let us to the matter. In faith, my mafter meaneth to-morrow to fly.

Phyl. It is a jeft.
Manes. Is it a jeft to fly? fhould'ft thou fly fo foon, thou fhould'ft repent it in earneit.

Pfyl. Well, I will be the crier.
Man. and Pfyl. (one after another) Oyez, Oyez, Oyez, All manner of men, women, or children, that will come to-morrow into the market-place, between the hours of nine and ten, fhall fee Diogenes, the Cynick, fly.

Pfyl. I do not think he will fly.
Manes. Tufh, fay fly.
Pfol. Fly.
Manes. Now let us go ; for I will not fee him again till midnight. I have a back way into his tub.
$P_{\text {Jjl }}$. Which way callet thou the back-way, when every way is open?

Manes. I mean to come in at his back.
$P \int_{y}$ l. Well, let us go away, that we may return fpesdily.
[Exeunt.

## Act. III. Scen. 3 .

Apelles, Campafpe.

4Shall never draw your eyes well, because they blind mine.
Camp. Why then paint me without eyes, for I am blind.

Apel. Were you ever fhadow'd before of any ?
Camp. No: and would you could fo now fac̣ow me, that I might not be perceiv'd of any.

Apel. It were pity, but that fo abfolute a face fhould furnish Venus's temple amongit there pictures.

Camp. What are thee pictures?
Appel. This is Læda, whom Jove deceiv'd in likeness of a fan.

Camp. A fair woman; but a foul deceit.
Apel. This is Alcmena, unto whom Jupiter came in Shape of Amphitrion her husband, and begat Hercules.

Camp. A famous for, but an infamous fact.
Abel. He might do it, becaufe he was a God.
Camp. Nay, therefore it was evil done, because he was a God.

Apel. This is Danae, into whore prifon Jupiter drizled a golden Shower, and obtain'd his defire.

Camp. What, can gold make one yield to bafe define ?
Abel. This is Europa, whom Jupiter ravifh'd-This Antiopa.

Camp. Were all the Gods like this Jupiter?
Apel. There were many Gods, in this, like Jupiter.
Camp. I think, in thole days, love was well ratified among men on earth, when lit was fo fully authoriz'd by the Gods in heaven.

Apel. Nay, you may imagine there were women parfing amiable, when there were gods exceeding amprows.

Camp. Were women never fo fair, men would be false.

Apel. Were women never fo falfe, men would be fond.

Camp. What counterfeit is this, Apelles?
Apel. This is Venus, the goddefs of love.
Camp. What, be there alfo loving goddeffes?
Apel. This is fhe that hath power to command the very affections of the heart.

Camp. How is fhe hired, by prayer, by facrifice, or bribes?

Apel. By prayer, facrifice, and bribes.
Camp. What prayer?
Apel. Vows irrevocable.
Camp. What facrifice?
Apel. Hearts ever fighing, never diffembling.
Camp. What bribes?
Apel. Rofes and kiffes. But were you never in love?
Camp. No, nor love in me.
Apcl. Then have you injured many.
Camp. How fo?
Apel. Decaufe you have been loved of many.
Camp. Flattered perchance of fome.
Apcl. It is not poffible that a face fo fair, and a wit fo fharp, both without compatifon, fhould not be apt to love.

Camp. If you begin to tip your tongue with cunning, I pray dip your pencil in colours, and fall to that you muft do, not that you would do.

## A ct. III. Scen. 4.

Clytus, Parmenio, Alexander, Hefbeftion, Cryjus, Diogenes, Apelles, Campaspe.
Clyt. DArmenio, I cannot tell how it cometh to pafs, that in Alexander now a days there groweth an unpatient kind of life; in the morning he is melancholy, at noon folemn; at all times either more four or fevere than he was accuftomed.

Parme. In king's caufes I rather love to doubt than conjecture, and think it better to be ignorant than inquifitive : they have long ears and ftretched arms, in whofe heads fufpicion is a proof, and to be accufed is to be condemn'd.

Clytus. Yet between us there can be no danger to find out the caufe : for that there is no malice to withftand it. It may be an unquenchable thirft of conquering maketh him unquiet : it is not unlikely his long eafe hath altered his humour: that he fhould be in love, it is not impoffible.

Par. In love, Clytus? no, no, it is as far from his thought, as treafon from ours: he, whofe ever-waking eye, whofe never-tired heart, whofe body patient of labour, whofe mind unfatiable of victory hath always been noted, cannot fo foon be meited into the weak conceits of love: Arifotle told him there were many worlds, and that he hath not conquered one that gapeth for all, galleth Alexander. But here he cometh.

Alex. Parmenio and Clytus, I would have you bothready to go into Perfia about an ambaffage no lefs profitable to me, than to yourfelves honourable.

Clytus. We are ready at all commands, wifning nothing elfe, but continually to be commanded.

Alex. Well, then withdraw yourfelves, till I have farther confidered of this matter.
[Exeunt Clytus and Parmenio.
Now we will fee how Apelles goeth forward : I doubt me that nature hath overcome art, and her couna tenance is cunning.

Hcpheft. You love, and therefore think any thing.
Alex. But not fo far in love with Camparpe, as with Bucephalus, if occafion ferve either of conflict or conqueft.

Hepheff. Occafion cannot want, if will do not. Behold all Perfia fwelling in the pride of their own power, the Scythians carelefs what courage or fortune can do: the Egyptians dreaming in the foothfayings of their augures, and gaping over the fmoak of their beafts intrails.

All thefe, Alexander, are to be fubdued, if that world be not flipped out of your head, which you have fworn to conquer with that hand.

Alex. I confefs the labour's fit for Alexander, and yet recreation neceffary, among fo many affaults, bloody wounds, intolerable troubles: give rne leave a little, if not to fit, yet to breathe. And doubt not but Alexander can, when he will, throw affections as far from him, as he can cowardife. But behold Diogenes talking with one at his tub.

Cuyfus. One penny Diogenes, I am a Cynick.
Dio. He made thee a begger, that firt gave thee any thing.

Cryfus. Why, if thou wilt give nothing, no body will give thee.

Dio. I want nothing, till the fprings dary, and the earth perifh.

Cryjus. I gather for the gods.
Diog. And I care not for thofe gods, which want money.

Cryfus. Thou art a right Cynick, that wilt give nothing.

Dio. Thou art not, that wilt beg any thing.
Cryfus. Alexander, king Alexander, give a poor Cy: nick a groat.

Alex. It is not for a king to give a groat.
Cryyus. Then give me a talent.
Alex. It is not for a begger to afk a talent. Away: Apelles!

Apel. Here.
Alex. Now, gentlewoman, doth not your beauty put the painter to his trump?

Camp. Yes, my lord, feeing fo difordered a countenance, he feareth he fhall fhadow a deformed counterfeit.

Alex. Would he could colour the life with the feature. And me thinketh, Apelles, were you as cunning as report faith you are, you may paint flowers as well with fweet fmells, as frefh colours, obferving in your mixture fuch things as fhould draw near to their favours.

Apel. Your majefty mult know, it is no lefs hard to paint favours, than virtues; coiours can neither fpeak, nor think.

Alex. Where do you firt begin, when you dràw any picture?

Apel. The proportion of the face in as juft compafs as I can.

Alex. I would begin with the eye, as a light to all the reft.

Apel. If you will paint as you are a king, your majefty may begin where you pleafe; but as you would be a painter, you muft begin with the face.

Alex. Aurelius would in one hour colour four faces.
Apel. I marvel in half an hour he did not four.
Alex. Why, is it fo eafy?
Apel. No, but he doth it fo homely.
Alex. When will you finifh Campafpe?
Apel. Never finifh: for always in abfolute beauty there is fomewhat above art.

Alex. Why fhould not I by labour be as cunning as Apelles ?

Apel. God mield you fhould have caufe to be focunning as Apelles!

Alex. Me thinketh four colours are fufficient to fhadow any countenance, and fo it was in the time of Phydias.

Apel. Then had men fewer fancies, and women not fo many favours. For now if the hair of her eye-brows be black, yet muft the hair of her head be yellow : the attire of her head muft be different from the habit of her body, elfe would the picture feem like the blazon of ancient armory, not like the fweet delight of new-found amiablenefs. For as in garden knots, diverfity of odours make a more fweet favour, or as in mufick divers ftrings caufe a more delicate confent; fo in painting, the more colours, the better counterfeit, obferving black for a ground, and the reft for grace.

Alex. Lend me thy pencil, Apelles, I will paint, and thou fhalt judge.

Apel. Here.

## CAMPASPE.

Alex. The coal breaks.
Apel. You lean too hard.
Alex. Now it blacks not.
Apel. You lean too foft.
Alex. This is awry.
Apel. Your eye goeth not with your hand.
Alex. Now it is worfe.
Apel. Your hand goeth not with your mind.
Alex. Nay, if all be too hard or foft, fo many rules and regards, that one's hand, one's eye, one's mind muft all draw together, I had rather be fetting of a battel, than blotting of a board. But how have I done here?

Apel. Like a king.
Alex. I think fo : but nothing more unlike a painter. Well, Apelles, Campafpe is finifhed as I wifh, difmifs her, and bring prefently her counterfeit after me.

Apel. I will.
Alex. Now, Hepheftion, doth not this matter cotton as I would? Campafpe looketh pleafantly ; liberty will encreafe her beauty, and my love fhall advance her honour.

Hepheft. I will not contrary your majefty; for time muft wear out that love hath wrought, and reafon wean what appetite nurfed.

Alex. How fately fhe paffeth by, yet how foberly! a fweet confent in her countenance, with a chafte difdain!defire mingled with coynefs! and I cannot tell how to term it, a curteous yielding nodefty!

Hepheff. Let her pafs.
Alex. So fhe thall for the faireft on the earth.
Exeunts

## Act. III. Scen. 5 .

> PSyllus, Manes, Apelles.

1Shall be hang'd for tarrying fo long. Manes. I pray God, my matter be not flown before I come.

Pfillus. Aiway, Manes, my mafter doth come.
Apel. Where have you been all this while ?
Pfyllus. No where but here.
Apel. Who was here fince my coming?
PJjilus. No body.
Apel. Ungracious wag, I ferceive you have been a loitering; was Alexander no bocy?

Pfyllus. He was a king, I meant no mean body.
Apel. I will cudgel your body for it, and then will I fay it was no body, becaufe it was no honeit body. Away, in.

Unfortunate Apelles, and therefore unfortunate becaufe Apelles! Hait thou by drawing her beauty brought to pafs, that thou can'ff fcarce draw thine own breath ? And by fo much the more haft thou increafed thy care, by how much the more thou haft fhewed thy cunning : was it not fufficient to behold the fire and warm thee, but with Satyrus thou muft kifs the fire and burn thee? O Campafpe, Campaipe, art mult yield to nature, reafon to appetite, wifdom to affection! Could Pygmalion entreat by prayer to have his ivory turned into flefh? And cannot Apelles obtain by plaints to have the picture of his love changed to life: Is painting fo far inferior to carving? or do'ft thou, Yenus, more delight to be hewed with chiffels, than fhadowed with colours? What Pygma: lion, or what Pyrgoteles, or what Lyfippus is he, that ever made thy face fo fair, or fpread thy fame fo far as I? unlefs, Venus, in this thou envieft mine art, that in colouring my fweet Campafpe, I have left no place by cunning to make thee fo amiable. But, alas! The is the paramour to a prince, Alexander the monarch of the earth
hath both her body and affection. For what is it that kings cannot obtain by prayers, threats and promifes ? Will not fhe think it better to fit under a cloth of eftate like a queen, than in a poor fhop like a houfewife? and efteem it fiveeter to be the concubine of the lord of the world, than fpoufe to a painter in Athens? Yes, yes, Apelles, thou may'ft fwim againft the fream with the crab, and feed againft the wind with the deer, and peck againf the fteel with the cockatrice: Stars are to be look'd at, not reach'd at.; princes to be yielded unto, not contended with ; Campafpe to be honour'd, not obtain'd; to be painted, not poffeffed of thee. O fair face! O unhappy hand! and why didit thou draw it fo fair a face? 0 beautiful countenance! the exprefs image of Venus, but fomewhat frefher: the only pattern of that eternity which Jupiter dreaming afleep, could not concieve again waking. Blufh, Venus, for I am aflam'd to end thee. Now muft I paint things unpofible for mine art, but agreeable with my affections ; deep and hollow fighs, fad and melancholy thoughts, wounds and flaughters of conceits, a life potting to death, a death galloping from life, a wavering conftancy, an unfettled refolution, and what not, Apelles? and what but Apelles? but as they that are fhaken with a fever are to be warm'd with cloaths, not groans, and as he that melteth in a confumption is to be re-cur'd by cullifes, not conceits; fo thie feeding canker of my care, the never-dying worm of my heart, is to be killed by counfel, not cries; by applying remedies, not by replying of reafons. And fith in cafes defperate there mult be ufed medicines that are extream, I will hazard that little life that is left, to teftore the greater part that is loft; and this fhall be my firt practice ; for wit muft work where authority is not As foon as Alexander hath view'd this poftraiture, I will by device give it a blemifh, that by that means fhe may come again to my fhop, and then as good it were to utter my love, and die with denial, as conceal its and live in defpair.

> A Soint.

## 

## Act. IV. Scen. I.

Solinus, Pfyllus, Granichus, Manes, Diogenes, Populus.
Soli. HIS is the place, the day, the time, that Diogenes hath appointed to fly.
$P_{j / y l}$. I will not lofe the flight of fo fair a fowl as Diogenes is, tho' my mafter cudgel my nobody, as he threatn'd.

Gra. What, Pfyllus, will the beaft wag his wings today?

Pfyl. We fhall hear, for here cometh Manes-Manes, will it be?

Man. Be! he were beft be as cunning as a bee, or elfe fhortly he will not be at all.

Gra. How is he furnifh'd to fly, hath he feathers ?
Man. Thou art an afs; capons, geefe and owls have feathers. He hath found Dedalus' old waxen wings, and hath been piecing them this month, he is fo broad in the fhoulders; O you fhall fee him cut the air even like a tortoife.

Soli. Methinks fo wife a man fhould not be fo mad, his body muft needs be too heavy.

Man. Why, he hath eaten nothing this feven-night but cork and feathers.

Pfyl. Touch him, Manes.
Man. He is fo light that he can fcarce keep him from Hying at midnight.

> Populus intrat.

Man. See, they begin to flock, and behold my mafter buftles himfelf to fly.

Diog. You wicked and bewitch'd Athenians, whofe breaths infect the air with ftench. Come ye to fee Diogenes fly? Diogenes cometh to fee you fink: you call me dog, fo I am, for I long to gnaw the bones in your nains. You term me an hater of men; no, I am a hater
hater of your manners. Your lives diffolute, not fearing death, will prove your deaths defperate, not hoping for life. What do you elfe in Athens but fleep in the day, and furfeit in the night? Back-gods in the morning with pride, in the evening belly-gods with gluttony. You flatter kings, and call them gods; fpeak truth of yourfelves, and confefs you are devils. From the bee you have taken not the honey, but the wax to make your religion, framing it to the time, not to the truth.: Your filthy luft you cover under a courtly colour of love; injuries abroad pafs under the title of policies at home; and fecret malice creepeth under the naine of publick juftice. You have caufed Alexander to dry up fprings, and plant vines; to fow rocket, and weed endive; to fhear fheep, and fhrine foxes. All confcience is feared at Athens. Swearing cometh of a hot metal; lying of a quick wit, flattery of a flowing tongue, undecent talk of a merry difpofition; all things are lawful at Athens. Either you think there are no gods, or I muft think ye are no men. You build as tho' you thonid live for ever, and furfeit as tho' you fhould die to-mor? row. None teacheth true philofophy but Ariftotle, becaufe he was the king of fchool-matters. O times! O men! O corruption in manners! Remember that green grafs muft turn to dry hay. When you fleep, you are not fure to wake; and when you rife, not certain to lie down. Look you never fo high, your heads muft lie level with your feet. Thus have I flown over your diiorder'd lives, and if you will not amend your manners, I will fludy to fly farther from you, that I may be nearer to honefty.

Soli. Thou ravef, Diogenes, for thy life is different from thy words. Did not I fee thee come out of a brothel-houfe? was it not a fhame?

Diog. It was no fhame to go out, but a fhame to go in.

Gra. It were a good deed, Manes, to beat thy maiter.

Man. You were as good eat my matter,
Vol. II,
E

One of the people. Haft thou made us all fools, and wilt thou not fly?

Diog. I tell thee, unlefs thou be honeft, I will fly.
People. Dog, dog, take a bone.
Diog. Thy father need fear no dogs, but dogs thy father.

People. We will tell Alexander, that thou reproveft him behind his back.

Diog. And I will tell him, that you flatter him before his face.

People. We will caufe all the boys in the ftreet to hifs at thee.

Diog. Indeed I think the Athenians have their children ready for any vice, becaufe they be Athenians.

Man. Why, mafter, mean you not to fly?
Diog. No, Manes, not without wings.
Man. Every body will account you a liar.
Diog. No, I warrant you; for I will always fay the Athenians are mifchievous.

Pfyl. I care not, it was fport enough for me to fee thefe old huddles hit home.

Gra. Nor I.
$P / j l$. Come, let us go, and hereafter when I mean to rail upon any body openly, it fhall be given out I will fy.
[Exeunt.

## Act. IV. Scen. 2.

Campafipe, Apclles.
Cimpafpe fola. Amparpe, it is hard to judge whether thy choice be more unwife, or thy chance unfortunate. Doft thou prefer-but ftay, utter not that in words, which maketh thine ears to glow with thoughts.-Tufh, better thy tongue wag, than thy heart break. Hath a painter crept farther into thy mind that a prince? Apelles, than Alexander? fond wench! the bafenefs of thy mind bewrays the meannefs of thy birth.
birth. But alas, affection is a fire, which kindleth as well in the bramble as in the oak, and catcheth hold where it firf lighteth, not where it may beft burn. Lark 6 that mount aloft in the air, build their nefts below in the earth; and women that caft their eyes upon kings, may place their hearts upon vaffals. A needle will become thy fingers better than a lute, and a diftaff is fitter for thy hand than a fcepter. Ants live fafely till they have gotten wings; and juniper is not blown up, till it hath gotten an high top. The mean eftate is without care as long as it continueth without pride. But here cometh Apelles, in whom I would there were the like affection.

Apcl. Gentlewoman, the misfortune I had with your picture, will put you to fome pains to fit again to be painted.

Cam. It is fmall pains for me to fit fill, but infinite for you to draw fill.

Apel. No, madam, to paint Venus was a pleafure, but to fhadow the fweet face of Campafpe, it is a heaven.

Cam. If your tongue were made of the fame flefh that your heart is, your words would be as your thoughts are ; but fuch a common thing it is anongft you to commend, that oftentimes for fafhion fake yeu call theme beautiful whom you know black.

Apel. What might men do to be believ'd?
Cam. Whet their tongues on their hearts.
Apel. So they do, and fpeak as they think.
Cam. I would they did.
Apel. I would they did not.
Cam. Why, would you have them diffemble?
Apel. Not in love, but their love. But willyou give me leave to afk you a queftion without offence?

Cam. So that you will anfwer me another without excufe.

Apel. Whom do you love beit in the world ?
Cam. He that made me laft in the world
Apet. That was a god.

Cam. I had thought it had been a man: but whomr do you honour moft, Apelles?

Apel. The thing that is likeft you, Campafpe.
Cam. My picture?
Apel. I dare not venture upon your perfon. But come, let us go in: for Alexander will think it long till we return.
[Escuint:

Act. IV. Scen. 3.

> Clytus, Parmenio.

Clyt. TT E hear nothing of our embaffage; a colour belike to blear our eyes, or tickle our ears, or inflame our hearts. But what doth Alexander in the mean feafon, but ufe for tantara, fol, fa, la; for his hard couch, down beds; for his handful of water, his ftanding cup of wine?

Par. Clytus, I minike this new delicacy and pleafing peace ; for what elfe do we fee now than a kind of foftnefs in every man's mind? Bees make their hives in foldiers helmets, our fteeds are furnifh'd with foot-cloths of gold inftead of faddles of fteel : More time is required to fcower the ruft off our weapons, than there was wont to be in fubduing the countries of our enemies. Sithence Alexander fell from his hard armour to his foft robes, behold the face of his court; youths that were wont to carry devices of victory in their fhields, engrave mow pofies of love in their rings ; they that were accuftom'd on trotting horfes to charge the enemy with a launce, now in eafy coaches ride up and down to court ladies; inftead of fword and target to hazard their liver, ufe pen and paper to paint their loves: Yea, fuch a fear and faintnefs is grown in court, that they wifh rather to bear the blowing of a horn to hunt, than the found of $a$ trumpet to fight. O Philip, wert thou alive to fee this alteration,
alteration, thy men turn'd to women, thy foldiers to lovers, gloves worn in velvet caps, inftead of plumes in graven helmets, thou wouldit either die among them for forrow, or confound them for anger.

Clyt. Ceafe, Parmenio, left in fpeaking what becometh thee not, thou feel what liketh thee not: truth is never without a fcratch'd face, whofe tongue, although it cannot be cut out, yet muft it be tied up.

Par. It grieveth me not a little for Hepheftion, wha thirfteth for honour, not eafe; but fuch is his fortune and nearnefs in friendmip to Alexander, that he muft lay a pillow under his head, when he would put a target in his hand.

But let us draw in, to fee how well it becomes then to tread the meafures in a dance, that were wont to fet: the order for a march.

## Act. IV. Scen, 4.

## Apelites, Campafpe.

Apel. Have now, Campafpe, almoft made an end. Camp. You told me, Apelles, you wouid never end.

Apel. Never end my love: for it fhall be eternal.
Camp. That is, neither to have beginning nor endins,
Apel. You are difpofed to mittake, I hope you do rot mintuit.

Cant. What will you fay, if Alexander perceise your lore?

Atel. I will fay, it is no treafon to love.
Camf. But how, if he will not fuffer thee to fee my perion?

Afel. Then will I gaze continually on thy pisture.
Camp. That will not feed thy heart.
Ape.. Yet thall it fill mine eye: befides the fweet: thoughts, the fure hopes, thy protelted faith, will caufe
me to embrace the fhadow continually in mine arins, of the which by ftrong imagination I will make a fubftance.

Camp. Well, I muft be gone: but this affure yourfelf, that I had rather be in thy thop grinding colours, than in Alexander's court, following higher fortune. [Exit-Apelles.

Campafpe alone.
Foolif wench, what haf thou done? that, alas! which cannot be undone, and therefore I fear me undone. But content is fuch a life, I care not for abundance. O Apelles, thy love cometh from the heart, but Alexander's from the mouth. The love of kings is like the blowing of winds, which whiftle fometimes gently among the leaves, and ftraightways turn the trees up by the rocts ; or fire, which warmeth afar off, and burneth near hand; or the fea, which makes men hoife their fails in a flattering calm, and to cut their mafts in a rough ftorm. They place affection by times, by policy, by appointe ment; if they frown, who dares call them unconftant? if kewray fecrets, who will term them untrue? if fall to other loves, who trembles not, if he call them unfaithful? In kings there can be no love, but to queens: for as near muft they meet in majefty, as they do in affection. It is requifite to fand aloof from king's love ${ }_{2}$ Jove, and lightening.
[Exit.

## Act. IV. Scen. 5.

> Apelles, Page.

Apel. $1 \mathrm{OW,Apelles} ,\mathrm{gather} \mathrm{thy} \mathrm{wits} \mathrm{together:}$ muft be no lefs cunning than faithful. It is no finall matter to be rival with Alexander.

Page. Apelles, you muft come away quickly with the picture; the king thinketh that now you have painted it, you play with it.

Afch.

Sick. If I would play with pictures, I have enough at home.

Page. None perhaps you like fo well.
Abel. It may be I have painted none fo well.
Page. I have known many fairer faces.
ABel. And I many better boys.
[Excunt:


## Act. V. Scen. I.

Diogenes, Sylvius, Prim, Milo, Trico, Manes.
Sylv. Have brought my fons, Diogenes, to be taught of thee.
Dig. What can thy fons do?
Sylv. You fall fee their qualities: dance, firrah.
[Then Perm danctio.
How like you this, doth he well ?
Dig. The better, the worfer.
Sylv. The mufick very good.
Dog. The muficians very bad, who only ftudy to have their flings in tune, never framing their manners to order.

Sylv. Now fall you fee the other-tumble, firrah.
[Milo tumbleth.
How like you this? why do you laugh ?
Dig. To fee a wag that was born to break his neck by deftiny, to practife it by art.

Milo. This dog will bite me. I will not be with him.
Dig. Fear not, boy, dogs eat no thistles.
Perim. I marvel what dog thou art, if thou be a dog.
Dig. When I am hungry, a maftiff; and when my belly is full, a fpaniel.

Syld. Dor thou believe that there are any gods, that thou art fo dogged ?

$$
\mathrm{E}_{4} \quad \text { Dog. }
$$

Diog. I muft needs believe there are gods: for I think thee an enemy to them.

Sylu. Why fo?
Diog. . Becaufe thou haft taught one of thy fons to rule his legs, and not to follow learning; the other to bend his body every way, and his mind no way.

Perim. Thou doef nothing but finarle, and bark like a dog.

Diog. It is the next way to drive away a thief.
Sylv. Now fhall you hear the third, who fings like a nightingale.

Diog. I care not: for I have heard a nightingale fing herfelf.

Sy\%. Sing, firrah.
[Tryco fingeth.
Syl. Lo, Diogenes, I am fure thou canft not do fo. much.

Diog. But there is never a thrufh but can.
Syl. What haft thou taught Manes thy man?
Diog. To be as unlike as may be thy fons:
Manes. He hath taught me to faft, lye hard, and sun away.

Syl. How fayeft thou, Perim, wilt thou be with him?
$\dot{p}_{\text {erim. }}$. Ay, fo he will teach me firt to run away.
Diog. Thou needeft not be taught, thy legs are fo nimble.

Syl. How fayeft thou, Milo, wilt thou be with him?

Diog. Nay, hold your peace, he fhall not.
Syl. Why?
Diog. There is not room enough for him and me to tumble both in one tub.

Syl. Well, Diogenes, I perceive my fons brook nat thy manners.

Diog. I thought no lefs, when they knew my virtues.
Syl. Farewell, Diogenes, thou neededft not have fcraped roots, if thou wouldt have followed Alexander.

Diog. Nor thou have followed Alexander, if thou hadtt fcraped roots.

# CAMPASPE: 

## Act. V. Scen. 2.

Apelles alone.

IFear me, Apelles, that thine eyes have blabbed that, which thy tongue durft not. What little regard hadit thou, whillt Alexander viewed the counterfeit of Campafpe, thou ftoodft gazing on her countenance? If he efpy or but fufpect, thou muft needs twice perifh, with his hate, and thine own love. Thy pale looks, when he blufhed, thy fad countenance, when he fmiled, thy fighs, when he queftioned, may breed in him a jealoufy, perchance a frenzy. O love, I never before knew what thou wert, and now haft thou made me that I know not what myfelf am! only this I know, that I muft endure intolerable paffions, for unknown pleafures. Difpute not the caufe, wretch, but yield to it : for better it is to melt with defire, than wreftle with love. Caft thyfelf on thy careful bed, be content to live unknown, and die unfound. O Campafpe, I have painted thee in my heart ! painted? nay, contrary to mine art, imprinted, and that in fuch deep characters, that nothing can rafe it out, unlefs. it rub my heart out.
[Exit.

## Act. V. Scen. 3.

## Miilectus, Pbrygius, Layis, Diogenes.

Mil. T Thall go hard, but this peace fhall bring us fome pleafure.
Pbry. Down with arms, and up with legs, this is a world for the nonce.

Layis. Sweet youths, if you knew what it were to fave your fweet blood, you would not fo foolifhly go
about to fpend it. What delight can there be in gafhing; to make foul fcars in fair faces, and crooked maims in ftrait legs? as though men being born goodly by nature, would of purpofe become deformed by folly; and all forfooth for a new-found term, call'd valiant, a word which breedeth more quarrels than the fenfe can commendation.

Mil. It is true, Layis, a featherbed hath no fellow; good drink makes good blood, and fhall pelting words fpill it?

Pbry. I mean to enjoy the world, and to draw out my life at the wiredrawers, not to curtail it off at the cutlers.

Layis. You may talk of war, fpeak big, conquer worlds with great words; but flay at home, where inflead of alarms you fhall have dances, for hot battels with fierce men, gentle fkirmithes with fair women. Thefe pewter coats can never fit fo well as fatten doublets. Believe me, you cannot conceive the pleafure of peace, unlefs you defpife the rudenefs of war.

Mil. It is fo. But fee Diogenes prying over his tub! Diogenes, what fayeft thou to fuch a morfel?

Diog. I fay, I would fit it out of my mouth, becaufe it fhould not poifon my ftomach.

Pbry. Thou fpeakeft as thou art, it is no meat for dogs.

Diog. I am a dog, and philofophy rates me from carion.

Layis. Uncivil wretch, whofe manners are anfwerable to thy calling; the time was thou wouldeft have had my company; had it not been, as thou faidit, too dear.

Diog. I remember there was a thing, that I repented me of, and now thou haft told it : indeed it was too dear of nothing, and thou dear to no body.

Lajis. Down, villain, or I will have thy head broken. Mil. Will you couch ?
Phry. Avant, cur. Come, fweet Layis, let us go to Tome place, and poffefs peace. Butfint let us fing; there
is more pleafure in tuning of a voice, than in a volly of fhot*.

Milec. Now let us make hafte, left Alexander find us here.
[Exeunt.

* Anachronifm.


## Act. V. Scen. 4.

Alsxander, Hepróftion, Page, Diogenes, Apelles, Campa/pe.

Alex. 1E thinketh, Hepheftion you are more melancholy than you were accuftomed; but I perceive it is all for Alexander. You can neither brook this peace, nor my pleafure; be of good chear, though I wink, I fleep not.

Hepboff. Melancholy I am not, nor well content: for I know not how, there is fuch a ruft crept into my bones with this long eare, that I fear I fhall not fcower it out with infinite labours.

Alex. Yes, yes, if all the travels of conquering the world will fet either thy body or mine in tune, we will undertake them. But what think you of Apelles? did ye ever fee any fo perplexed? he neither anfwered directly to any queftion, nor looked ftedfaftly upon any thing. I hold my life the painter is in love.

Fiepb. It may be; for commonly we fee it incident in artificers to be enamoured of their own works, as Archidamus of his wooden dove, Pygmalion of his ivory image, Arachne of his wooden fwan; efpecially painters, who playing with their own conceits, now coveting to draw a glancing. eye, then a rolling, now a winking, ftill mending it, never ending it, till they be caught with it; and then (poor fouls) they kifs the colours with their lips, with which before they were loth to taint their fingers.

E 6
Alex.

Aicx. I will find it out, Page, go fpeedily for Apelles, will him to come hither, and when you fee us earneftly in talk, "fuddenly cry out, Apelles's hop is on fire.

Page. It fhall be done.
Alex. Forget not your leffon.
Heph. I marvel what your device fhall be.
Alex. The event fhall prove.
Heph. I pity the poor painter, if he be in love.
Alfx. Pity him not, I pray thee; that fevere gravity fet afide, what do you think of love?
$H_{e \stackrel{p}{p}} b$. As the Macedonians do of their herb beet, which looking yellow in the ground, and black in the hand, think it better feen than touch'd.

Alex. But what do you imagine it to be ?
Heph. A word by fuperfition thought a god, by ufe turn'd to an humour, by felf-will made a flattering madnefs.

Alex. You are too hard-hearted to think fo of love. Let us ge to Diogenes-Diogenes, tholl may'ft think it fomewhat, that Alexander cometh to thee again fo foon.

Diog. If you come to learn, you could not come foon enough; if to laugh, you be come too foon.

Heph. It would better become thee to be more courteous, and frame thyfelf to pleafe.

Diog. And you better to be lefs, if you durft difpleafe.

Alex. What doft thou think of the time we have here?

Diog. That we have little, and lofe much.
Alex, If one be fick, what wouldft thou have him do?

Diog. Be fure that he make not his phyfician his heir.

Alex. If thou mighteft have thy will, how much ground would content thee?

Diog. As much as you in the end muft be contented withal.

Alex. What, a world?
Diog. No, the length of my body.
Atex. Hepheftion, hall I be a little pleafant with him?
Heph. You may; but he will be very perverfe with you.

Alex. It fkills not, I cannot be angry with him, Diogenes, I pray thee what doft thou think of love?

Diog. A little worfer than I can of hate.
Alex. And why?
Diog. Becaufe it is better to hate the things which make to love, than to love the things which give occafion of hate.

Alex. Why, be not women the beft creatures in the world?

Diog. Next men and bees.
Alex. What doft thou dinike chiefly in a woman ?
Diog. One thing.
Alex. What?
Diog. That fhe is a woman.
Alex. In mine opinion thou wert never born of a woman, that thou thinkeft fo hardly of women. But now cometh Apelles, who I am fure is as far from thy thoughts, as thou art from his cunning. Diogenes, I will have thy cabin removed nearer to my court, becaufe I will be a philofopher.

Diog. And when you have done fo, I pray you remove your court farther from my cabin, becaufe I will not be a courtier.

Alex. But here cometh Apelles. Apelles, what piece of work have you now in hand?

Apel. None in hand, if it like your majefty ; but I am devifing a platform in my head.

Alex. I think your hand put it into your head. Is it nothing about Venus?

Apel. No, but fomething above Venus.
Page. Apelles! Apelles! look about you, your mop is on fire.

Apel. Ay me! if the picture of Camparpe be burnt, I am undone.

Alex. Stay, Apelles, no hafte, it is your heart is on fire, not your fhop; and if Campafpe hang there, I would the were burnt. But have you the picture of Campafpe? belike you love her well, that you care not tho' all be loft, fo the be fafe.

Apel. Not love her: but your majetty knows that painters in their laft works are faid to excel themfelves, and in this I have fo much pleafed myfelf, that the fhadow as much delighteth me being an artificer, as the fubfance doth others that are amorous.

Alex. You lay your colours grofly; tho" I could not paint in your fhop, I can fpy into your excufe. Be not afhamed, Apelles, it is a gentleman's fport to be in love. Call hither Campafpe. Methinks I might have been made privy to your affection, tho' my counfel had not been neceffary, yet my countenance might have been thought requifite. But Apelles, forfooth, lov'd ander hand, yea and under Alexander's nofe, and-but I fay no more.

Afel. Apelles loveth not fo; but he liveth to do as Alexander will.

Aiex. Campafpe, here is news, Apelles is in love with you.

Com. It pleafeth your majefly to fay fo.
Alex. Hepheftion, I will try her too.-Campafpe, for the good qualities I know in Apelles, and the virtue I fee in you, I and determin'd you fhall enjoy one another. How fay you, Campafpe, would you fay ay ?

Cam. Your handmaid muft obey, if you command.
Alex. Think you not, Hepheftion, that he would fain be commanded?
$H_{c p}$. I am no thought-catcher, but I gueis unhappily.

Alex. I will not enforce marriage, where I cannot compel love.

Cam. But your majefly may move a queftion, where you be willing to have a match.

Alex. Believe me, Hepheftion, thefe parties are agreed; they would have me both prieft and witnefs. Apelles, take Campafpe. Why move ye not?-Campafpe, take Apelles. Will it not be? if you be afham'd one of the other, by my confent you fhall never come together. But difiemble not, Campafpe, do you love Apelles?

Cam. Pardon, my lord, I love Apelles.
Alex. Apelles, it were a fhame for you, being lov'd fo openly of fo fair a virgin, to fay the contrary. Do you love Campafpe?

Apel. Only Campafpe.
Alex. Two loving worms, Hepheftion! I perceive Alexander cannot fubdue the affections of men, tho' he conquer their countries. Love falleth like a dew, as well upon the low grafs, as upon the high cedar. Sparks have their heat, ants their gall, flies their fpleen. Well, enjoy one another, I give her thee frankly, Apelles. Thou fhalt fee that Alexander maketh but a toy of love, and leadeth affection in fetters; ufing fancy as a fool to make him fport, or a minitrel to make him merry. It is not the amorous glance of an eye can fettle an idle thought in the heart; no, no, it is children's game, a life for fempfters and fcholars, the one pricking in clouts, have nothing elfe to think on, the other picking fancies out of books, have little elfe to marvel at. Go, Apelles, take with you your Campalpe ; Alexander is cloy ${ }^{\text {d }}$ with looking on that, which thou wond'reft at.

Apel. Thanks to your majefty on bended knee, you have honour'd Apelles.

Cam. Thanks with bow'd heart, you have bleft Campafpe. [Exeunt.

Alex. Page, go warn Clytus and Parmenio, and the other lords to be in readinefs; let the trumpet found, ftrike up the drum, and I will prefently into Perfa. How now, Hepheition, is Alexander able to refit love as he lift?

Heph. The conquering of Thebes was not fo honourable as the fubduing of thefe thoughts.

## 12 <br> CAMPASPE.

Alice. Yt were a hame Alexander mould defire to command the world, if he could not command hirnfelf. But come, let us go, I will try whether I can better bear my heart with my hand, than I could with mine eye. And, good Hepheftion, when all the world is won, and every country is thine and mine, either find me out nothe to fubdue, or on my word I will fall in love.
[Exeunt;


THE

$$
\left[\begin{array}{lll}
113
\end{array}\right]
$$



## THE

## EPILOGUE at the BlackFriers.

W$H E R E$ the rainbow toucheth the tree, no cater: pillers will bang on the leaves; where the glowworm creepetb in the night, no adder will go in the day: We bope, in the ears where our travails be lodged, no carging fuall barbour in thofe tongues. Our exercifes muft be as your judgment is, refenbling water, which is alrways of the fame colour into what it runneth. In the Trojan borfe lay couch'd foldiers, with children; and in beaps of many words we fear divers unfit, ainong fome allowable. But as Demonthenes, with often breathing up the bill. amerided bis fammering; fo we bope, with fundry labours againft the bair, to correct our ftudies. If the tree be blafied that bloffoms, the fault is in the rwind, and not in the roct; and if our paftimes be mifliked, that bave been allorv'd, you muft impute it to the malice of others, and not our endeavour. - And fo we reft in good cafe, if you reft. weil content.

## [114]

## Navanco nis sucg

## T H E

## EPILOGUE at the Court.

WE cannot tell whether we are fallen among Diomedes's birds or bis bor fes; the one recciv'd fome men with fweet notes, the other bit all men with JBarp teeth. But as Homer's gods convey'd them into clouds, rubom they would bave kept from curfes; and as Venus, beft Adonis Jould be prick'd with the fings of adders, cover'd bis face with the wings of fwans; fo we bope, being Bielded with your bigbnefs's countenance, we frall, tho' we hear the neigbing, yet not feel the kicking of thofe jades; and receive, tio' no praife (which rue cannot deferve) yet a pardon, whicb in all bumility we deffre. As yet rwe cannot tell rubat wee Bould tcrm our labours, iron, or bullion; only it belongeth to your majefty to make them fit either for the forge or the mint; current by the famp, or counterfeit by the anvil. For as notbing is to be called wubite, unlefs it bad been named wibite by the frft creator, fo can there be notbing thought good in the opinion of others', unilefs it be chriften'd good by the judgment of your Felf. For ourfelies again, we are like theje toriches, wax, of which being in your bighnefs's bands, you may make doves or cuilturs, rofes or nettles, laurel for a garland, or elder for a difgrace.


$$
[115]
$$


THE

Troublefome Reign and lamentable Death
OF

E D W A R D II.
With the Tragical Fall of proud Mortimer,
ALSO

The Life and Death of Piers Gavefion, the great Earl of Cornrall, and mighty Favourite of King Edword II.

Written by Cbriftopher Marlow, Gent.

CHrifopher Marlow 'was an Actor as well as a Poet, and contemporary ruitb Shakefpear, tho' fomething older. What Degree of Reputation be was in as a Poet, may be collecited from a Copy of Verjes rurote in that Age, call'd a Cenfure of the Poets, whbere be is thus sharacteriz'd.

Next Marlow, bathed in the Thefpian Springs, Had in him thofe brave fublunary 'Things That your firlt Poets had ; his Raptures were All Air and Fire, which made his Verfes clear; For that fierce Madnefs fill he did retain, Which rightly mould pofiefs a Poet's Brain.

Of kis Poem call' $d$ Hero and Leander, we are told in the Preface to Bofworth's Poems, that Ben Johnfon us'd to fay the Limes were fitter for Abmiration than Parallel. This Poem being left imperfect, was finifh'd by Chapman, and printed in 1606. In Beard's Theater of God's Judgments, it is Said, that this Marlow wurote Several Difcourfes againft the Trinity. That Je affirm'd Chritt to be a Deceiver, Mofes a Conjurer, the Bible to contain only ruain and idle Stories, and all Religion to be a Political Device. Having an Intrigue with a Woman of the Townt, be one Night caught another Man with ber, and ruffing into the Room, attempted to fab bim: but the Man arvoided the Stroke, and catching bold of Marlow's Wrift, turn'd the Dagger into his ozen Head; and kill'd bim. Anthony, Wood fays, this happen'd in 1592 . In the Return from, Parnaflus, his Cbaracter for Wit is allow'd, and for UWickednefs lamented in thefo Lines.

## ( 117 )

Marlow was happpy in his Bufkin'd Mure, Alas! unhappy in his Life and End: Pity it is that Wit fo ill fhould dwell, Wit lent from Heaven, but Vices fent from Hell.

This Tragedy reas acted by the Earl of Pembroke's Servants, but not printed till 1598 . The reft of bis Plays are, The Tragical Hiftory of Dr. Fauffus, the Jew of Malta, Lut's Dominion, or the Lafcivious Queen, Maffacre of Paris, and Tamburlain the Great or the Scythian Shepherd; in trwo Parts.


Dramatis

## [ 118 ]

## 

## Dramatis Perfonæ.

$\square D W A R D$ II.
Edward III.
Gavefion.
Spencer, fen.
Spencer, jun.
Earl Mortimer, fen,
Mortimer, jun.
Lancafter.
Leicefter.
Kent.
Arundel.
Warwick.
Pembroke.
Archbinop of Canterbiry.
Bifhop of Winchefter.
Bifhop of Coventry.
Lord Matre.
Sir Jobn Hainault.
Lerwne.
Baldock.
Matrevis, Gurnie, Rice af Howeh, Lightbornes Abbot, Mefingers, \&ic.
Queen Ifabella.

## [ I19]



THE

Troublefome Reign, and lamentable Death
OF
EDWARD II. $\S^{2} c$.

Enter Gavefone, reading in a letter that was brought bim from the king.

Gav. 5) W $\}$ father is deceas'd! come, Gavefon, (1) Nis) And Bare the kingdom with thy dearef. fricnd.
Ah! words that make me furfeit with delight!
What greater blifs can hap to Gavefton, Than live and be the favourite of a king? Sweet prince, I come; there, thefe thy amorous lines, Might

## 120 The Tragedy of EDWARD II.

Might have enforc'd me to have fwam from France, And, like Leander, gafp'd upon the fand,
So thou wouldit fmile, and take me in thine arms,
The fight of London to my exil'd eyes,
Is as Elyfium to a new-come foul;
Not that I love the city, or the men,
But that it harbours him I hold fo dear,
The king, upon whofe bofom let me die,
And with the world be fill at enmity.
What need the artick people love ftar-light,
To whom the fun fhines both by day and night?
Farewell bafe flooping to the lordly peers;
My knee fhall bow to none but to the king.
As for the multitude, they are but fparks,
Rak'd up in embers of their poverty,
Tanti : I'll fan firf on the wind,
That glanceth at my lips, and flieth away.
But how now, what are thefe?

## Enter three poor men.

Poor men. Such as defire your wormip's fervice. Gav. What can'ff thou do? 1. Poor. I can ride.

Gav. But I have no horfe. What art thou? 2. Poor. A traveller.

Gav. Let me fee-thou would'f do well
To wait at my trencher, and tell me lies at dinner-time; And as I like your difcourfing, I'll have you.
And what art thou?
3. Poor. A foldier, that hath ferv'd againft the Scot,

Gar. Why there are hofpitals for fuch as you;
I have no war, and therefore, fir, be gone.
Sold. Farewell, and perif by a foldier's hand,
That would'ft reward them with an hofpital.
Gav. Ay, ay, thefe words of his move me as much
As if a goofe fhould play the porcupine,
And dart her plumes, thinking to pierce my breaf.
But yet it is no pain to fpeak men fair ;
I'll flatter thefe, and make them live in hope. [Afrde.
You know that I came lately out of France,
And yet I have not view'd my lord the king;

## The Tragedy of EDward II． 12 I

If I ípeed well，I＇ll entertain you all． Omnes．We thank your worlhip． Gav．I have fome bufinefs，Leave me to myfelf． Omnes．We will wait here abcut the court．
［Eッunco
Gav．Do：－thefe are not men for me；
I muft have wanton poets，pleafant wits， Muficians，that with touching of a ftring， May draw the pliant king which way I pleare： Mufick and poetry are his delight ； Therefore I＇ll have Italian malks by night， Sweet fpeeches，comedies，and pleafing fhows ； And in the day，when he fhall walk abroad， Like Sylvan nymphs my pages fhall be clad； My men，like fatyrs grazing on the lawns， Shall with their goat－feet dance the antick hay． Sometimes a lovely boy in Dian＇s fhape， With hair that gilds the water as it glides， Crownets of pearl about his naked arms， And in his fportful hands an olive－tree， To hide thofe parts which men delight to fee， Shall bathe him in a fpring，and there hard by， One like Acteon peeping thro＇the grove， Shall by the angry goddefs be transform＇d， And running in the likenefs of an hart， By yelping hounds pull＇d down，fhall feem to die ； Such things as thefe beft pleafe his majelty． Here comes the king and nobles From the parliament．I＇ll fiand afide．

Enter the King，Lancafor，Moptimer－Jenior，Morimine juazor，Edimund earl of Kent，Guy carl of Warwick， ซ® c ．
Edward．Lancaiter！ Lanc．My lord．
Gav．That earl of Lancafter do I abhor，［Afide． Edw．Will you not grant me this？In fite of them I＇1l have my will；and thefe two Mortimers， That crofs me thus，hall know I am difpleas＇d． Mort．Sen．If you love us，my lord，hate Gavefton．
Vol．II．

## 122 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Gar. That villain Mortimer, I'll be his death.
Mort. jun. Mine uncle here, this earl, and I myself, Were fworn unto your father at his death, That he should ne'er return into the realm :
And know, my lord, e'er I will break my oath, This ford of mine, that fhould offend your foes, Shall fleep within the fcabbard at thy need, And underneath thy banners march who will, For Mortimer will hang his armour up.

Gar. Mort dieu.
Ear. Well, Mortimer, I'll make thee rue there words.
Befeems it thee to contradict thy king?
Frown'ft thou thereat, aspiring Lancafter?
The ford fall plain the furrows of thy brows,
And hew the fe knees that now are grown fo tiff.
I will have Gavefton, and you fall know
What danger 'tis to fund againft your king.
Gov. Well done, Ned.
Lane. My lord, why do you thus incenfe your peers,
That naturally would love and honour you?
But for that bafe and obscure Gavefton, Four earldoms have I, befides Lancafter,
Derby, Salifbury, Lincoln, Leicefter,
There will I fell, to give my foodies pay,
E'er Gavefton fall fay within the realm.
Therefore, if he be come, expel him fraight.
Edt. Barons and earls, your pride hath made me mute ;
But now I'll freak, and to the proof, I hope. I do remember, in my father's days,
Lord Percy of the North, being highly mov'd, Brav'd Moubery in prefence of the king;
For which, had not his highnefs lov'd him well,
He fhould have loft his head ; but with his look
'Th' undaunted fpirit of Percy was appeas'd,
And Moubery and he were reconcil'd.
Yet dare you brave the king unto his face:
Brother, revenge it, and let there their heads,

Perch upon poles, for trefpafs of their tongues. E'arw. O, our heads!
Edzu. Ay, yours; and therefore I would wifh you grant-
Warw. Bridle thy anger, gentle Mortimer. Mort. jun. I cannot, nor I will not ; I muft fpeak. Coufin, our hands I hope fhall fence our heads, And frike off his that makes you threaten us. Come, uncle, let us leave the brainfick king, And henceforth parly with our naked fwords.

Mort. Sen. Wiltrhire hath men enough to fave our heads.
Warcu. All Warwickfhire will love him for my fake.
Lanc. And northward Gavefton hath many friends.
Adieu, my lord, and either change your mind,
Or look to fee the throne, where you fhould fit,
To float in blood; and at thy wanton head, The glozing head of thy bafe minion thrown.

Edru. I cannot brook thefe haughty menaces;
Am I a king, and mult be over-rul'd?
Brother, difplay my enfigns in the field ;
l'll bandy with the barons and the earls,
And either die or live with Gavefton.
Gav. I can no longer keep me from my lord.
Edru. What, Gavefton! wekcome-Kifis not my hand:
Embrace me, Gavefton, as I do thee.
Why fhould'ft thou kneel?
Know'ft thou not who I am ?
Thy friend, thyfelf, another Gavefton!
Not Hilas was more mourn'd for Hercules,
Than thou haft been of me fince thy exile.
Gav. And fince I went from hence, no foul in hell
Hath felt more torment than poor Gavefton.
Edru. I know it-Brother, welcome home my friend, Now let the treach'rous Mortimers confpire, And that high-minded earl of Lancafter:
I have my wifh, in that I joy thy fight;
And fooner fhall the fea o'erwhelm my land, Than bear the fhip that fhall tranfport thee hence.

## 124 The Tragedy of Edward II.

$\pm$ here create thee lord high chamberlain,
Chief fecretary to the ftate and me,
Earl of Cornwall, king and lord of Man.
Gav. My lord, thefe titles far exceed my worth.
Kent. Brother, the leaft of thefe may well fuffice
For one of greater birth than Gavefton.
Edw. Ceafe, brother; for I cannot brook thefe words:
Thy worth, fweet friend, is far above my gifts,
Therefore, to equal it, receive my heart ;
If for thefe dignities thou be envy'd,
I'll give thee more ; for but to honour thee,
Is Edward pleas'd with kingly regiment.
Fear'f thou thy perfon? thou fhalt have a guard:
Want'ft thou gold ? go to my treafury.
Would'ft thou be lov'd and fear'd ? receive my feal,
Save or condemn, and in our name command
What fo thy mind affects, or fancy likes.
Gav. It fhall faffice me to enjoy your love ${ }_{3}$.
Which whiles I have, I think myfelf as great
As Cæfar riding in the Roman ftreet,
With captive kings at his triumphant car.
Enter the bihop of Coventry.

Edw. Whither goes my lord of Coventry fo faft?
$B i / 3$. To celebrate your father's exequies.
But is that wicked Gavefton return'd?
Edzu. Ay, prieft, and lives to be reveng'd on thee,
That wert the only caufe of his exile.
Gav. 'Tis true; and but for reverence of thefe robes,
Thou fhould'ft not plod one foot beyond this place.
Bijh. I did no more than I was bound to do ;
And, Gavefton, unlefs thou be reclaim'd,
As then I did incenfe the parliament,
So will I now; and thou fhalt back to France.
Gav. Saving your reverence, you muft pardon me.
Edw. Throw off his golden mitre, rend his ftole,
And in the channel chriften him anew.
Kent. Ah; brother; lay not violent hands on him;
For he'll complain unto the fee of Rome.

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 125

Gav. Let him complain unto the fee of hell, I'll be reveng'd on him for my exile.

Edw. No, fpare his life, but feize upon his goods ? Be thou lord bithop, and receive his rent:, And make him ferve thee as thy chaplain: I give him thee-here, ufe him as thou wilt.

Gav. He thall to prifon, and there die in bolts.
Edw. Ay, to the Tower, the Fleet, or whese thot wilt.
Bijb. For this ofence, be thou accurt of God.
Edw. Who's there? Convey this prielt to th' tower, Bijo. Do, do.
Edw. But in the mean time, Gaveifon, away. And take poffeffion of his houfe and goods. Come, follow me, and thou fhalt have nyy guard To fee it done, and bring thee fafe again.

Gav. What hould a prieft do with fo fair a houfe? A prifon may befeem his holinefs,
[Excuit.
Enter botb the Mortimors, IFarwick, and Lancafier. Warw. 'Tis true! the binop is in the Tower, And goods and boly given to Gaveton.

Lanc. What! will they tyramize upon the churcin? Ah, wicked king ! accurfed Gaveiton!
This ground, which is corrupted with their feeps, Shall be their timelefs fepulchre, or mine.

Mort. jun. Well, let that peevifh Frenchman guard him fure;
Unlefis his breatt be fword-proof, he fhall die.
Mort. fen. How now, why droops the earl of Lancafter?
Mort. jun. Wherefore is Guy of Warwick difcontent?
Lanc. That villain Gavefton is made an earl. Mort. Sen. An earl!
Warzv. Ay, and befides lord chamberlain of the realm,
And fecretary too, and lord of Man.
Mort. Sen. We may not, nor we will not fuffer this.

## 126 The Tragedy of EDward II.

Mort. jun. Why poft we not from hence to levy men?
Lanc. My lard of Cornwall now, at every word!
And happy is the man, whom he vouchfafes,
For vailing of his bonnet, one good look.
Thus, arm in arm, the king and he doth march:
Nay more, the guard upon his lordfhip waits;
And all the court begins to flatter him.
Warzv. Thus leaning on the fhoulder of the king,
He nods, and fcorns, and fmiles at thofe that pafs.
Mort. Sen. Doth no man take exceptions at the flave?
Lanc. All fomach him, but none dare fpeak a word.
Mort. jun. Ay, that bewrays their bafenefs, Lancafter.
Were all the earls and barons of my mind,
We'll hale him from the bofom of the king,
And at the court-gate hang the peafant up;
Who, fwol'n with venom of ambitious pride,
Will be the ruin of the realm and us.

> Enter the bifrop of Canterbury.

Warw. Here comes my lord of Canterbury's grace.
Lanc. His countenance bewrays he is difpleas'd.
Eijh. Fint were his facred garments rent and tori,
Then laid they violent hands upon him ; next
Himfelf imprifon'd, and his goods affeiz'd:
This certify the pope;-away, take horfe.
Lanc. My lord, will you take arms againt the king?
Bi/b. What need I? God himfelf is up in arms,
When violence is offer'd to the church.
Mort.jun. Then, will you join with us, that be his peers,
To banifh or behead that Gavefton?
$B i / b$. What elfe, my lords? for it concerns me near; The bifhoprick of Coventry is his. Enter the Queen.
Mort. jun. Madam, whither walks your majefy fo faft?
2ueen. Unto the foreft, gentle Mortimer,
To live in grief and baleful difcontent;
For now my lord the king regards me not,

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 127

But doats upon the love of Gavefton.
He claps his cheeks, and hangs about his neck, Smiles in his face, and whifpers in his ears ;
And when I come he frowns, as who fhould fay, Go whither thou wilt, feeing I have Gavefton. Mort. Sen. Is it not itrange, that he is thus bewitch'd?
Mor. jun. Madam, return unto the court again:
That fly inveigling Frenchman we'll exile,
Or lofe our lives: and yet e'er that day come
The king fhall lofe his crown; for we have power;, And courage too, to be reveng'd at full.
$E i / F_{\text {. }}$. But yet lift not your fwords againt the king.
Lan. No; but we'll lift Gavefton from hence.
War. And war munt be the means, or he'll ftay fill.
2 2ue. Then let him fay; for rather than my lord
Shall be opprefs'd with civil mutinies,
I will endure a melancholy life,
And let him frolick with his minion.
Bilo. My lords, to cafe all this, but hear me fpeak.
We and the reft, that are his counfellors,
Will meet, and with a general confent
Confirm his banifhment with our hands and feals.
Lanc. What we confirm, the king will fruftrate.
Mort. jun. Then may we lawfully revolt from him.
Warrw. But fay, my lord, where fhall this meeting be?
Biff. At the new Temple. Mort. jun. Content.
And, in the mean time, I'll intreat you all
To crofs to Lambeth, and there flay with me.
Lanc. Come then, let's away.
Mort.jun. Madam, farewell!
Queen. Farewell, fweet Mortimer; and, for my fake ${ }_{x}$ Forbear to levy arms againt the king.

Mort.jun. Ay, if words will ferve ; if not, I muft. Exeunt.
Enter Gavefton and the earl of Kent.
Gav. Edmund, the mighty prince of Lancafter,
That hath more earldoms than an afs can bear,
And both the Mortimers, two goodly men,

## 128 The Tragedy of Edward II.

With Guy of Warwick, that redoubted knight, Are gone towards Lambeth-there let them remain.

$$
[E x \in x i t .
$$

Enter Nobles.

Lanc. Here is the form of Gavefton's exile :
May it pleafe your lordfhip to fubferibe your name.
$B_{i} \beta$ : Give me the paper.
Lanc. Quick, quick, my lord,
I long to write my name.
Warrw. But I long more to fee him banifh'd hence.
Mort. jun. The name of Mortimer fhall fright the king,
Unlefs he be declin'd from that bafe peafant. Enter the King and Gavefon.
Eidw. What, are you mov'd that Gavefton fits here?
It is our pleafure, we will have it fo.
Lanc. Your grace doth well to place him by your fide,
For no where elfe the now earl is fo fafe.
Mort. Sen. What man of noble birth can brook this fight ?
Quammale conveniunt!
See what a fcomful look the peafant caft !
Pemb. Can kingly lions fawn on creeping ants?
Warw. Ignoble vafial, that like Phaeton, Afpir't unto the guidance of the fun.

Mort. jun. Their downfall is at hand, their forces. down :
We will not thus be fac'd and over-peer'd.
$E d w$. Lay hands on that traitor Mortimer !
Mort. Sen. Lay hands on that traitor Gavefton!
Kent. Is this the duty that you owe your king?
Warw. We know our duties,-let him know his peers.
Eaw Whither will you bear him? Stay, or ye fhall die.
Mort. Sen. We are no traitors, therefore threaten not.
Gav. No, threaten not, my lord, but pay them home!

Were

## The Tragedy of EDWARDII. 129

## Were I a king -

Mort. jun. Thou villain, wherefore talk' $f$ thou of a king,
That hardly art a gentleman by birth?
Edwo. Were he a peafant, being my minion,
I'll make the proudeft of you floop to him.
Lanc. My lord, you may not thus difparage us. Away, I fay, with hateful Gavefon.

Mort. Sen. And with the earl of Kent, that favours him.
Edro. Nay, then lay violent hands upon your king. Here, Mortimer, fit thou in Edward's throne ; Warwick and Lancafter, wear you my crown:
Was ever king thus over-rul'd as I ?
Lanc. Learn then to rule us better, and the realm:-
Mort. jun. What we have done,
Our heart-blood fhall maintain.
Warw. Think you that we can brook this uptlart pride ?
Edw. Anger and wrathful fury ftops my fpeech.
Bija. Why are you mov'd ? be patient, my lord,
And fee what we your counfellors have done.
Mort. jun. My lords, now let us all be refolute, And either have our wills, or lofe our lives.

Edw. Meet you for this? proud over-daring peers !
E're my fweet Gaveiton fhall part from me, This iffe fhall fleet upon the ocean,
And wander to the unfrequented Inde.
Bi/s. You know that I am legate to pope ;
On your allegiance to the fee of Rome, Subfcribe, as we have done, to his exile.

Mort. jun. Curfe him, if he refufe; and then may we
Depofe him, and elect another king.
Edrw. Ay, there it goes-but yet I will not yield:
Curfe me, depofe me, do the worlt you can.
Lanc. Then linger not, my lord, but do it ftraight.
$B_{i j}$. Remember how the bifhop was abus'd!
Either baninh him that was the caufe thereof,
Or 1 will frefently difcharge thefe lords

## I30 The Tragedy of EDWARD II.

Of duty and allegiance due to thee.
Edre. It boots me not to threat-I muft fpeak fair: The legate of the pope will be obey'd.
My lord, you fhall be chancellor of the realm;
Thou, Lancafter, high admiral of our fleet ;
Young Mortimer and his uncle fhall be earls;
And you, lord Warwick, prefident of the North;
And thou of Wales: If this content you not,
Make feveral kingdoms of this monarchy,
And fhare it equally amongft you all,
So I may have fome nook or corner left,
To frolick with my deareft Gavefton.
$B_{i} \mathrm{\beta}$. Nothing thall alter us-we are refolv'd.
Lanc. Come, come, fubfcribe.
Mort. jun. Why fhould you love him,
Whom the world hates fo?
Edru. Becaufe he loves me more than all the world.
Ah, none but rude and favage-minded men,
Would feek the ruin of my Gavefton;
You that be noble born fhould pity him.
Warw. You that are princely born fhould fhake him off;
For fhame fubfribe, and let the loon depart.
Mort. Sen. Urge him, my lord.
Bijn. Are you content to baninh him the realm?
Edru. I fee I muft, and therefore am content:
Infead of ink I'll write it with my tears.
Mort. jun. The king is love-fick for his minion.
Edw. 'Tis done-and now, accurfed hand, fall off.
Lanc. Give it me-I'll have it publiff'd in the ftreets.
Mort. jun. I'll fee him prefently difpatch'd away.
Bifh. Now is my heart at eafe.
Wariv. And fo is mine.
Pemb. This will be good news to the common fort.
Mort. Sen. Be it or no, he fhall not linger here.
[Exeunt Nobles.
Edrw. How faft they run to banifh him I love!
They would not 1 it , were it to do me good.
Why fhould a king be fubject to a prieft?

## The Tragedy of EDwARD II. 13 :

Proud Rome, that hatcheft fuch imperial grooms,
With thefe thy fuperftitious taper-lights,
Wherewith thy Antichriftian churches blaze,
I'll fire thy crafed buildings, and enforce
Thy papal towers to kifs the lowly ground! With flaughter'd priefts make Tyber's channel fwell, And banks raife higher with their fepulchres, As for the peers, that back the clergy thus, If I be king, not one of them fhall live.
Enter Gavefon.

Gav. My lord, I hear it whifper'd every-where
That I am banifh'd, and muft fly the land.
Edrw. 'Tis true, fweet Gavefton-Oh were it falice?
The legate of the pope will have it fo , And thou muft hence, or I fhall be depos'd. But I will reign to be reveng'd on them ; And therefore, fweet friend, take it patiently. Live where thou wilt, I'll fend thee gold enough; And long thou fhalt not ftay, or if thou do'f, I'll come to thee; my love fhall ne'er decline.

Gav. Is all my hope turn'd to this hell of grief?
Edw. Rend not my heart with thy too piercing words:
Thou from this land, I from myfelf am banif'd.
Gav. To go from hence grieves not poor Gavefton; But to forfake you, in whofe gracious looks The bleffednefs of Gaveton remains; For no where elfe feeks he felicity.

Edru. And only this torments my wretched foul, That, whether I will or no, thou muft depart. Be governor of Ireland in my ftead, And there abide till fortune call thee home. Here, take my picture, and let me wear thine ; O , might I keep thee here, as I do this, Happy were I, but now moft miferable.

Gav. 'Tis fomething to be pitied of a king.
Edrw. Thou fhalt not hence-I'll hide thee, Gavefton.
Gav. I fhall be found, and then 'twill grieve me. more.

F6

## 132 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Edw. Kind words, and mutual talk, makes our gricई greater:
Therefore, with dumb embracement, let us partStay, Gavefton, I cannot leave thee thus.

Gav. For every look, my love drops down a tear; Seeing I muft go, do not renew my forrow. Edrw. The time is little that thou haft to flay, And therefore give me leave to look my fill: Eut come, fweet friend, I'll bear thee on thy way.

Gav. The peers will frown.
Edru. I pafs not for their anger-Come, let's go;
O that we inight as well return as go.
Enter Edmund and 2ueen JJabel.
Quecn. Whither goes my lord?
Edro. Fawn not on me, French frumpet! get thee gone.
Rueen. On whom but on my hufband fhould I fawn?
Gar. On Mortimer, with whom, ungentle queenIf fay no more-judge you the reft, my lord.

2 2ueen. In faying this, thou wrong'f me, Gaveiton:
Is't not enough that thou corrupt'it iny lord,
And art a bawd to his afferions,
But thou muft call mine honour thus in queftion?
Gav. I mean not fo; your grace muft pardon me,
Edw. Thou art too familiar with that Mortimer, And by thy means is Gavefton exil'd;
But I would wifh thee reconcile the lords,
Or thou fhalt ne'er be reconcil'd to me.
Queen. Your highnefs knows it lies not in my power.
Edw. Away then, touch me not-Come, Gavefton.
Queen. Villain, 'tis thou that robb'ft me of my lord.
Gav. Madam, 'tis you that rob me of my lord.
Edw. Speak not unto her; let her droop and pine.
2uecn. Wherein, my lord, have I deferv'd thefe words?
Witnefs the tears that Ifabella fheds;
Witnefs this heart, that, fighing for thee, breaks,
How dear my lord is to poor Ifabel.
Edrw. And witnefs heaven how dear thou art to me!
There weep; for till my Gavefton be repcal'd,

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 133

Afiure thyfelf thou com'ft not in my fight.
[Exeunt Edrward and Gav:
Quecn. O miferable and diftreffed queen!
Would, when I left fweet France, and was embark' $d$, That charming Circe, walking on the waves, Had chang'd my mape, or at the marriage-day The cup of Hymen had been full of poifon, Or with thofe arms, that twin'd about my neck,
I had been ftifled, and not liv'd to fee
The king my lord thus to abandon me.
Like frantick Juno will I fill the earth
With ghafly murmur of my fighs and cries;
For never doated Jove on Ganymede
So much as he on curfed Gavefton.
But that will more exafperate his wrath, I muft intreat him, I muft fpeak him fair, And be a means to call home Gavefton: And yet he'll ever doat on Gavefton, And fo am I for ever miferable.
Enter the Nobles to the Queen.

Lanc. Look where the fifter of the king of France Sits wringing of her hands, and beats her brcalt!

Warzu. The king, I fear, hath ill intreated her.
Pem. Hard is the heart that injures fuch a faint.
Mort. jun. I know 'tis 'long of Gavefon fhe weeps.
Mort. Sen. Why, he is gone.
Mort. juir. Madam, how fares your grace?
2u. Ah, Mortimer! now breaks the king's hate forth, And he confeffeth that he loves me not.

Mort. jun. Cry quittance, madam, then, and love not him.
2ueen. No, rather will I die a thoufand deaths:
And yet I love in vain-he'll ne'er love me.
Lan. Fear ye not, madam: now his minion's gone, His wanton humour will be quickly left.

2ueen. Oh never, Lancafter! I am enjoin'd To fue unto you all for his repeal ; This wills my lord, and this muft I perform, Or elfe be banifh'd from his highnefs' prefence.

Lan. For his repeal, madam! he comes not back, Unlefs the fea caft up his fhipwreck'd body.

## I34 The Tragedy of Edward II.

War. And to behold fo fweet a fight as that, There's none here, but would run his horfe to death.

Mort. jun. But, madam, would you have us call him home?
Queen. Ay, Mortimer, for till he be reftor'd, The angry king hath banifh'd me the court ; And therefore as thou lov'ft and tender'ft me, Be thou my advocate unto thefe peers.

Mort. jun. What! would you have me plead for Gavefton?
Mort. Sen. Plead for him that will, I am refolv'd.
Lan. And fo am I, my lord, diffuade the queen.
$\mathrm{G}_{2}$ uen. O Lancafter, let him diffuade the king,
For 'tis againft my will he fhould return.
War. Then fpeak not for him, let the peafant go, Queen. 'Tis for myfelf I fpeak, and not for him.
Pem. No fpeaking will prevail, and therefore ceafe. Mort. jun. Fair queen, forbear to angle for the fin, Which being caught, ftrikes him that takes it dead; I mean that vile ' l orpedo, Gavefton, That now I hope floats on the Irifh feas.

Queen. Sweet, Mortimer, fit down by me a while, And I will tell thee reafons of fuch weight, As thou wilt foon fubfrribe to his repeal.

Mort. jun. It is impoffible; but fpeak your mind.
2ueen. Then thus, but none fhall hear it but ourfelves.
Lan. My lords, albeit the queen win Mortimer, Will you be refolute, and hold with me?
Mort. Sen. Not I, againft my nephew.
Pem. Fear not, the queen's words cannot alter him.
War. No, do but mark how earnefly fhe pleads.
Lan. And fee how coldly his looks make deniál.
War. She fmiles, now for my life his mind is chang'd.
Lan. I'll rather lofe his friendfhip ay, than grant.
Mort. jun. Well, of neceffity it muft be fo.
My lords, that I abhor bafe Gavefton, I hope your honours make no queftion, And therefore, tho' I plead for his repeal, 'Tis not for his fake, but for our avail:

## The Tragedy of Edward II.

Nay, for the realm's behoof, and for the king's. Lan. Fie,-Mortimer, difhonour not thyfelf;
Can this be true, 'twas good to banifh him?
And is this true, to eall him home again?
Such reafons make white black, and dark night day.
Mort. jun. My lord of Lancafter, mark the refpect. Lan. In no refpect can contraries be true. 2ueen. Yet good, my lord, hear what he can alledge. War. All that he fpeaks is nothing, we are refolv`d. Mort. jun. Do you not wifh that Gavetton were dead?
Pem. I would he were.
Mort. jun. Why then, my lord, give me but leave to fpeak.
Mort. Sen. But nephew, do not play the fophiter. Mort. jun. This which I urge is of a burning zeal,
To mend the king, and do our country good.
Know you not Gavefon hath itore of gold,
Which may in Ireland purchafe him fuch friends,
As he will front the mightielt of us ail ?
And whereas he fhall live and be belov'd,
'Tis hard for us to work his overthrow.
War. Mark you but that, my lord of Lancafter. Mort. jun. But were he here, detelted as he is,
How eafily might fome bafe flave be fuborn'd,
To greet his lordfhip with a ponyard,
And none fo much as blame the murderer,
But rather praife him for that brave attempt, And in the chronicle enrol his name;
For purging of the realm of fuch a plague?
Pem. He faith true.
Lan. Ay, but how chance this was not done before ?
Mort. jun. Becaufe, my lords, it was not thought upon:
Nay, more, when he fhall know it lies in us
To banifh him, and then to call him home;
'Twill make him vail the top-flag of his pride,
And fear to offend the meaneft nobleman.
Mort. Sen. But how if he do not, nephew?

## I36 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Mort. jun. Then may we with fome colour rife in arms:
For howfoever we have born it out, 'Tis treafon to be up againft the king ; So fhall we have the people on our fide, Which for his father's fake lean to the king; But cannot brook a night-grown mufhroom, Such a one as my lord of Cornwal is, Should bear us down of the nobility.
And when the commons and the nobles join, 'Tis not the king can buckler Gavefton,
We'll pull him from the ftrongeft hold he hath.
My lords, if to perform this I be flack,
Think me as bafe a groom as Gavefton.
Lan. On that condition, Lancafter will grant.
War. And fo will Pembroke and I.
Mort. fin. And I.
Mort. jun. In this I count me highly gratify'd,
And Mortimer will reft at your command.
2 ween. And when this favour Ifabel forgets,
Then let her live abandon'd and forlorn.
But fee in happy time, my lord the king,
Having brought the earl of Cornwal on his way,
Is new return'd; this news will glad him much;
Yet not fo much as me; I love him more
Than he can Gavefion; would he lov'd me
But half fo much, then were I treble blefs'd. Enter king Edward, mourning.
Edw. He's gone, and for his abfence thus I mourn,
Did never forrow go fo near my heart,
As doth the want of my fweet Gavefton;
And could my crown's revenue bring him back,
I would freely give it to his enemies,
And think I gain'd, having bought fo dear a friend.
Q2ue. Hark! how he harps upon his minion.
Edrw. My heart is as an anvil unto forrow,
Which beats upon it like the Cyclops hammers,
And with the noife turns up my giddy brain,
And makes me frantick for my Gavefton:
Ah! had fome blcodlefs fury rofe from íell,

And with my kingly fcepter ftruck me dead, When I was forc'd to leave my Gavefton.

Lan. Diablo, what faffions call you thefe?
Que. My gracious lord, I come to bring you news.
Edrw. That you have parly'd with your Mortimer ?
cucen. That Gavefton, my lord, hall be repeal'd.
Earw. Repeal'd! the news is too fweet to be true!
Quecn. But will you love me, if you find it fo?
Edru. If it be fo, what will not Edward do?
Quein. For Gavefton, but not for Ifabel.
Edrw. For thee, fair queen, if thou lov'it Gavefon;
I'll hang a golden tongue about thy necis, Seeing thou haft pleaded with fo good fuccefs.
${ }^{Q}$ ueen. No other jewels hang about my neck
Than thefe, my lord, nor let me have more wealth, Than I may fetch from this rich treafureO how a kifs revives poor Ifabel!

Edw. Once more receive my hand, and let this be A fecond marriage 'twixt thyfelf and me.
(9)uen. And may it prove more happy than the fritt My gentle lord, befpeak thefe nobles tair, That wait attendance for a gracious look, And on their knees falute your majefty.

Edrv. Couragious Lancafter, embrace thy king, And as grofs vapours perifh by the fun, Even fo let hatred with thy fovereign's fmile. Live thou with me as my companion.

Lan. This falutation overjoys my heart.
Edw. Warwick fhall be my chiefeft counfellor:
Thefe filver hairs will more adorn my court, Than gaudy filks, or rich embroidery. Chide me, fweet Warwick, if I go aftray.

War. Slay me, my lord, when I offend your grace.
Edrw. In folemn triumpis, and in publick fhows, Pembroke fhall bear the fword before the king.

Pem. And with this fword Pembroke will fight for you.
Edw. But wherefore walks young Mortimer afide ? Be thou commander of our royal fleet ;
Or if that lofty office like thee not,

## 138 The Tragedy of Edward II.

I make thee here lord marhal of the realm.
Mort. jun. My lord, I'll marfhal fo your enemies,
As England fhall be quiet, and you fafe.
Edrw. And as for you, lord Mortimer of Chirke,
Whofe great atchievements in our foreign war,
Deferve no common place, nor mean reward:
Be you the general of the levied troops,
That now are ready to affail the Scots.
Mori. Sen. In this your grace hath highly honour'd me,
For with my nature war doth beft agree.
Quen. Now is the king of England rich and frong, Having the love of his renowned peers.

Elow. Ay, Ifabel, ne'er was my heart fo light.
Clerk of the crown, direct our warrant forth,
For Gavefton to [reland: Beamont, fly,
As fatt as Iris, or Jove's Mercury.
Bea. It thall be done, my gracious lord.
Edrw. Lord Mortimer, we leave you to your charge.
Now let us in, and feaft it royally.
Againft our friend the earl of Cornwal comes,
We'll have a general tilt and tournament;
And then his marriage fhall be folemniz'd.
For wot you not that I have made him fure
Unto our coufn, the earl of Glou'fter's heir ?
Lan. Such news we hear, my lord.
Edw. That day, if not for him, yet for my fake,
Who in the triumph will be challenger,
Spare for no coft, we will requite your love.
War. In this, or aught your highnefs fhall command us.
Edw. Thanks, gentle Warwick: come, let's, in and revel.
[Excunt. Manent Mortimers.
Mort. Sen. Nephew, I muft to Scotland, thou flay'A here.
Leave now to oppofe thyfelf againit the king,
Thou feeft by nature he is mild and calm,
And feeing his mind fo doats on Gavefton, Let him without controulment have his will.

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 139

The mightief kings have had their minions : Great Alexander lov'd Hepheftion; The conquering Hector, for his Hilas wept, And for Patroclus fern Achilles drooped. And not kings only, but the wifeft men ; The Roman Tally lov'd Octavius; Grave Socrates, wild Alcibiades. Then let his grace, whole youth is flexible, And promifeth as much as we can will, Freely enjoy that vain light-headed earl, For riper years will wean him from fuch toys.

Mort. jun. Uncle, his wanton humour grieves nos me;
But this I form, that one fo basely born, Should by his fovereign's favour grow fo pert, And riot with the treasure of the realm. While folders mutiny for want of pay, He wears a lord's revenue on his back, And Midas like, he jets it in the court, With bare outlandifn cullions at his heels, Whore proud fantaftick liveries make fuck for, As if that Proteus, god of fhapes, appeared. 1 have not den a dapper jack fo brit; He wears a fort Italian hooded cloak, Larded with pearl, and, in his Tufcan cap, A jewel of more value than the crown. While others walk below, the king and he, From out a window, laugh at fuch as we, And flout our train, and jeft at our attire. Uncle, 'is this that makes me impatient.

Mort. Sen. But, nephew, now you fee the king is changed.
Mort. jun. Then fo am I, and live to do him fervice; Put while I have a ford, a hand, a heart, I will not yield to any fuch upstart.
You know my mind, come uncle, let's away.
[E xcunt.
Enter Spencer and Baldock.
Bald. Spencer, feeing that our lord the earl of Glow' her 's dead,

## 140 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Which of the nobles doft thou mean to ferve ? Spen. Not Mortimer, nor any of his fide;
Becaufe the king and he are enemies.
Baldock, learn this of me, a factious lord
Shall hardly do himfelf good, much lefs us;
But he that hath the favour of a king,
May with one word advance us while we live :
The liberal earl of Cornwal is the man,
On whofe good fortune Spencer's hope depends.
Bald. What, mean you then to be his follower? Spen. No, his companion, for he loves me well,
And would have once preferr'd me to the king.
Bald. But he is banifh'd, there's fmall hope of him.
Spen. Ay, for a while, but Baldock, mark the end.
A friend of mine told me in fecrefy,
That he's repeal'd, and fent for back again ;
And even now, a pof came from the court
With letters to our lady from the king,
And as the read fhe fmil'd, which makes me think
It is about her lover Gavefton:
Bald. 'Tis like enough, for fince he was exil'd, She neither walks abroad, nor comes in fight.
But I had thought the match had been broke off, And that his banifhment had chang'd her mind.

Spen. Our lady's firf love is not wavering,
My life for thine fhe will have Gavefton.
Bald. Then hope I by her means to be preferr'd,
Having read unto her fince fhe was a child.
Spen. Then, Baldock, you muft caft the fcholar off,
And learn to court it like a gentleman.
'Tis not a black coat and a little band,
A velvet cap'd cloak, fac'd before with ferge,
And fmelling to a nofegay all the day,
Or holding of a napkin in your hand,
Or faying a long grace at a table's end,
Or making low legs to a nobleman,
Or looking downward, with your eye-lids clofe,
And faying, truly an't may pleafe your honour,
Can get you any favour with great men :
You muft be proud, bold, pleafant, refolute,

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 141

And now and then fab, as occafion ferves.
Bald. Spencer, thou know'f I hate fuck formal toys, And use them but of meer hypocrify.
Mine old lord while he lived was fo precife, That he would take exceptions at my buttons, And being like pins heads, blame me for the bigness; Which made me curate-like in mine attire, Tho' inwardly licentious enough, And apt for any kind of villainy. I am none of there common pedants, I, That cannot peak without proptcrea quod. Sperm. But one of thole that faith, quendoquiden, And hath a fpecial gift to form a verb.

Bald. Leave off this jetting; here my lady comes. Enter the Lady.
Lady. The grief for his exile was not fo much, As is the joy of his returning home.
This letter came from my fret Gavefton,
What need'ft thou, love, thus to excufe thyself ?
I know thou couldit not come and vifit me,
[reads: I will not long be from thee, tho' I die. This argues the entire love of my lord, When I for fake thee, death Seize on any heart. [reads I put thee here where Gavefton fall fleep. Now to the letter of my lord the king. He wills me to repair unto the court, And meet my Gavefton: why do I fay; Seeing that he talks thus of my marriage-day? Who's there, Baldock?
See that my coach be ready, I muff hence.
Bald. It hall be done, madam. [Exit.
Lady. And meet me at the park-pail prefently.
Spencer, flay you and bear me company,
For I have joyful news to tell thee of;
My lord of Cornwal is a coming over,
And will be at the court as foo as we.
Spin. I knew the king would have him home again. Lady. If all things fort out, as I hope they will,
Thy fervice, Spencer, fall be thought upon.
Spent. I humbly thank your ladyship.

## 442 The Tragedy of EDWARD II.

Lady. Come, lead the way, I long till I am there. [Ex. Enter Edward, the Quen, Lancafier, Mortimer, Farawick, Pembroke, Kcnt, attcndants.
Edrw. The wind is good, I wonder why he ftays;
I fear me he is wrack'd upon the fea.
2ueen. Look, Lancafter, how paffionate he is,
And ftill his mind runs on his minion!
Lan. My lord.
Edwu. How now, what news? is Gavefton arriv'd ?
Mort.jun. Nothing but Gavefton! what means your grace ?
You have matters of more weight to think upon;
The king of France fets foot in Normandy.
Edw. A trifle, we'll expel him when we pleafe.
But tell me, Mortimer, what's thy device,
Againft the ftately triumph we decreed ?
Mort. A homely one, my lord, not worth the telling.
Edrw. Pray thee let me hnow it.
Mort. jun. But feeing you are fo defirous, thus it is:
A lofty cedar-tree fair flourihing,
On whofe top-branches kingly eagles perch,
And by the bark a canker creeps me up,
And gets unto the highent bough of all:
The motto, Fque tanden.
Edw. And what is yours, my lord of Lancafter ?
Lan. My lord, mine's more obfcure than Mortimer's,
Pliny reports, there is flying fifh,
Which all the other fifmes deadly hate,
And therefore being purfued, it takes the air :
No fooner is it up, but there's a fowl
That feizeth it : this fifh, my lord, I bear,
The motto this: Undique mors eff.
Edw. Proud Mortimer! ungentle Lancafter!
Is this the love you bear your fovereign ?
Is this the fruit your reconcilement bears?
Can you in words make fhow of amity,
And in your fhields difplay your rancorous minds?
What call you this but private libelling,
Againit the earl of Cornwal and my brother ?
24 ccn . Sweet hufband, be content, they all love you.

## Tbe Tragedy of Edward II.

## 143

Edww. They love me not that hate my Gaveflon. I am that cedar, fhake me not too much; And you the eägles, foar ye ne'er fo high, I have the grefles that will pull you down, And $\nVdash_{\text {que tanden fhall that canker cry, }}$ Unto the proudert peer of Britainy.
Though thou compar'R him to a flying fifh, And threatneft death whether he rife or fall; 'Tis not the hugelt monfter of the fea, Nor fouleft harpy that fhall fwallow him.
Mort.jun. If in his abfence thus he favours him, What will he do when as he fhall be prefent?
Lan. That fhall we fee, look where his lordfhip comes; Enter Gavefon.
Edw. My Gavefton ! welcome to Tinmouth ! welcome to thy friend!
Thy abfence made me droop, and pine away ; For as the lovers of fair Danaë, When the was lockt up in a brazen tower, Defir'd her more, and waxt outragious, So did it fare with me: and now thy fight Is fweeter far, than was thy parting hence Bitter and irkfome to my fobbing heart.
Gav. Sweet lord and king, your fpeech preventeth mine.
Yet have I words left to exprefs my joy:
The fhepherd nip: with biting winter's rage,
Frolicks not more to fee the painted fpring,
Than I do to behold your majeety.
Edzw. Will none of you falute my Gavefon ?
Lan. Salute him? yes, welcome lord chamberlain.
Mort. jun. Welcome is the good earl of Cornwal.
${ }^{W}$ War. Welcome, lord governor of the ifle of man.
Pem. Welcome, mafter fecretary.
Edim. Brother, do you hear them ?
Edw. Still will thefe earls and barons ufe me thus?
Gav. My lord, I cannot brook thefe injuries.
2ueen. Ah me ! poor foul, when thefe begin to jar.
Edrw. Return it to their throats, Ill be thy warrant.

## 144 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Gav. Bare, leaden earls, that glory in your birth,
Go fit at home and eat your tenants beef:
And come not here to fcoff at Gavefton,
Whofe mounting thoughts did never creep fo low,
As to beftew a look on fuch as you.
Lan. Yet I difdain not to do this for you. [Dranvs.
Edw. 'Treafon, treafon : where's the traitor ?
Pen. Heré, here, king: convey hence Gavefon, they'll murder him.
Gav. The life of thee fhall falve this foul difgrace. Mort. jun. Villain, thy life, unlefs I mifs mine aim. (2uen. Ah furious Mortimer, what haft thou done?
Mort. No more than I would anfwer, were he fain.
Edw. Yes, more than thou cantt anfwer, though he live,
Dear fhall you both abide this riotous deed.
Out of my prefence; come not near the court.
Mort. jun. I'll not be bar'd the court for Gavefton.
Lan. We'll hale him by the ears unto the block.
Edw. Look to your own heads, his is fure enough.
iVar. Look to your own crown, if you back him thus.
Edm. Warwick, thefe words do ill befeem thy years.
Edru. Nay all of them confpire to crofs me thus;
But if I live, i'll tread upon their heads,
That think with high looks thus to tread me down.
Come, Edmund, let's away, and levy men,
'Tis war that muft abate thefe barons pride.
[Exit the King.
War. Let's to our cafles, for the king is mov'd.
Mort. jun. Mov'd may he be, and perifn in his wrath!
Lan. Coufin, it is no dealing with him now,
He means to make us foop by force of arms ;
And therefore let us jointly here proteft,
To profecute that Gavefton to the death.
Micrt. jun. By heav'n, the abject villain fhall not live.
War. I'll have his blood, or die in feeking it.
$P_{t m}$. The like oath Pembroke takes.
Lan. And fo doth Lancafier:
Now fend our heralds to defie the king ;
And make the pcople fwear to put him down.

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 145 Enter a Poo.

Mort. jun. Letters! from whence?
Me.Jen. From Scotland, my lord.
Lan. Why, how now, coufin, how fares all our friends? Mort. jun. My uncle's taken prifoner by the Scots.
Lan. We'll have him ranfom'd, man, be of good

- cheer.

Nor. They rate his random at five thousand pound. Who mould defray the money but the king, Seeing he is taken prifoner in his wars?
Ill to the king.
Lan. Do, cousin, and I'll bear thee company.
War. Meantime, my lord of Pembroke and myself Will to Newcaftle here, and gather head.

Mort. jun. About it then, and we will follow you.
Lan. Be refolute and full of fecrecy.
War. I warrant you.
Mort. jun. Cousin, and if he will not random him,
Ill thunder fuch a peal into his ears,
As never fubject did unto his king.
Lan. Content, I'll bear my part-Holla, who's there?
Mort. jun. Ay, marry, fuch a guard as this doth well.
Lan. Lead on the way,
Guard. Whither will your lordships?
Mort. jun. Whither elfe but to the king.
Guard. His highnefs is difpos'd to be alone.
Lan. Why, fo he may, but we will freak to hire.
Guard. You may not in, my lord.
Mort. jun. May we not?
Ede. How now, what noife is this?
Who have we there, is't you?
Mar. Nay, flay my lord, I come to bring you news;
Mine uncle is taken prifoner by the Scots.
Ed. Then random him.
Lan. ' 'Twas in your wars, you mould'ranfom him:'
Mort. jun. And you fall ranfom him, or elfe-
Edm. What, Mortimer, you will not threaten him?
Edw. Quiet yourself, you fall have the broad feal,
To gather for him throughout the realm.
Lan. Your minion Gavefton hath taught you this.
Vol, II.
G
Mort

## 146 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Mort. jun. My lord, the family of the Mortimers
Are not to poor, but would they fell their land, Could levy men enough to anger you.
We never beg, but ufe fuch prayers as thefe.
Edw. Shall I ftill be haunted thus?
Mort. jun. Nay, now you are here alone, I'll fpeak my mind.
Lan. And fo will I, and then my lord farewell.
Mor. The idle triumphs, mafks, lafcivious fhows,
And prodigal gifts beftow'd on Gavefton,
Have drawn thy treafure dry, and made thee weak ;
The murmuring commons, overftretched, break.
Lian. Look for rebellion, look to be depos'd;
Thy garrifons are beaten out of France,
And lame and poor, lie groaning at the gates.
The wild Oneyle, with fwarms of Irifh kcins,
Live uncontroul'd within the Englifh pale.
Unto the walls of York the Scots make road,
And unrefifted draw away rich fpoils.
Mor. jun. The havighty Dane commands the narrow feas, While in the harbor ride thy fhips unrigg'd.

Lan. What foreign prince fends thee embaffadors?
Mior. Who loves thee ? but a fort of flatterers.
Lan. Thy gentle queen, fole fifer to Valoys,
Complains, that thou hat left her all forlorn.
Mor. Thy court is naked, being bereft of thofe,
That makes a king feem glorious to the world;
I mean the peers, whom thou fhouldit dearly love:
Libels are caft againft thee in the ftreet :
Ballads and rhimes' made of thy overthrow.
Lanc. The Northren brothers feeing their houfes burnty
Their wives and children flain, run up and down,
Curfing the name of thee and Gavefton.
Mor. When wert thouin the field with banner fpread?
But once : and then thy foldiers march'd like players,
With garifh robes; nor armor ; and thyfelf
Bedaub'd with gold, rode laughing at the reft,
Nodding and fhaking of thy fpangled creft,
Where womens favors hung like labels down.

# The Tragedy of Edward II. 

Lan. And thereof came $\mathrm{it}_{2}$, that the fleering $\mathrm{Scots}_{3}$ To England's high difgrace, have made this jigs
Maids of. England, fore may you moorn,
For your lemmons you barve lofts, at Beiznocks borns With a bearve and abo.
What rweened the king of England,
So foon to bave suoors Scotland,
With a rombelaiv?
Mor. Wigmore fhall fy, to fet my uncle free.
Lam. And when 'tis gone, our fwords fhall purchafe: more.
If ye be mov'd, 'revenge it as you can ;
Look next to fee us with our enfigns fpread.
[Exequt trobles.
Edw. My fwelling heart for very anger breaks !
How oft have I been baited by thefe peers?
And dare not be reveng'd, for their pow'r is great.
Yet, fhall the crowing of thefe cockerels
Afright a lion? Edward, unfold thy paws, And let their live's blood flake thy fury's hunges. If I be cruel and grow tyrannous?
Now let them thank themfelves, and rue toc late.
Kont, My lord, I fee your love to Gavefton Will be the ruin of the realm and you: For now the wrathful nobles threaten wars, And therefore, brother, banih him for ever.

Edru. Art thou an enemy to Gavefton ?
Kent. Ay, and it grieves me that I favoured him.
Edw. Traitor, be gone! whine thou with Mortiner.
Kent. So will I, rather than with Gavefton.
Eftu. Dut of my fighe, and trouble me no more.
Kemt, No marvel that thou fcom thy noble peers, When I thy brother am rejected thus. [Exit.

Edw, Away! poor Gavefon, that haf no friend bit mes
Do what they can, well live in Tinmouth here. And fo I walk with him about the walls, What care I though the earls begirt us round ? Here cometh the that's caufe of all thefe jars.

## Tix 8 The Tragedy of Edward II.

## Enter the 2eveen, Ladies, Baldock, and Spencer.

 2ween. My lord, 'tis thought the earls are up in arme. Edrw. Ay, and 'tis likewife thought you favour them. थuecri. Thus do you ftill fufpect me without caufe?Lad. Sweet uncle, fpeak more kindly to the queen. Gav. My lord, diffemble with her, ipeak her fair. Edw. Pardon me; fweet, I forgot myfelf. Qucen. Your pardon is quickly got of Ifabell. Edru: The younger Mortimer is grown fo brave, That to my face he threatens civil wars.

Gav. Why do you not commit him to the tower?
Edw. I dare not, for the people love him well.
Gav. Why then we'll have him privily made away. Edzu. Would Lancafter and he had both carous'd A bowl of poifon to each other's health :
But let them go, and tell me what are thefe.
Lad. Two of my father's fervants whilf he liv'd, May't pleafe your grace to entertain them now.
$E d w$. Tell me, where wat thou born?
What is thine arms?
Bald. My name is Baldiock, and my gentry
I fetch from Oxford, not from heraldry.
Edzu. The fitter art thou Baldock for my turn.
Wait on me, and I'll fee thou fhalt not want.
Bald. I humbly thank your majetty.
Edru. Knoweft thou him, Gavefton ?
Gaw. Ay, my lord, his name is Spenfer, he is well allied,
For my fake let him wait upon your grace ; Scarce fhall you find a man of more defert.

Edw. Then Spencer wait upon me, for his fake I'll grace thee with a higher ftile e'er long. Spen. No greater titles happen unto me, Than to be favoured of your majefty.

Edw. Coufin, this day fhall be your marriage feaft. And Gaveifon, think that I love thee well, To wed thee to our niece, the only heir
Unto the earl of Glo'fter late deceas'd.
Gav. I know, mylord, many will fomach mé,
But I reffect neither their love nor hate.
$E d w$. The head-ftrong barons fhall not limit me: He that I lift to favour fhall be great. Come, let's away, and when the marriage ends, Have at the rebels, and their complices.
[Exeunt omnes:
Enter Lancafer, Mortimer, Warwick, Pembroke, Kent. Kent. My lords, of love to this our native land,
I come to join with you and leave the king;
And in your quarrel and the realm's behoof ${ }_{3}$.
Will be the firft that thall adventure life.
Lan. I fearme, you are fent of policy,
To undermine us with a fhew of love.
Warzo. He is your brother, therefore have we caufe To caft the worft, and doubt of your revolt.

Edm. Mine honour fhall be hoftage of my truth :
If that will not fuffice, farewell my lords.
Mor. jun. Stay, Edinund; never was Plantagenet Falfe of his word, and therefore truft we thee. Pem. But what's the reafon you fhould leave him now? Kent. I have inform'd the earl of Lancater. Lan. And it fufficeth. Now, my lords, know this,
That Gavefton is fecretiy arriv'd,
And here in Tinmouth frolicks with the king.
Let us with thefe our followers fcale the walls,
And fuddenly furprize them unawares.
Mort. jun. I'll give the onfet.
Warw. And I'll follow thee.
Mor. jun. This tattered enfign of my ancetors,
Which fiwept the defert fhore of that dead fea,
Whereof we got the name of Mortimer,
Will I advance upon this caftle's walls:
Drums ftrike alarum, raife them from their fport . And ring aloud the knell of Gavefton.

Lan. None be fo hardy as to touch the king,
But neither feare you Gavefton, nor his friends.
[Exeum:
Enter the king and Spencer, to thenn Gavefton, \&c.. Edw. O tell me, Spencer, where is Gavelton? Spen. I fear me he is flain, my gracious lord.

## 150 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Edru. No, here he comes; now let them fpoil and kill.
Fly, fly, my lords, the earls have got the hold,
Take fhipping and away to Scarborough,
Spencer and I will poif away by land.
Garve. O ftay, my lord, they will not injure you.
Edru. I will not truft them, Gavefton, away.
Gave. Farewell, my lord.
Edw. Lady, farewell.
Lady. Farewell, fweet uncle, till we meet again.
Eaw. Farewell, fweet Gavelton, and farewell, niece:
2 2ueen. No farewell to poor Ifabell thy queen ?
Edrw. Yes, yes, for Mortimer, your lover's fake.
[Exeunt omnes, inanet ] jabollas.
2uee\%, Heavens can witnefs, I love none but you.
From my embracements thus he breaks away:
O that mine ants could clofe this ifle about,
That I might pull him to me where I would;
Or that thefe teans, that drifel from mine eyeg,
Had power to mollify his flony heatt,
That when I hait him we might never part,
Entir the Barons. Alarimms.
Lan. I wönder how he 'rcap'd!
Mor.jun. Who's this, the Queen?
Queen. Ay, Mortimer, the miferable Queen,
Whofe pining heart her inward fighs have blafted,
And body with continual mourning wafted:
Thefe hands are tir'd with haling of my lord
From Gavefton, from wicked Gavefton,
And all in vain; for when I fpeak him fair,
He turns away, and fmiles upon his minion.
Mort jun. Ceafe to lament, and tell us where's the king ?
2ueen. What would you with the king, is't him you feek ?
Lan. No, madam, but that curs'd Gavelton.
Far be it from the thought of Lancafter,
To offer violence to his fovereign.
We would but rid the realm of Gavefton :
Tell us where he remains, and he fhall die.

## The Tragedy of Edward If. 15\$

Queen. He's gone by water unto Scatborough: Purfue him quickly, and he cannot 'ícape; The king hath left him, and his train is fmall.

War. Forllow no time, fweet Lancafter, let's march,
Mor. How comes it that the king and he are parted?
Queen. That thus your army, going feveral ways, Might be of leffer force; and with the power That he intendeth prefently to raife, Be eafily fuppréfs'd; therefore be gone, Mort. Here in the river rides a tleminh hoy; Let's all aboard, and follow him amain. Lan. The wind that bears him hence will fill our fails: Come, come aboard, 'tis but an hour's failing.

Mort. Madam, fay you within this caitle here.
2ueen. No, Mortimer, I'll to my lord the king.
Mor. Nay, rather fail with us to Scarborough.
Queen. You know the king is fo fufpicious,
As if he hear I have but talkt with you, Mine honour will be call'd in queition ; And therefore, gentle Mortimer, be gone.

Mort. Madam, I cannot fay to anfwer you,
But think of Mortimer as he deferves.
Queen. So well haft thou deferv'd, fweet Mortimer, As Ifabell could live with thee for ever.
In vain I look for love at Edward's hand, Whofe eyes are fix'd on none but Gavefton: Yet once more I'll importune him with prayer, If he be ftrange and not regard my words, My fon and I will over into France, And to the king my brother there complain, How Gavefton hath robb'd me of his love : But yet I hope my forrows will have end, And Gavefton this bleffed day be flain.
[Exrunto. Enter. Gaveffon purfued.
Gav. Yet lufty lords I have efcap'd your hands, Your threats, your alarms, and your hot purfuits; And tho' divorced from king Edward's eyes, Yet liveth Pierce of Gavefton unfurpriz'd, Breathing, in hope (malgrado all your beards $s_{\text {pr }}$. That mufter rebels thus againft your king)

## 152 The Tragedy of Edward II.

To fee his royal fovereign once again.
Enter the Nobles.
War. Upon him, foldiers, take away his weapons.
Mort. jun. Thou proud difurber of thy country's peace,
Corrupter of thy king, caufe of thefe broils,
Bafe flatterer, yield; and were it not for fhame,
Shame and difhonour to a foldier's name,
Upon my weapon's point here fhould'it thou fall,
And welter in thy gore.
Lan. Monfter of men, that like the Greekin ftrumpet
'Train'd to arms and bloody wars
So many valiant knights,
Look for no other fortune, wretch, than death;
King Edward is not here to buckler thee.
War. Lancafter, why talk'ft thou to the flave ?
Gofoldiers, take him hence,
For by my fword, his head thall off:
Gavefton, fhort warning fhall ferve thy turn,
It is our country's caufe,
That here feverely we will execute
Upon thy perfon: hang him upon a bough,
Gave. My lords!-
War. Soldiers, have him away ;
But for thou wert the favourite of a king,
Thou fhalt have fo much honour at our hands:
Gave. I thank you all, my lords : then I perceive,
That heading is one, and hanging is the other,
And death is all.
Enter earl of Arundel.
Lan. How now, my lord of Arundel?
Arun. My lords, king Edward greets you all by me.
War. Arundel, fay your meffage.
Arun. His majefty, hearing that you had taken Gavefton,
Intreateth you by me, but that he may
See him before he dies; for why he fays,
And fends you word, he knows that die he fhall;

## The Tragedy of Edward II. I53

And if you gratify his grace fo far, He will be mindful of the courtery.
War. How now?
Gave. Renown'd Edward, how thy name Revives poor Gaveffon!
War. No, it needeth not,
Arundel, we will gratify the king
In other matters, he murt pardon us in this.:
Soldiers, away with him.
Gave. Why, my lord of Warwick,
Will thefe delays beget me any hopes?
I know it, lords, it is this life you aim at,
Yet grant king Edward this.
Mort. jun. Shalt thou appoint what we fhall grant ?
Soldiers, away with him :
Thus we'll gratify the king,
We'll fend his head by thee, let him beftow
His tears on that, for that is all he gets:
Of Gavefton, or elfe his fenfelefs trunk.
Lan. Not fo, my lord, left he beftow more cof ${ }^{\circ}$
In burying him, than he hath ever earn'd.
Arun. My lords, it is his majefty's requefts.
And on the honour of a king he fwears,
He will but talk with him and fend him back:
War. When, can you tell? Arundel, no ; we. wot ${ }_{2}$ -
He that the care of his-realm remits,
And drives his nobles to thefe exigents
For Gavelton, will, ;f he feize him once,
Violate any promife to poffefs him.
Arun. Then if you will not truft his grace,
My lords, I will be pledge for his return.
Mort. jum, It is honourable in thee to offer this 3 ;,
But for we know thou: art a noble gentleman,
We will not wrong thee fo,
To make away a true man for a thief.
Gave. How meanelt thou, Mortimsr? this is oves: bafe.
Mort. Away, bafe groom, robber of king's renown,
Quefion with thy companions and thy mates,

## 154 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Pem. My lord Mortimer, and you my lords, each one,
To gratify the king's requeft therein, Touching the fending of this Gavefton,
Becaufe his majefty fo earneftly
Defires to fee the man before his death,
I will upon mine honour undertake
To carry him, and bring him back again;
Provided this, that you my lord of Arundel,
Will join with me.
War. Pembroke, what wilt thou do?
Caufe yet more bloodfhed: it is not enough
That we have taken him, but muft we now
Leave him on had I wift, and let him go?
Pem. My lords, I will not over-woo your honours,
But if you dare truft Pembroke with the prifoner,
Upon my oath I will return him back.
Arum. My lord of Lancafter, what fay you in this?
Lan. Why I fay, let him go on Pembroke's word.
Pem. And you, lord Mortimer?
Mort. jun. How fay you, my lord of Warwick'?
War. Nay, do your pleafures,
I know how' 'twill prove.
Pem. Then give him mè.
Gave. Sweet fovereign, yet I come
To fee thee e'er I die.
War. Not yet perhaps,
If Warwick's wit and policy prevail.
Mort.jun. My lord of Pembroke, we deliver hims you,
Return him on your honour, found away. [Exeunt. Mánent Pembrook, Mat. Gaveft. and Pembrook's men, four Soldiers.
Pem. My lord, you fhall go with me, My houfe is not far hence, out of the way A little; but our men fhall go along.
We that have pretty wenches to our wives, Sir, mult not come fo near to baulk their lips.

Mat. 'Tis very kindly fooke, my lord of Pembrook; Your honour hath an adamant of power
To draw a prince.

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 155

Pem. So, my lord ; come hither, James;
I do commit this Gavefton to thee,
Be thou this night his keeper, in the morning We will difcharge thee of thy charge; be gone.

Gav. Unhappy Gavefton, whither goeft thou now? [Exit cum ferv. Pem.-
Horfe-boy. My lord, we'll quickly be at Cobham. [Exeunt ambo:Enter Gavefon mourning, and the earl of Pembrooz's men.
Gav. O treacherous Warwick! thus to wrong thy friend.:
Fam. I fee it is your life there arms purfue.
Gav. Weaponlés muft I fall? and die in bands?
O muft this day be period of my life!
Center of all my blifs! and ye be men, Speed to the king.

Enter Warrwick and bis company.
War. My lord of Pembrook's men, Strive you no more, I will have that Gavefton.
Fam: Your Lordhip doth difhonour to yourfelf, And wrong our lord, your honourable friend.
War. No, James, it is my country's caufe I follow. Go, take the villain ; foldiers, come away, We'll make'quick work. Commend me to your mafter, My friend, and tell him that I watch'd it well. Come, let thy fhadow parley with king Edward.

Gav. Treacherous earl, fhall not I fee the king?
War. The king of heaven perhaps, no other king: Away.
[Exeunt Warwick and bis men, with Gaveff. Manent fames, cum cateris.
Fam. Come, fellows, it booteth not for us to frive, We will in hafte go certify our lord. [Exeunt.]

Enter king Edrward and Spencer, with drums and fifes.:
Edw. 'T long to hear an anfwer from the barons; Touching my friend, my deareft Gavefton.
Ah! Spencer, not the riches of my realm Can ranfom hrim! ah, he is mark'd to die! I know the malice of the younger Mortimer,

Warwick

## 156 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Warwick I know is rough, and Lancafter
Inexorable, and I hall never fee
My lovely Pierce of Gavefton again.
The birons overbear me with their pride.
Spen. Were I king Edward, England's fovereign,
Son to the lovely Eleanor of Spain,
Great Edward Longthank's iffue, would I bear
Thefe braves, this rage, and fuffer uncontrol'd
Thefe barons thus to beard me in my land,
In mine own realm? my lord, pardon my \{peech,
Did you retain your father's magnanimity,
Did you regard the honour of your name,
You would not fuffer thus your majefty
Be counterbuft of your nobility.
Strike off their heads, and let them perch on poles; No doubt, fuch leffons they will teach the reft, As by their preachments they will profit much, And learn obedience to their lawful king.

Edrw. Yea, gentle Spencer, we have been too mild, Too kind to them; but now have drawn our fword, And if they fend me not my Gaveiton, Well fteel it on their creft, and poll their tops.

Bald. This high refolve becomes your majefty ; You ought not to be tied to their affection, As tho' your highnefs were a fchool-boy ftill, And muft be aw ${ }^{\top}$ d and govern'd like a child. Enter Hugh Sjencer an old man, father to the young Sfencer, with lis trunchion and foldicrs.
Sper. Sen. Long live my fovereign, the noble Edward,
In peace triumphant, fortunate in wars!
Ediv. Welcome, old man, com'ft thou in'Edward's aid?
Then tell the prince, of whence, and what thou art. Spen. Sen. Lo, with a band of bow-men and of pikes, Brown bills, and targiteers, four hundred ftrong, Sworn to defend king Edward's royal right,
I come in perfon to your majefty,
Spencer, the father of Hugh Spencer there,
Eound to your highnefs everlaftingly,

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 157

For favour done in him, unto us all.
$E d w$. Thy father, Spencer?
Spen. jun. True, and it like your grace,
That pours in lieu of all your goodnefs fhown,
His life, my lord, before your princely feet.
Edw. Welcome ten thoufand times, old man, again;
Spencer, this love, this kindnefs to thy king,
Argues thy noble mind and difpofition.
Spencer, I here create thee earl of Wilthire,
And daily will enrich thee with our favour,
That as the fun-fhine fhall reflect o'er thee.
Befides, the more to manifeft our love,
Becaufe we hear lord Bruce doth fell his land,
And that the Mortimers are in hand withal,
Thou fhalt have crowns of us t'outbid the barons:
And Spencer, fpare them not, lay it on.
Soldiers, a large and thrice welcome all.
Spen. My lord, here comes the queen.
Enter the queen and her fon, and Levune a Frenchmans.
Edw. Madam, what news ?
Queen. News of difhonour, lord, and difcontent,
Our friend Levune, faithful and full of truft, Informeth us, by letters and by words, That Valois our brother, king of France, Becaufe your highnefs hath been flack in homage, Hath feized Normandy into his hands.
Thefe be the letters, this the meffenger.
Edrw. Welcome, Levune. Tufh, Sib, if this be all,
Valois and I will foon be friends again.
But to my Gavefton: fhall I never fee,
Never behold thee more? Madam, in this matter
We will employ you and your little fon;
You fhall go parley with the king of France.
Boy, fee you bear you bravely to the king,
And do your meffage with a majefty.
Prince. Commit not to my youth things of more weight
Than fits a prince fo young as I to bear,
And fear not, lord and father, heaven's great beams
On Atlas' houlder fhall not lie more fafe,

## 158 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Than fhall your charge committed to my truft.
Queen. Ah boy! this towardnefs makes thy mother fear
Thou art not mark'd to many days on earth.
Edrw. Madam, we will that you with fpeed be fhip'd, And this our fon; Lewen fhall follow you
With all the hafte we can difpatch him hence.
Chufe of our lords to bear you company, And go in peace, leave us in wars at home.
2ueen. Unnatural wars, where fubjects brave their king;
God end them once. My lord, I take my. lea:e, To make my preparation for France.
Enter lord Matrevis.

Edw. What, lord Matrevis, doff thou come alone ?
Mat. Yea, my good lord, for Gaveffon is dead.
Edw. Ah traitors! have they put my friend to death?
Tell me, Matrevis, died he e'er thou cam''t,
Or did'ft thou fee my friend to take his death ?
Matre. Neither, my lord; for as he was furpriz'd;
Begirt with weapons, and with enemies round, I did your highnefs' meffage to them all;
Demanding him of them, entreating rather,
And faid, upon the honour of my name,
That I would undertake to carry him
Unto your highnefs, and to bring him back:
Edw. And tell me, would the rebels deny the that?
Spen. Proud recreants!
Edw. Yea, Spencer, traitors all.
Mat. I found them at the firf inexorable;
The earl of Warwick would not bide the hearing,
Mortimer hardly, Pembroke and Lancafter
Spake leaft: and when they flatly had deny'd,
Refufing to receive me pledge for him,
The earl of Pembroke mildly thus befpake;
My lords, becaufe our fovereign fends for him,
And promifeth he fhall be fafe return:d,
I will undertake to have him hence,
And fee him re-deliver'd to your hands.
Edw. Well; and how fortunes that he came not?

## The Tragedy of EDWARD II. I59

Spen. Some treafon, or fome villainy was the caufe.
Mat. The earl of Warwick feiz'd him on his way.
For being deliver'd unto Pembroke's men,
Their lord rode home, thinking his prifoner fafe; But e'er he came, Warwick in ambuh lay, And bare him-to his death, and in a trench Struck off his head, and march'd unto the camp.

Spen. A bloody part; flatly 'gainft law of arms.
Edw. O fhall I fpeak, or fhall I figh and die !
Spen. My lord, refer your vengeance to the fiword,
Upon thefe barons: hearten up your men;
Let them not unreveng'd, murder your friends! Advance your ftandard, Edward, in the field, And march to fire them from their flarting holes.
[Edruard kneels, and faith,

Edw. By earth, the common mother of us all !
By heaven, and all the moving orbs thereof!
By this right hand! and by my father's fword!
And all the horours "longing to my crown!
I will have heads, and lives for him, as many
As I have manors, cafles, towns, and towers.
Treacherous Warwick! traiterous Mortimer !
If I be England's king, in lakes of gore
Your headlefs trunks, your bodies will I trail,
That-you may drink your fill, and quaff in blood,
And ftain my royal ftandard with the fame,
That fo my bloody colours may fuggeft.
Remembrance of revenge immortally,
On your accurfed traiterous progeny,
You villains that have flain my Gavefton.
And in this place of honour and of truft,
Spencer, fweet. Spencer, I adopt thee here;
And merely of our love we do create thee
Earl of Glo'fter, and lord chamberlain,
Defpite of times, defpite of enemies.
Spen. My lord, here's a meffenger from the barons,
Defires accefs unto your majefty.
$E d w$. Admit him near.
Enter the berald from the Barons, with bis coat of arms.
Mef. Long live king Edward, England's lawful lord.
Edrw.

## 160 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Edrw. So wifh not they I wis that font thee hither. Thou com'ft from Mortimer and his accomplices, A ranker root of rebels never was.
Well, fay thy meffage.
Me f. The barons up in arms, by me flute Your highness with long life and happinefs; And bid me fay, as plainer to your grace, That if without effusion of blood, You will, this grief have cafe and remedy;
That from your princely perfon you remove This Spencer, as a purifying branch,
That dead the royal vine, whole golden leaves Empale your princely head, your diadem;
Whore brightnefs fuch pernicious upflarts dim, Say they, and lovingly advife your grace ${ }_{2}$. To cherifh virtue and nobility,
And have old fervitors in high efteem, And flake off froth diffembling flatterers: This granted, they, their honours, and their lives, Are to your highness vow'd and consecrate.

Spen. Ah traitors! will they fill difplay their pride?
Edzw. Away, tarry no anfwer, but be gone. Rebels, will they appoint their fovereign
His sports, his pleafures, and his company?
Yet e'er thou go, fee how I do divorce [EmbracesSpen: Spencer from me- Now get thee to thy lords, And tell them I will come to chaftife them For murthering Gavefton : hie thee! get thee gone !' Edward, with fire and ford, follows at thy heels.
My lord, perceive you how there rebels swell ?
Soldiers, good hearts, defend your fovereign's, right, For now, even now, we march to make them flop.
Away.
[Exeunt.
Alarums, excurfions, a great fight, and a retreat. Enter the king, Spencer the father, Spencer the for, and the noblemen of the king's fade.
Ed. Why do we found retreat? upon them, my lords!.
This day I hall pour vengeance with my ford
On thole proud rebels that are up in arms,
And do confront and countermand their king.
Spen.jür,

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 161

Spen. jun. I doubt it not, my lord, right will prevait. Spen. Sen. 'Tis not amifs, my liege, for either part
To breathe a while; our men with fweat and duft All choak'd well near, begin to faint for heat, And this retire refrefheth horfe and man.

Spen. jun. Here come the rebels.
Enter the barons, Mortimer, Lancafer, Warwick, Penn broke, EOc.
Mort. Look, Lancafter, yonder's Edward 'mong his flatterers.
Lan. And there let him be, till he pay dearly for their company.
War. And fhall, or Warwick's fword thall fmite in vain.
Edrw. What, rebels, do you fhrink, and found retreat?
Mort. jun. No, E.dward, no, thy flatterers faint and fly.
I.an. Th'ad beft betimes forfake thee, and their trains,

For they'll betray thee, traitors as they are.
Spen. jun. Traitor on thy face, rebellious Lancafter!
Pem. Away, bafe upftart, brav'th thou nobles thus?
Spen. fon. A noble attempt! and honourable deed!
Is it not, trow ye, to affemble aid,
And levy arms againft yourlawful king?
Edw. For which e'er long their heads fhall fatisfy,
To appeafe the wrath of their offended king.
Mort. jun. Then, Edward, thou wilt fight it to the laft,
And rather bathe thy fword in fubjects blood, Than banifh that pernicious company?

Edw. Ay, traitors all, rather than thus be brav'd, Make England's civil towns huge heaps of fones, And plows to go about our palace gates.

War. A defperate and unnatural refolution!
Alarum to the fight, St. George for England, And the baron's right.

Edw. St. George for England, and king Edward's right.
Enter Edrward, with the barons captives.
Edrw. Now, lufty lords, now, not by chance of war, But juftice of the quarrel, and the caufe,

## 362 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Veil'd is your pride; methinks you hang the heads, But we'll advance them, traitors; now 'tis time To be aveng'd on you for all your braves, And for the murder of my deareft friend, To whom right well you knew our foul was knit, Good Piercy of Gavefton, my fweet favourite. Ah rebels! recreants! you made him away.

Edm. Brother, in regard of thee, and of thy land,
Did they remove that fiatterer from thy throne.
Edre. So, fir, you have fpoke; away, avoid our peefence!
Accurs'd wretches, was't in regard of us, When we had fent our meffenger to requeit He might be fpar'd to come to fpeake with us, And Pembrook undertook for his return, That thou, proud Warwick, watch'd the prifoner, Poor Pierce, and headed him 'gaint law of arms;
For which thy head hall overlook the reft,
As much as thou in rage ontwently the relt.
Was. Tyrant, I foorn thy threats and menaces,
It is but remporal that thou can'ft inhict.
Lan. The worft is death, and better die than live,
To live in infamy under fuch a king.
Edru. Away with them, my lord of Winchefer,
Thefe lunty leaders, Warwick and Lancafter,
I charge you roundly, off with both their heads, away.
War. Farewell, vain world!
Lan. Sweet, Mortimer, farewell.
Mort. jun. England, unkind to thy nobility,
Groan for this grief, behold how thou art maim'd!
Edzw. Go, take that haughty Mortimer to the tower, 'There fee him fafe beftow'd, and for the reft,
Do fpeedy execution on them all. Be gone.
Mort. jun. What, Mortimer ! can ragged fony walls
Immure thy virtue that afpires to heaven?
No, Edward, England's fcourge, it may not be, Mortimer's hope furmounts his fortune far.

Ediw. Sound drums and trumpets, march with me my friends,
Edward this day hath crown'd him king anew.

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 163

Manent Spencer filius, Lerwen and Baldock.
Spen. Lewen, the truft that we repofe in thee,
Begets the quiet of king Edward's land.
Therefore be gone in hafte, and with advice Beftow that treafure on the lords of France, That therewith all enchanted, like the guard That fuffered Jove to pals in fhowers of gold To Danaë, all aid may be denied To Ifabel the queen, that now in France Makes friends, to crofs the feas with her young fon, And ftep into his father's regiment.

Lerwen. That's it thefe barons and the fubte queen Long levied at.

Bal. Yea, but Lewen thou feeft,
There barons lay their heads on blocks together';
What they intend, the hangman fruftrates clean.
Lequen. Have you no doubt, my lords, 1 '11 clap fo clofe
Among the lords of France with England's gold, That fabel hall make her plaints in vain, And France hall be obdurate with her tears.

Spen. Thien make for France, amain-Lewen, aways Proclaim King Edward's wars and victories.
[Exeunt onines.

## Enter Edmiund.

Edn. Fair blows the wind for France, blow gentle. gale,
Till Edmund be arriv'd for England's good!
Nature, yield to my country's caufe in this.
A brother, no, a butcher of thy friends.
Proud Edward, do'ft thou baniin me thy prefence?
But I'll to France, and chear the wronged queen,
And certify what Edward's loofnefs is.
Unnatural king! to flaughter noble men
And cherifh flatterers! Mortimer, I ftay
Thy fweet efcape, fand gracious gloomy night to his devics.

Enter Mortimer difguifed.
Mort.jun. Holla, who walketh there? is't you, my lord?
$E d m$.

## 164 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Edm. Mortimer, 'tis I, but hath thy potion wrought fo happily?
Mort. jun. It hath, my lord, the warders all afleep,
I thank them, gave me leave to pafs in peace. But hath your grace got hipping unto France ?

Edm. Fear it not.
[Exeunt:

> Enter the Queen and ber fon.

2ueen. Ah boy, our friends do fail us all in France;
The lords are cruel, and the king unkind;
What fhall we do ?
Prince. Madam, return to England, And pleafe my father well, and then a fig For all my uncle's friend hip here in France. I warrant you, I'll win his highnefs quickly, He loves me better than a thoufand Spencers.

Quen. Ah boy, thou art deceiv'd, at leaft in this,
To think that we can yet be tun'd together; No, no, we jar too far. Unkind Valois! Unhappy Ifabel! when France rejects, Whither, o whither doft thou bend thy fteps?
Enter Sir Foin of Henolt.
$\operatorname{Sir}$ Jobn. Madam, what cheer ?
Queer. Ah good fir John of Henolt,
Never fo cheerlefs, nor fo far diftrelt.
Sir Fobn 1 hear, fweet lady, of the king's un kindnes ;
But droop not, madam; noble minds contemn Defpair: will your grace with me to Henolt, And there fay time's advantage with your fon? How fay you, my lord, will you go with your friends, And fhake off ali our fortunes equally ?

Prince. So pleafeth the queen my mother, me it likes. The king of England, not the court of France, Shall have me from my gracious mother's fide, Till I be ffrong enough to break a flaff;
And then have at the proudeft Spencer's head.
Sir Fobn. Well faid, my lord.
Qucen. Oh my fiweet heart, how do I moan thy wrongs? Yet triumph in the hope of thee my joy.
Ah fweet fir John, even to the utmoft verge

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 165

Of Europe, or the fhore of Tanaife, Will we with thee to Henolt, fo we will. The marquefs is a noble gentleman, His grace I prefume will welcome me. But what ate thefe?

> Enter Eamsnd and Mortimer.

Edim. Madam, long may you live, Much happier than your friends in England do. Quen. Lord Edmund and lord Mortimer alive! Welcome to France! the news was hére my lord, That you were dead, or very near your death.

Mort. jun. Lady, the laft was trueft of the twain :
But Mortimer, referv'd for better hap, Hath Thaken off the thraldom of the tower, And lives $t$ 'advance your ftandard, good my lord.

Prince. How mean you, and the king my father lives? No, my lord Mortimer, not I, I trow.

2ueen. Not fon, why not? I would it were no worfe, But, gentle lords, friendlefs we are in France.

Mort. jun. Monfieur le Grand, a noble friend of yours, Told us, at our arrival, all the news; How hard the nobles, how unkind the king Hath fhew'd himfelf : but madam, right makes room, Where weapons won't; and though fo many friends Are made away, as Warwick, Lancafter, And others of our party and faction; Yet have we friends, affure your grace, in England, Would caft up caps, and clap their hands for joy, To fee us there, appointed for our foes.

Edm. Would all were well, and Edward well rechaim'd, For England's honour, peace, and quietnefs.

Mor. But by the fword, my lord, it mult be deferv'd; The king will ne'er forfake his flatterers:

Sir Fobn: My lords of England, fith th' ungentie king Of France refufeth to give aid of arms, To this diftrefied queen his fifter here, Go you with her to Henolt; doubt ye not, We will find comfort, money, men, and friends Ere long, to bid the Englifh king abafe. How fay, young prince, what think you of the march?

## 566 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Prince. I think, king Edward will outrun us all. 2ucen. Nay fon, 'not fo; and you mult not difcourage Your friends, that are fo forward in your aid.

Edm. Sir John of Henolt, pardon us, I pray; Thefe comforts that you give our woful queen, Bind us in kindnefs all at your command.
Q) ueen. Yea, gentle brother; and the God of heav'n Profper your happy motion; good fir John.

Mort. jun. This noble gentleman, forward in arm, Was born, I fee, to be our anchor hold. Sir John of Henolt, be it thy renown, That England's queen, and nobles in difrefs, Have been by thee reftor'd and comforted.

Sir Fobn, Madam; along, and you my lord with me, That England's peers may Henolt's welcome fee.

Excent.
Enter the King, Matr, the tevo Spencers, with others. Edw. Thus after many threats of wrathful war, Triumpheth England's Edward with his friends, And triumph Edward with his friends uncontroul'd. My lord of Glo'fter, do you hear the news ?

Spen. jun. What news, my lord?
Edru. Why man, they fay there is great execution Done through the realm; my lord of Arundel
You have the note, have you not?
Matr. From the lieutenant of the tower, my lord. Edru. I pray let us fee it. What have we there? Read it Spencer. [Spencer reads their names. Why fo; they bark'd apace a month ago. Now, on my life; they'll neither bark nor bite. Now firs, the news from France? Glo'fter, I trow, The lotds of France love England's gold fo well, As Ifabel gets no aid from thence. What now remains, have you proclaim'd, my lard, Reward for them can bring in Niortimer:

Spen. jun. My lord, we have; and if he be in England, He will be had e'er long, $I$ doubt it not.

Edw. If, do'it thou fay? Spencer, as true as death, He is in England's ground, our pormafers Are not fo carelefs of their king's comraand.

How now, what news with thee ? from whence come thefe?
Pof. Letters, my lord, and tidings forth of France, To you my lord of Glofter from Lewen.

Edrw. Kẹad.
Spencer reads the letter:
My duty to your honour premifed, $\varepsilon^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$. I have according to infructions in that behalf, dealt with the king of France his lords, and effected, that the queen all difcontented and difcomforted, is gone. Whither, if you afk, with fir John of Henolt, brother to the marquefs, into Flanders: with them are gone lord Edmund, and the lord Mortimer, having in their company divers of your nation, and others; and as conftant report goeth, they intend to give king Edward battel in England, fooner than he can look for them: this is all the news of import.

Your bonour's in all fervice, Lewen.
Edw. Ah villains! hath that Mortimer efcap'd?
With him is Edmund gone affociate?
And will fir John of Henolt lead the round?
Welcome a God's name, madam, and your fon;
England fhall welcome you, and all your rout.
Gallop a pace bright Phoebus through the k k ,
And dufky night, in rufy iron car,
Between you both, fhorten the time, I pray,
That I may fee that moft defired day,
When we may meet thefe traitors in the field.
Ah, nothing grieves me, but my little boy
Is thus miffed to countenance their ills.
Come friends to Briftol, there to make us ftrong ;
And winds, as equal be to bring them in',
As you injurious were to bear them forth: [Excunt.
Enter the Queen, ber fon, Edmund, Mortimer, and fir Fobn.
Queen. Now lords, our loving friends and countrymen, Welcome to England all, with profperous winds,
Our kindeft friends in Belgia have we left,

## 168 The Tragedy of Edward II.

To cope with friends at home: a heavy cafe, When force to force is knit, and fword and gleave,
In civil broils make kin and country-men Slaughter themfelves in others, and their fides With their own weapons gore! But what's the help?
Mifgovern'd kings are caufe of all this wreck;
And Edward thou art one among them all, Whofe loofnefs hath betray'd thy land to fpoil,
-And made the channel overflow with blood.
Of thine own people patron fhouldft thou be, but thouMort. jun. Nay madam, if you be a warrior,
Ye muft not grow fo paffionate in fpeeches.
Lords, fith that we are by fufferance of heav'n,
Arriv'd and armed in this prince's right,
Here for our country's caufe fwear we to him
All homage, fealty and forwardnefs;
And for the open wrongs and injuries
Edward hath done to us, his queen and land,
We come in arms to wreck it with the fword.
That England's queen in peace may repoflefs
Her dignities and honours: and withall
We may remove thefe flatterers from the king,
That havock England's wealth and treafury.
sir Fobn. Sound trumpets, my lord, and forward let us march.
Edward will think we come to flatter him.
Edm. I would he never had been flatter'd more.
[Exeunt:
Enter the King, Baliock, and Spencer the fons : Ffying about the frage.
Spen. Fly, fly, my lord, the queen is overttrong, Her friends do multiply and yours do fail.
Shape we our courfe to Ireland, there to breathe.
Edzw. What, was I born to fly and run away,
And leave the Mortimers conquerors behind?
Give me my horfe, let's reinforce our troops :
And in this bed of honour die with fame.
Bald. O no, my lord, this princely refolution
Fits not the time; away, we are purfis'd.

## The Tragedy of EDward II.

Edmund alone with a ford and target.
Edo. This way he fled, but I am come too late. Edward, alas! my heart relents for thee. Proud traitor, Mortimer, why dol thou chare Thy lawful king, thy sovereign, with thy ford? Vile wretch! and why haft thou, of all unkind, Born arms againft thy brother and thy king?
Rain flowers of vengeance on my curfed head,
'Iou God, to whom in juftice it belongs
To punifh this unnatural revolt !
Edward, this Mortimer aims at thy life :
O fly him then! but Edmund calm this rage,
Diffemble, or thou diet ; for Mortimer
And Ifabel do kiss, while they conspire: And yet the bears a face of love forfooth!
Fie on that love that hatcheth death and hate !
Edmund, away ; Briftow to Longfinank's blood Is falfe, be not found fingle for fufpect:
Proud Mortimer prys near into thy walks.
Enter the Queen, Mortimer, the young Prince, and for John of Henolt.
Queen. Succefsful battel gives the God of kings,
To them that fight in right, and fear his wrath. Since then fuccefsfully we have prevail'd, Thanked be heaven's great architect, and you.
Ere farther we proceed, my noble lords,
We here create our well-beloved for, Of love and care unto his royal peron, Lord warden of the realm; and firth the fates Have made his father fo unfortunate, Deal you, my lords, in this, my loving lords, As to your wifdoms fitteft feems in all.

Edm. Madam, without offence, if I may alt, How will you deal with Edward in his fall?

Prince. Tell me, good uncle, what Edward do you mean?
Adm. Nephew, your father; I dare not call him king, Mort. My lord of Kent, what needs there questions? 'Wis not in her controulment, nor in ours, Vol. II.

## 170 The Tragedy of Edward II.

But as the realm and parliament fhall pleafe,
So fhall your brother be difpofed of.
I like not this relenting mood inEdmund. [Afide to the $2 u$.
Madam, 'tis good to look to him betimes.
2uecn. My lord, the mayor of Briftow knows our mind.
Mort. Yea, madam, and they 'fcape not eafily, That fled the field.

Quecn. Baldock is with the king,
A goodly chancellor, is he not my lord?
Sir fobn. So are the Spencers, the father and the fon, Edm. This Edward is the ruin of the realm.

Enter Rice ap Howell, and the mayor of Brifiow, with Spencer the father.
Rice. God fave queen Ifabel, and her princely fon.
Madam, the mayor and citizens of Brifow,
In fign of love and duty to this prefence,
Prefent by me this traitor to the flate, Spencer, the father to that wanton Spencer,
That like the lawlefs Catiline of Rome,
Revel'd in England's wealth and treafury.
2uecn. We thank you all.
Mort. jun. Your loving care in this,
Deferveth princely favours and rewards.
But where's the king and the other Spencer fled?
Rice. Spencer the fon, created earl of Glo'fter, Is with that fmooth-tongu'd fcholar Baldock gone, And thip'd but late for Ireland with the king.

Mor. jun. Some whirlwind fetch them back, or fink them all :
They fhall be ftarted thence, I doubt it not.
Prin. Shall I not fee the king my father yet?
Ed. Unhappy Edward, chas'd from England's bounds. S. Fobn. NIadam, what refteth, why fland ye in a mufe?
Que. I rue my lord's ill fortune ; but alas !
Care of my country call'd me to this war.
Mor. Madam, have done with care and fad complaint, Your king hath wrong'd your country and himfelf,

## The Tragedy of EDward II.

And we munt feek to right it as we may. Mean while, have hence this rebel to the block.

Spen. pa. Rebel is he that fights againft the prince;
So fought not they that fought in Edward's right.
Mor. Take himaway, he prates; you, Rice ap Howell, Shall do good fervice to her majefty, Being of countenance in your country here, To follow thefe rebellious runnagates. We in mean while, madam, muft take advice, How Baldock, Spencer, and their complices, May in their fall be followed to their end.
[Exeunt oinnes.
Enter the Abbot, Monks, Edward, Spencer, and Baldock.
Abbot. Have you no doubt, my lord; have you no fear;
As filent and as careful we will be, To keep your royal perfon fafe with us, Free from fufpect, and fell invafion
Of fuch as have your majefty in chafe,
As danger of this ftormy time requires.
Edw. Father, thy face fhould harbour no deceit.
O hadit thou ever been a king, thy heart Pierc'd deeply with a fenfe of my diftrefs,
Could not but take compaffion of my fate.
Stately and proud, in riches and in train,
Whilom I was, powerful, and full of pomp:
But what is he, whom rule and empire
Have not in life or death made miferable?
Come Spencer, come Baldock, come fit down by me ;
Make trial now of that philofophy,
That in our famous nurferies of arts
Thou fuck'ff from Plato and from Arifotic.
Father, this life contemplative is heaven.
O that I might this life in quiet lead!
But we, alas ! are chas'd ; and, you my friends,
Your lives and iny difhonour they purfue.
Yet, gentle monks, for treafure, gold not fee,
Do you betray us and our company.

## 172. The Tragedy of Edward II.

Monks. Your grace may fit fecure, if none but we do wot of your abode.
Spen. Not one alive, but fhrewdly I fufpect.
A gloomy fellow in a mead below,
He gave a long look after us, my lord,
And all the land I know is up in arms, Arms that purfue our lives with deadly hate.

Bald. We were imbark'd for Ireland, wretched we,
With aukward winds, and furly tempefts driven
To fall on fhoar, and here to pine in fear
Of Mortimer and his confederates.
Edzu. Mortimer! who talks of Mortimer?
Who wounds me with the name of Mortimer?
That bloody man! Good father on thy lap
Lay I this head, laden with mickle care.
O might I never ope thefe eyes again!
Never again lift up this drooping head!
O never more lift up this dying heart!
Spen. Sen. Look up my lord:-Baldock, this drowfinefs Betides no good; here even we are betray'd.

Enter weith Welch books, Rice ap Horvel, a Morver, and the earl of Leicefico.
Morver. Upon my life, thefe be the men ye feek. Rice. Fellow, enough. My lord, I pray be fhort,
A fair commiffion warrants what we do.
Lei. The queen's commiffion, urg'd by Mortimer,
What cannot gallant Mortimer with the queen?
Alas! fee where he fits, and hopes unfeen,
T'efcape their hands that feek to reave his life.
Too true it is, quem dies vidit veniens fuperbum,
Hunc dies cvidit fugiens jacentem.
Eut Leifter, leave to grow fo pafionate.
Spencer and Baldock, by no other names,
I arreft you of high treafon here.
Stand not on titles, but obey th'arreft;
'Tis in the name of Ifabel the queen.
My lord, why droop you thus?
Edw. O day ! the latt of all my biifs on earth !
Center of all misfortune! O my ftar: !

## The Tragedy of Edward II.

Why do you low'r unkindly on a king?
Comes Leiter then, in Ifabeila's name, To take my life, my company from me? Here man, rip up this panting breaft of mine, And take my heart, in refcue of my friends.

Rice. Away with them!
Spen. jun. It may become thee yet,
To let us take our farewell of his grace.
Abbot. My heart with pity yearns to fee this fight,
A king to bear thefe words and proud commands.
Edqu. Spencer, fweet Spencer, thus then muft we part? Spen. jun. We muft, my lord, fo will the angry heaverns.
Edrw. Nay fo will hell and cruel Mortimer ;
I'he gentle heav'ns have not to do in this.
Bald. My lord, it is in vain to grieve or ftom,
Here humbly of your grace we take our leaves;
Our lots are caft, I fear me, fo is thine.
Edw. In heav'n we may, in earth ne'er fall we mect:
And Leifter fay, what frall become of us?
Leif. Your majefty muft go to Killingworth. Edw. Muft ! 'tis fomewhat hard, when kings muift ge. Leift. Here is a litter ready for your grace,
That wai's your pleafure, and the day grows old. Rice. As good be gone, as tay and be benighted, Edru. A litter haft thou? lay me in a hearle,
And to the gates of hell convey me hence;
Let Pluto's bells ring out my fatal knell,
And hags howl for my death at Charon's fhoar. For friends hath Edward none, but thefe; and thefe Muft die under a tyrant's fword.

Rice. My lord, be going, care not for there, For we fhall fee them fhorter by the heads.

Edw. Well, what fhall be, fhall be : part we muft ! Sweet Spencer, gentle Baldock, part we muft! Hence feigned weeds, unfeigned are my woes; father, farewell! Lei'fter, thou ftay'It for me, And go I muft. Life, fareweil, with my friends. [Exeunt Edrward and Leicefer.
Spen. jun. $O$ is he gone! is noble Edward gone!
Parted from herce! rever to fee us more!

## 174 The Tragedy of EDWARD II.

Rend, Sphere of heav'n! and fire, forfake thy orb !
Farth, melt to air! gone is my fovereign,
Gone, gone, alas! never to make return.
Bald. Spencer, I fee our fouls are fleeting hence;
We are depriv'd the funhine of our life;
Make for a new life, man; throw up thy eyes,
And heart and hand to heav'n's immortal throne,
Pay nature's debt with cheerful countenance ;
Reduce we all our leffons unto this,
To die, fweet Spencer, therefore live we all;
Spencer, all live to die, and rife to fall.
Rice. Come, come, keep thefe preachments till you come to the place appointed.
You, and fuch as you are, have made wife work in England.
Will your lordfhips away?
Morver. Your lordhip I truft will remember me?
Rice. Remember thee, fellow! what elfe?
Follow me to the town.
Enter the king, Leicefter, with a bi/bop for the croum.
Lei. Be patient, good my lord, ceafe to lament,
Imagine Killingworth cafle were your court,
And that you lay for pleafure here a fpace,
Not of compulfion or neceffity.
Earw. Leifter, if gentle words might comfort me,
Thy fpeeches long ago had eas'd my forrows ;
For kind and loving haft thou always been.
The griefs of private men are foon allay $\cdot \mathrm{d}$,
Eut not of kings. The foreft deer being fruck,
Runs to an her' that clofeth up the wounds;
But when the imperial lion's flefh is gor'd,
He rends and tears it with his wrathful paw, And highly fcoming, that the lowly earth Should drink his blood, mounts up to th' air.
And fo it fares with me, whofe dauntlefs mind
Th' ambitious Mortimer would feek to curb, And that sinatatural queen, falfe Ifabel,
That thus hath pent and mu'd me in a prifon:
For fuch outragious paffions claw my foul,
As with the wings of rancour and difdain,

## The Tragedy of Edward II.

Full oft an i foaring up to high heav'n, To plain me to the gads againtt them both. But when I call to mind I am a king, Methinks I fhould revenge me of the wrongs, That Mortimer and Ifabel have done. But what are kings, when regiment is gone, But perfeet fhadows in a funfhine day ? My nobles rule, I bear the name of king; I wear the crown, but am controul'd by them, By Mortimer, and my unconftant queen, Who foots my nuptial bed with infamy; Whilf I am lodg'd within this cave of care, Where forrow at my elbow fill attends, To company my heart with fad laments, That bleeds within me for this ftrange exchange. But tell me, muft I now refign my crown, To make ufurping Mortimer a king?
$B i / b$. Your grace miftakes, it is for England's good, And princely Edward's right we crave the crown.

Edw. No, 'tis for Mortimer, not Edwaid's head,
For he's a lamb, encompafled by wolves, Which in a moment will abridge his life. But if proud Mortimer do wear chis crown, Heav'ns turn it to a blaze of quenchlefs fire,
Or like the fnaky wreath of Tiriphon, Engirt the temples of his hateful head;
So fhall not England's vines be perifhed, But Edward's name furvive, though Edward dies. Leic. My lord, why wafte you thus the time away? They ftay your anfwer, will you yield your crown? Edw. Ah, Leifter, weigh how hardly I can brook
To lofe my crown and kingdom without caufe;
To give ambitious Mortimer my right,
That like a mountain overwhelms my blifs,
In which extream my, mind here murther'd is.
But what the heav'ns appoint, I muft obey!
Here, take my crown; the life of Edward too;
'Two kings in England cannot reign at once.
But itay a while, let me be king till night,
'That I may gaze upon this glittering crown;

## 370 The Tragedy of Edward II.

So fhall my eyes receive their laft content,
My head, the lateft honour due to it,
And jointly both yield up their wiffed right.
Continue ever, thou celeftial fun ;
Let never filent night poffefs this clime;
Stand fill, you watches of the element;
All times and feafons, reft you at a ftay,
That Edward may be ftill fair England's king.
But day's bright beam doth vanifh faft away,
And reeds I muft refign my wifhed crown;
Irhuman creatures! nurs'd with tiger's milk!
Why gape you for your fovereign's overthrow?
My diadem I mean, and guiltlefs life.
See, monfters, fee, I'll wear my crown again.
What, fear you not the fury of your king?
Eut harlefs Edward, theu art fondly led,
They pafs not for thy frowns as late they did,
But feek to make a new-elected king;
Which fills my mind with frange defpairing thoughts,
Which thoughts are martyr'd with endlefs torments,
And in this torment, comfort find I none,
But that I feel the crown upon my head,
And therefore let me wear it yet a while.

- Trufiy. My lord, the parliament maft have prefent news, Ard therefore fay, will you refign or no?
The king rageth.

Edw. I'll not refign! but whilit I live, be king!
Traitors be gone, and join with Mortimer.
Elect, confpire, inftall, do what you will;
Their blood and yours fhall feal thefe treacheries!
$B i \beta$. This anfwer we'll return, and fo farewell.
Leif. Call them again, my lord, and fpeak them fair;
For if they go, the prince fhall lofe his right.
Edw. Call thou them back, I have no power to fpeak.
Lei. My Lord, the king is willing to refign.
$B i \not /$. If he be not, let him choofe.
Edw. O would I might ! but heav'n and earth confpire
To make me miferable! here, receive my crown;
Receive it? no, thefe innocent hands of mine
Shall not be guilty of fo foul a crime.
He of you all that moft defires my blood,

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 177

And will be call'd the murtherer of a king, Take it. What, are you mov'd? pity you me?
Then fend for unrelenting Mortimer,
And Ifabel, whofe eyes being turn'd to fteel, Will fooner fparkle fire than hed a tear.
Yet flay, for rather than I will look on them, Here, here : now fiweet God of heav'n, Make me defpife this traniftory pomp, And fit for ever inthroniz'd in heav'n!
Come death, and with thy fingers clofe my eyes,
Or if I live, let me forget myfelf.
Enter Bartley.
Bartley. My lord.
Edrw. Call me not lord;
Away, out of my fight-ah, pardon me,
Grief makes me lunatick!
Let not that Mortimer protect my fon;
More fafety there is in a tiger's jaws,
Than his imbracements-Bear this to the queen,
Wet with my tears, and dry'd again with fighs:
If with the fight thereof fne be not mov'd,
Return it back and dip it in my blood.
Commend me to my fon, and bid him rule
Better than I. Yet how have I tranfgreft,
Unlefs it be with too much clemency?
Trufy. And thus, moft humbly do we take our leave,
Edw. Farewell; I know the next news that they bring,
Will by my death ; and welcome fhall it be,
To wretched men, death is felicity.
Leiff. Another polt! what news brings he?
Edrw. Such news as I expeet--come Bartiey, come, And tell thy meffage to my naked breant.

Bart. My lord, think not a thought fo rillanous
Can harbour in a man of nobie birth.
To do your highnefs fervice and devoir,
And fave you from your foes, Bartley would die.
Leif. My lord, the counfel of the queen commands
That I refign my charge.
Edw. And who mut keep menow? muft you, my lord?
Bart. I, my moft gracious lord, fo 'tis decreed.

## ${ }^{1} 78$ The Tragedy of Edward II.

Edw. By Mortimer, whofe name is written here.
Well, may I rend his name that rends my heart ; This poor revenge hath fometning eas'd my mind.
So may his limbs be torn, as is this paper ;
Hear me, immortal Jove, and grant it too !
Bart. Your grace muft hence with me to Bartley ftraight.
$E d w$. Whither you will, all places are alike, And every earth is fit for burial.

Leif., Favour him, my lord, as much as lieth in you.
Bart. Even fo betide my foul as I ufe him.
Edw. Mine enemy hath pitied my eftate,
And that's the caufe that I am now remov'd.
Bart. Andthinks your grace that Bartley will be cruel?
Edw. I know not, but of this am I affur'd,
That death ends all, and I can die but once.
Leicefter, farewell.
Lei. Not yet, my. lord, I'll bear you on your way.
[Exeunt omnes.
Enter Mortimer, and queen Ifabel.
Mort. jurs. Fair Ifabel, now have we our defire,
The proud corrupters of the light-brain'd king
Have done their homage to the lofty gallows,
And he himfelf lies in captivity.
Be rui'd by me, and we will rule the realm.
In any cafe take heed of childin fear,
For now we hold an old wolf by the ears,
That if he flip will feize upon us both,
And gripe the forer, being gript himfelf.
Think therefore, madam, it imports us much,
To erect your fon with all the fpeed we may,
And that I be protector over him ;
For our behoof will bear the greater fway
When as a king's name fhall be under writ.
Queen. Sweet Mortimer, the life of Ifabel,
Be thou perfwaded that I love thee well,
And therefore fo the prince my fon be fafe,
Whom I efteem as dear as thefe mine eyes,
Conclude againtt his father what thou wilt, And I myfelf will willingly fubfcribe.

## The Tragedy of Edward II. I79

Mort. jun. Firft would I hear news he were depos'd, And then let me alone to handle him.

> Enter Mefenger.

Mort. jun. Letters! from whence?
Meff. From Killingworth, my lord.
2ueen. How fares my lord the king?
Meff. In health, madam, but full of penfivenefs.
2ueen. Alas! poor foul, would I could eare his grief. Thanks, gentle Winchefter, firrah, be gone.

Exit Mefenger.
Win. The king hath willingly refign'd his crown. 2ueen. O happy news! fend for the prince, my fon. $B i \not \equiv$. Further, ere this letter was feal'd, lord Bartley came,
So that he now is gone from Killingworth, And we have heard that Edmund laid a plot 'To fet his brother free; no more but fo, The lord of Bartley is fo pitiful, As Leifter that had charge of him before.

Queen. Then let fome other be his guardian.
Mort. jun. Let me alone, here is the privy feal. Who's there? call hither Gurney and Matrevis, Todafh the heavy-headed Edmund's drift, Bartley fhall be difcharg'd, the king remov'd, And none but we fhall know where he lieth.

Quecn. But, Mortimer, as long as he furvives, What fafety refts for us, or for my fon?

Mort.jun. Speak, fhall he prefently be difpatch'd and die?
Queen. I would he were, fo't were not by my means. Enter Matrevis and Gurney.
Mort. jun. Enough, Matrevis, write a letter prefently
Unto the lord of Bartley from ourfelf,
'That he refign the king to thee and Gurney,
And when'tis done, we will fubfcribe our name.
Matr. It hall be done, miy lord.
Mort. jun. Gurney.
Gur. My lord.
Miort. jun. As thou intendef to rife by Mortimer, Who now makes fortune's wheel turn as he pleafe,

## 180 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Seek all the means thou cantt to make him droop,
And neither give him kind word nor good look.
Gur. 1 warrant you, my lord.
Mort. jun. And this above the reft, becaufe we hear
That Edmund cafts to work his liberty,
Remove him fill from place to place by night,
Till at the laft he come to Killing worth,
And then from thence to Bartley back again :
Ard by the way, to make him fret the more, Speak curfly to him ; and in any cafe
Let no man comfort him if he chance to weep,
But amplify his grief with bitter words.
Matr. Fear not, my lord, we'll do as you command.
Mort. jun. So, now away; poft thitherwards amain.
2ueen. Whither goes this letter, to my lord the king?
Commend me humbly to his majeity,
And tell him, that I labour all in vain
To eafe his grief, and work his liberty; And bear him this, as witnefs of my love.

Matr. I will, nadam.
[Excunt Matrevis and Gurney.
Manent Ifabel and Mortimer.
Finter the young prince, and the carl of Kent talking witho bim.
Mort. jun. Finely diffembled ! do fo ftill, fweet queen. Here comes the young prince, with the earl of Kent.

Queen. Something he whirpers in his childifh ears.
Murt. jun. If he have fuch accefs unto the prince,
Our plots and ftratagems will foon be daih'd.
Quen. Ufe Edmund friendly, as if all were well.
Mort. jum. How fares my honourable lord of Kent?
Edim. In heaith, fweet Mortimer; how fares your grace?
Quen. Weil, if my lord your brother were enlarg'd. Edm. I hear of late he hath depos'd himfelf.
Queen. The more my grief.
Mort. jun. And mine.
Edm. Ah, they do diffemble! [Afide.
2 quen. Sweet fon come hither, I muft talk with thee.

## The Tragedy of Edward II. I8I

Mort. jun. You being his uncle, and the next of blood, Dó look to be protector o'er the prince.
Edm. Not I, my lord, who fhould protect the fon, But the that gave him life, I mean the queen ?

Prince. Mother, perfuade me not to wear the crown; Let him be king, I am too young to reign.

Qucen. But be content, feeing it his highnefs' pleafure.
Prince. Let me but fee him firt, and then I will.
Edm. Ay do, fweet nephew.
Gueen. Brother,' you know it is impoffible.
Frince. Why, is he dead?
Quecn. No, God forbid!
Edm. I would thofe words proceeded from your heart.
Mort. jun. Inconftant Edmund, doft thou favour him, That wait a caufe of his imprifonment?

Edm. The more caufe have Inow to make amends.
Mort. jun. I tell thee 'tis not meet, that one fo falfe Should come about the perfon of a prince.
My lord, he hath betray'd the king his brother,
And therefore truit him not.
Prince. But he repents, and forrows for it now.
2uecn. Come fon, and go with this gentle lord and me.
Prince. With you I will, but not with Mortimer.
Mort. Why youngling, dain'ft thou fo of Mortimer?
Then I will carry thee by force away.
Prince. Help, uncle Kent, Mortimer will wrong me.
Queen. Brother Edmund, ftrive not, we are his friends, foabel is nearer than the earl of Kent.

Edm. Sifter, Edward is my charge, redeem him. 2ueen. Edward is my fon, and I will keep him.
Edm. Mortimer fhall know that he hath wrong'd me. IIence will I hafte to Killingworth cafle, And refcue aged Edward from his foes, To be reveng'd on Mortimer and thee.
[Exeunt omnes.
Enter Matrevis and Gurney with the king.
Mat. My lord, be not penfive, we are your friends; Mien are ordain'd to live in mifery,

Therefore

## 182 The Tragedy of EDWARD II.

Therefore come, dalliance dangereth our lives.
Edru. Friends, whither muft unhappy Edward go?.
Will hateful Mortimer appoint no reft?
Muft I be vexed like the nightly bird,
Whofe fight is loathfome to all winged fowls ?
When will the fury of his mind afiwage ?
When will his heart be fatisfied with blood?
If mine will ferve, unbowel fraight this breaft,
And give my heart to Ifabel and him,
It is the chiefeft mark they level at.
Gur. Not fo, my liege, the queen hath given this charge,
To keep your grace in fafety;
Your paffions make your choler to encreafe.
$E d w$. This ufage makes my mifery encreafe.
But can my air of life continue long,
When all my fenfes are annoy'd with ftench ?
Within a dungeon England's king is kept,
Where I am ftarv'd for want of fuftenance.
My daily diet is heart-breaking fobs,
That almoft rend the clofet of my heart ;
Thus lives old Edward not reliev'd by any,
And fo muft die, tho' pitied by many.
O water, gentle friends, to cool my thirf,
And clear my body from foul excrements.
Mat. Here's channel water, as our charge is given;
Sit down, for we'll be barbers to your grace.
Edru. Traitors, away; what will you murder me,
Or choak your fovereign with puddle water?
Gur. No, but wafh your face, and fhave away your beard,
Left you be known, and fo be refcued.
Mat. Why frive you thus, your labour is in vain ?
Edcw. The wren may ftrive againft the lion's frength,
But all in vain; fo vainly do Iftrive,
To feek for mercy at a tyrant's hand.
[They wafb bim with puddle water, and 乃ave his beard away.
Immortal powers! that know the painful cares,
That wait upon my, poor diftreffed foul!

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 183

O level all your looks upon thefe daring men,
That wrong their liege and fovereign, England's king.
O Gavelton, it is for thee that I am wrong'd, For me, both thou and both the Spencers dy'd!
And for your fakes, a thoufand wrongs I'll take. The Spencers ghofts, wherever they remain, Wifh well to mine; then tufh, for them I'll die.

Mat. 'Twixt theirs and yours, fhall be no enmity.
Come, come, away, now put the torches out, We'll enter in by darknefs to Killingworth.

> Enter Edmund.

Gur. How now, who comes there?
Mat. Guard the king fure ; it is the earl of Kent.
Edw. O, gentle brother, help to refcue me.
Mat. Keep them afunder; thruft in the king.
Edm. Soldiers, let me but talk to him one word.
Gur. Lay hands upon the earl for his affault.
Edm. Lay down your weapons, traitors, yield the king.
Mat. Edmund, yield thou thyfelf, or thou fhalt die. Edm. Bafe villains, wherefore do you gripe me thus?
Gur. Bind him, and fo convey him to the court.
Eam. Where is the court but here? here is the king,
And I will vifit him, why flay you me?
Mat. The court is where lord Mortimer remains;
Thither fhall your honour go; and fo farewell.
[Exeunt Matrevis and Gurney, with the king.
Manent Edmund and the foldiers.
Edm. O miferable is that common-weal, where lords
Keep courts, and kings are lock'd in prifon!
Sol. Wherefore ftay we? on, firs, to the court.
Edm. Ay, lead me whither you will, even to my death,
Seeing that my brother cannot be releas'd.
[Exeunt omnes.

> Enter Mortimer alone.

Mort. jun. The king muft die, or Mortimer goes down.
The commons now begin to pity him,

## 184 The Tragedy of EDwARDII.

Yet he that is the caufe of Edward's death,
Is fure to pay for it when his fon's of age ;
And therefore will I do it cunningly.
This letter, written by a friend of ours,
Contains his death, yet bids them fave his life.
Edwardum occidere nolite, timere bonum eff.
Fear not to kill the king, "tis good he die.
But read it thus, and that's another fenfe:
Edwardum occidere nelite timere bonum fof.
Kill not the king, 'tis good to fear the worl?.
Unpointed as it is, thus fhall it go,
That being dead, if it chance to be found,
Matrevis and the reft may bear the blame,
And we be quit that caus'd it to be done.
Within this room is lock'd the meffenger,
That fhall convey it, and perform the reft :
And by a fecret token that he bears,
Shall he be murder d when the deed is done.
Lightborn, come forth, art thou fo refolute as thou waft?
Ligbt. What elfe, my lord? and far more refolute. Mort. jun. And haft thou calt how to accomplith it? Ligbt. Ay, ay, and none fhall know which way he died.
Mort. jun. But at his looks, Lightborn, thou wilt relent.
Ligbt. Relent! ha, ha, I ufe much to relent. Mort. Well, do it bravely, and be fecret.
Light. You fhall not need to give inftructions;
'Tis not the frrt time I have kill'd a man.
I learn'd in Naples how to poifon fowers,
To ftrangle with a lawn thruft thro the throat ;
To pierce the wind-pipe with a ncedie's point ;
Or whilf one is afleep, to take a quill
And blow a little powder in his ears;
Or open his mouth, and pour quick-filver down.
But yet I have a braver way than thefe.
NIort. What's that ?
Ligbt. Nay, you fhall pardon me, none fhall know my trichs.

## The Tragedy of Edward II. <br> 185

## Mort. I care not how it is, fo it be not 'Spy'd.

 Deliver this to Gurney and Matrevis.At every ten mile end thou haft a horse.
Take this, away; and never fee me more.
Light. No!
Mort. No, unless thou bring me news of Edward's death.
Light. That will I quickly do; farewel, my lord.
Mort. The prince I rule, the queen do I command,
And with a lowly conge to the ground,
The proudeft lords salute me as I pass :
I feal, I cancel, I do what I will;
Fear'd am I more than lov'd-let me be fear'd;
And when I frown, make all the court look pale.
I view the prince with Ariftarchus' eyes,
Whore looks were as a breeching to a boy.
They thruft upon me the protectorhip,
And fie to me for that which I defire.
While at the council-table, grave enough,
And not unlike a baffful puritan,
Firft I complain of imbecility,
Saying it is, onus quam graviiffmum,
Till being interrupted by my friends,
Sufcepi that provinciam, as they term it,
And to conclude, I am protector now.
Now is all fure, the queen and Mortimer
Shall rule the realm, the king, and none rule us.
Mine enemies will I plague, my friends advance,
And what I lift command, who dare controul?
Major fum quàm sui polit fortuna nocere.
And that this be the coronation-day,
It pleafeth me, and Ifabel the queen.
The trumpets found, I malt go take my place.
Enter the young King, Bi/iop, Champion, Nobles, Queen.
Bishop. Long live king Edward, by the grace of God,
King of England, and lord of Ireland.
Cham: If any chriftian, heathen, Turk, or Jew,
Dares but affirm, that Edward's not true king,

## 186 The Tragedy of Edwaraill.

And will avouch his faying with the fword,
I am the champion that will combat him.
Mort. jun. None comes, found trumpets.
King. Champion, here's to thec.
Queen. Lord Mortiner, now take him to your charge.
Enter foldiers with the earl of Kent prifoner.
Mort. jun. What traitor have we there with blades and bills?
Sol. Edmund, the earl of Kent.
King. What hath he done?
Sol. He would have taken the king away per force,
As we were bringing him to Killingworth.
Miort. jun. Did you attempt his refcue, Edmund, fpeak?
Edin. Mortimer, I did; he is our king,
And thou compell'ft this prince to wear the crown.
Mor. jun. Strike off his head, he Ghall have martial law.
Eim. Strike of my head! bare traitor, I defy thee.
King. My lord, he is iny uncle, and fhall live.
Mor. jun. My lord, he is your enemy, and fhall die.
Edm. Stay, villains !
King. Sweet mother, if I cannot pardon him,
Intreat my lord protector for his life.
Que. Son, be content; I dare not fpeak a word.
King. Nor I, and yet methinks I fhould command;
But feeing I cannot, I'll intreat for him-
My lord, if you will let my uncle live,
I will requite it when I come to age.
Mor. jun. 'Tis for your highnefs' good, and for the realm's.
How often thall I bid you bear him hence?
Edm. Art thou king? muft I die at thy command?
Mor. jun. At our command! once more, away with him.
$E d m$. Let me but flay and Speak ; I will not go. Either my brother or his fon is king,

## The Tragedy of Edward II.

And none of both them thirft for Edmund's blood. And therefore, foldiers, whither will you hale me?
[They bale Edmund away, and carry bim to bs bebeaded.
King. What fafety may I look for at his hands, If that my uncle fhall be murdered thus ?

Que. Fear not, fweet boy, I'll guard thee from thy foes;
Had Edmund liv'd, he would have fought thy death. Come fon, we'll ride a hunting in the park.

King. And fhall my uncle Edmund ride with us?
2ue. He is a traitor, think not on him ; come.
f: Extunt omnes.

> Enter Matr. and Gurney.

Matr. Gurney, I wonder the king dies not,
Being in a vault up to the knees in water,
To which the channels of the caftle run,
From whence a damp continually arifeth,
That were enough to poifon any man,
Much more a king, brought up fo tenderly.
Gurn. And fo do I, Matrevis: yefternight I open'd but the door to throw him meat,
And I was almof fiffed with the favour.
Matr. He hath a body able to endure
More than we can inflict : and therefore now,
Let us affail his mind another while.
Gurin. Send for him out thence, and I will anger him. Matr. But flay, who's this?

> Enter Lightborn.

Light. My lord protector greets you.
Gurn. What's here ? I know not how to conftrue it.
Matr. Gurney, it was left unpointed for the nonce ; Edwardum occidere nolite timere,
That's his meaning.
Light. Know ye this token? I muft have the king.
Matr. Ay, ftay a while, thou fhalt have anfwer ftraight.
This villain's fent to make away the king.
Gurn. I thought as much.

## 188. The Tragedy of Edward II.

Matr. And when the murder's done,
See how he mutt be handled for his labour.
Pereat iffe: let him have the king.
What elfe? here is the keys, this is the lake,
Do as you are conmanded ty my lord.
Light. I know what I mufde, get you away.
Yet be not far off, I fhall need your help;
See that in the next room I have a fire,
And get me a pit, and let it be red hot.
Matre. Very well.
Gurn. Need you any thing befides?
Light. A table and a featherbed.
Gurn. That's all.
Light. Ay, ay, fo when I call you, bring it in.
Matr. Fear not thou that.
Gurn. Here's a light to go into the dungeon.
Ligbt. So now mult I about this geer, ne'er was there any
So finely handled as this king fhall be.
Foh, here's a place indeed, with all niy heart!
Edw. Who's there? what light is that? wherefore com't thou?
Light. To comfort you, and bring you joyfal news.
Eaw. Small comfort finds poor Edward in thy looks.
Villain, I know thou com'ft to murder me.
Ligkt. To murder you, my molt gracious lord!
Far is it from my heart to do you harm.
The queen fent me to fee how you were us'd,
For fhe relents at this your mifery:
And what eyes can refrain from fhedding tears,
To fee a king in this moft piteous fate ?
Edw. Weep'f thou already ! lift a while to me,
And then thy heart, were it as Gurney's is,
Or as Matrevis, hewn from the Caucafus,
Yet will it melt, e'er I have done my tale.
This dungeon where they keep me, is the funk,
Wherein the filth of all the caftle falls.
Ligkt. O villains!

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 189

Etiv. And there, in mire and puddle have I food This ten days Space; and, left that I fhould fleep, One piays continually upon a drum.
They give me bread and water, being a king;
So that, for want of fleep and fuftenance,
My mind's diftemper'd, and my body's numb'd, And whether I have limbs or no, I know not.
O, would my blood drop out from every vein,
As doth this water from my tatter'd robes.
Tell Ifabel, the queen, I look'd not thus, When for her fake I ran at tilt in France, And there unhors'd the duke of Cleremont.

Ligbt. O fpeak no more, my lord! this breaks my heart.
Lie on this bed, and reft yourfelf a while.
Edw. Thefe looks of thine can harbour nought but death :
I fee my tragedy written in thy brows.
Yet flay a while, forbear thy bloody hand, And let me fee the ftroke before it comes, That even then when I fhall lofe my life, My mind may be more ftedfant on my God.

Light. What means your highnefs to miftruft me thas? Edw. What mean'ft thou to diffemble with me thus?
Ligbt. Thefe hands were never fain'd with innocent blood,
Nor fhall they now be tainted with a king's.
Edzw. Forgive mys thought, for having fuch a thought.
One jewel have I left, receive thou this. Still fear I, and I know not what's the caufe, But every joint fhakes as I give it thee.
O if thou harbour't murder in thy heart !
Let this gift change thy mind, and fave thy foul.
Know, that I am a king: Oh! at that name I feel a hell of grief; where is my crown?
Gone, gone, and do I ftill remain alive?
Light. You're overwatch'd, my lord, lie down and reft.
Ediw. But that grief keeps me waking, I fhould neep; For not thefe ten days have thefe eye-lids clos'd.

## 190 The Tragedy of Edward II.

Now as I fpeak they fall, and yet with fear
Open again. O wherefore fit'f thou here?
Light. If you miftruft me, I'll be gone, my lord.
Edw. No, no, for if thou mean'ft to murder me,
Thou wilt return again, and therefore fay.
Light. He fleeps.
Edrw. O let me not die ; yet flay, Oflay a while.
Light. How now, my lord?
Edru. Something ftill buzzeth in mine ears,
And tells me, if I feep I never wake;
This fear is that which makes me tremble thus.
And therefore tell me, wherefore art thou come ?
Ligbt. To rid thee of thy life; Matrevis, come.
Edw. I am too wéak and feeble to refirt:
Affift me, fweet God, and receive my foul.
Light. Run for the table.
Edrw. O fpare me, or difpatch me in a trice.
Light. So, lay the table down, and ftamp on it,
But not too hard, left that you bruife his body.
Matr. I fear me that this cry will raife the town,
And therefore let us take horfe and away.
Light. Tell me, firs, was it not bravely done?
Gurn. Excellent well, take this for thy reward.
[Gurney fabs Ligbtborn.
Come, let us caft the body in the mote,
And bear the king's to Mortimer our lord: away.
[Exeunt omnes.
Enter Mortimer and Matrevis.
Mor. jun. Is't done, Matrevis, and the murderer dead?
Matr. Ay, my good lord, I would it were undone. Mor. jun. Matrevis, if thou now groweft penitent
I'll be thy ghofly father; therefore chufe,
Whether thou wilt be fecret in this,
Or elfe die by the hand of Mortimer.
Matr. Gurney, my lord is fled, and will, I fear,
Betray us both, therefore let me fly.
Mor. jun. Fly to the favages.
Matr. I humbly thank your honour.
Micr. jun. As for myfelf, I fand as Jove's huge tree ;

And others are but fhrubs compared to me. All tremble at my name, and I fear none; Let's fee who dare impeach me for his death. Enter the Queen.
Queen. Ah, Mortimer, the king my for hath news, His father's dead, and we have murdered him.

Moor. jun. What if he have? the king is yet a child. Queen. Ay, ay, but he tears his hair, and wrings his hands,
And vows to be reveng'd upon us both.
Into the council-chamber he is gone, To crave the aid and fuccour of his peers. Ah me! fee where he comes, and they with him; Now, Mortimer, begins our tragedy. Enter the King, with the Lords.
Lords. Fear not, my lord, know that you are a king. King. Villain!
Mar. jun. How now, my lord?
King. Think not that I am frighted with thy words !
My father's murder'd through thy treachery,
And thou halt die, and on his mournful hearse
Thy hateful and accurfed head fall lie, To witnefs to the world, that by thy means His kingly body was too foo interr'd.

Queen. Weep not, fret for!
King. Forbid not me to weep, he was my father; And had you lov'd him half fo well as I, You could not bear his death thus patiently. But you, I fear, confpir'd with Mortimer.

Lords. Why freak you not unto my lord the king?
Mors. jun. Because I think fcorn to be accus'd. Who is the man dares fay I murder'd him?

King. Traitor! in me my loving father peaks, And plainly faith, 'twas thou that murd'reft him.

Mors. jun. But hath your grace no other proof than this?
King. Yes, if this be the hand of Mortimer.
Mor. jun. Falfe Gurney hath betray'd me and himfell.
queen. I fear as much ; murder cannot be hid.
Nor. jun. 'Tis my hand; what gather you by this?

## 172 The Tragedy of EDw ARD II.

King. That thither thou did'tt fend a murderer. Mor. junn. What murderer? Bring forth the man I feint.
King. Ay, Mortimer, thou know'f that he is flain;
And fo fhalt thou be too. Why flays he here?
Bring him unto a hurdle, drag him forth, Hang him I fay, and fet his quarters up. But bring his head back prefently to me.

Queen. For my fake, fiweet fon, pity Mortimer.
Mor. jun. Madam, intreat not, I will rather die, Than fue for life unto a paltry boy.

King. Hence with the traitor! with the murderer!.
Mor. jun. Bafe fortune, now I fee, that in thy wheel
There is a point, to which when men afpire,
They tumble headlong down: that point I touch'd, And feeing there was no place to mount up higher, Why fhould I grieve at my declining fall ?
Farewell, fair Queen, weep not for Mortimer,
That fcorns the world, and as a traveller,
Goes to difcover countries yet unknown.
King. What! fuffer you the traitor to delay?
2 ueen. As thou received'it thy life from me,
Spill not the blood of gentle Mortimer.
King. This argues, that you fpilt my father's blood, Elfe would you not intreat for Mortimer.

2ueen. I fpill his blood? no.
King. Ay, madam, you; for fo the rumour runs.
Queen. That rumour is untrue; for loving thee,
Is this report rais'd on poor Ifabel ?
King. I do not think her fo unnatural.
Lords. My lord, I fear me it will prove too true: King. Mother, you are furpeeted for his death,
And therefore we commit you to the tower,
Till farther trial may be made thereof; If you be guilty, tho' I be your fon, Think not to find me flack or pitiful.

2ueen. Nay, to my death, for too long bave I liv'd, When as my fon thinks to abridge my days.

King. Away with her, her words inforce thefe tears, And I hall pity her if the fpeak again.
Quen. Shall I not mourn for miy beloved lord?

## The Tragedy of Edward II. 193

And with the reft accompany him to his grave?
Lords. Thus, madam, 'tis the king's will you fhall hence.
Queen. He hath forgotten me; ftay, I am his mother. Lords. That boots not, therefore, gentle madam, go. 2ucen. Then come fweet death, and rid me of this grief.
Lords. My lord, here is the head of Mortimer. King. Go fetch my father's hearfe, where it fhall lie, And bring my funeral robes. Accurfed head, Could I have rul'd thee then, as I do now, Thou had'ft not hatch'd this monftrous treachery. Here comes the hearfe, help me to mourn, my lords. Sweet father, here unto thy murdered ghoft, 1 offer up this wicked traitor's head; And let thefe tears, diftilling from mine eyes, Be witnefs of my grief and innocence.



$$
[195]
$$



## THE

## Spanifl Tragedy: <br> OR,

## Hieronimo is mad again.



## [196]

## 

IKnow not who was the Author of this Play, nor exactly what Age it is. My Copy was printed in 1633, but that it was much older than this, I gather from the Return from Parnaflus, printed in 1606, where Burbage and Kemp, two famous Players, are introduc'd teaching a young Actor to Speak a Speech of Hieronimo's; from whence 'tis plain, 'twas then a noted Piece, but bow much older it might be, one cannot tell. Phillips and Winftanly afcribe it to one William Smith, an Author in the Reign of James the Firft, who wrote an Hiftorical Play calied the Hector of Germany, acted at the Red-Bull in 1611. But tho' the Dates may allow the fame Perfon to be the Author of both, 1 think the Stile and Manner of the two Pieces are by no means the fame.


Dra-

$$
\left[\begin{array}{ll}
{[197}
\end{array}\right]
$$

## Fxercex

## Dramatis Perfonæ.

THE Gbofi of Andirea. Rervenge.
King of Spain.
Viceroy of Portugal.
Don Cyprian, Duke of Caftile.
Hieronimo, Marßal of Portugal.
Balthazar, the Viceray's Son, in Love with: Belimperia.
Lorenzo, Duke of Caftile's Son.
Horatio, Hieronimo's Son.
Alexandro.
Villippo.
Pedringano.
Serberine.
Old Man.
Painter.
Page.
Hangman.
Citizens, Soldiers, Attendants.
Ifabella, Hieronimo's Wife.
Beimperia, Lorenzo's Sifter.


## [198]



THE
Spanifl Tragedy:
OR,

## Hieronimo is mad again.

## A C T. 1.

Putiv the Cliofio of Avidrea, and with bins Revenge.
Skof. 2 gim an HEN this eternal fubftance of my foul
 Did live imprifon'd in my wonted fefh,
Each in their function ferving other's need,
I was a courtier in the Spanifh court ;
My name was don Andrea : my defcent,
Tho' not ignoble, yet inferior far
To gracious fortunes of my tender youth :
There in the pride and prime of all my years,

## The Spanifh Trageay.

By duteous fervice, and deferving love,
In fecret I pofieft a worthy dame,
Which hight fweet Belimperia by name.
But, in the harveft of my fummer's joys,
Death's winter nipt the blofioms of my blifs,
Forcing divorce betwixt my love and me:
For in the late confict with Portugal,
My valour drew me into danger's mouth,
Till life to death made paflage thro' my wound.
When I was flain, my foul defcended ftrait
To pafs the flowing ftream of Acheron;
But churlifh Charon, oonly boatman there,
Said, that my rites of burial not perform'd,
I might not fit amorig his paffengers.
E'er Sol had flept three nights in Thetis' lap,
And flak'd his frioaking chawiot in her flood,
By don Horatio, our knight-marfhal's fon,
My funerals and obferuice were done.
Then was the ferryman of hell content
To pafs me over to the fimy fluand,
That leads to fell Avernus' ugly wavee;
There, pleafing Cerbezas with hionied speech,
I palt the perils of the Soremof porch.
Not far from hence, amidf ten thourand fouls,
Sat Minos, Æacus, and Radamant,
To whom no fooner 'gan I make approach,
To crave a paffifort for my wand ring ghoit,
But Minos, in graven leaves of lotery,
Drew forth the manner of my. life and death.
This knight (quoth he) both liv'd and died in love;
And, for his love, try'd fortune of the wars,
And by war's fortune loft both love and life.
Why then (faid. .eacus) convey kim hence,
To walk with lovers in our fields of love,
And fpend the courfe of everlafting time
Under green myrtle-trees, and cyprefs. fhades.
No, no, (faid Radamant), it were not well.
With loving fouls to place a martialit:
He died in war, and muft to martial fields.
Where wounded Hector lives in lafting pain,

And Achilles' myrmidons do fcour the plain. 'Then Minos, mildeft cenfurer of the three,
Made this device, to end the difference :
Send him (quoth he) to our infernal king,
'To doom him as beft feems his majefty.
'To this effect my pafiport ftrait was crawn.
In keeping on my way to Pluto's court,
'Thro' dreadful fhades of ever-gloomy night,'
I faw more fights than thoufand tongues can tell,
Or pens can write, or mortal hearts can think.
Three ways there were; that on the right-hand fide
Was ready way unto the 'forefaid field,
Where lovers live, and bloody martialifts;
But either fort contain'd within his bounds.
The left-hand path, declining fearfully,
Was a ready fall down to the deepeft hell.
Where bloody furies fhake their whips of fteel,
And poor Ixion turns an endlefs wheel ;
Where ufurers are choak'd with melting gold, And wantons are embrac'd with ugly fnakes;
And murderers, green with ever-killing wounds,
And perjur'd wights, fcalded in boiling lead, And all foul fins with torments overwhelm'd. 'Twixt thefe two ways I trod the middle path, Which brought me to the fair Elyfian green; In midft whereof there fards a fately tower, The walls of brafs, the gates of adamant: Here finding Pluto with his Proferpine,
I fhew'd my paffport, humbled on my knee ;
Whereat fair Proferpine began to fmile.
I begg'd that only fhe might give my doom:
Pluto was pleas'd, and feal'd it with a kifs.
Forthwith, Revenge, The rounded thee in th' ear,
And bade thee lead me thro' the gates of horror,
Where dreams have paffage in the filent night. No fooner had fhe fpoke, but we were here, (I wot not how) in twinkling of an eye.

Rev. Then know, Andrea, that thou art arriv`d
Where thou fhalt fee the author of thy death,
Don Balthazar, the prince of Portugal,

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

Depriv'd of life by Belimperia.
Here fit we down to fee the myftery, And ferve for Chorus in this tragedy.

Erter Spani/a King, General, Cafile, and Hieronimo. King. Now fay, lord General, how fares our camp ? Gen. All well, (my fovereign liege) except fome few That are deceas'd by fortune of the war.

King. But what portends thy cheerful countenance, And poiting to our prefence thus in haite ? Speak, man, hath fortune given us victory ?

Gen. Victory, (my liege) and that with little lois. King. Our Portugueze will pay us tribute, then? $G_{e n}$. Tribute, and wonted homage therewithal. King. Then bleft be heaven, and guider of the hes: vens,
From whofe fair influence fuch juftice flows.
Caj. O multum dilecte Deo, tibi militat atber, Et conjuratre curvato poplite gentes Succumbant: reETi forcr eft vicioria juris.
King. Thanks to my loving brother of Caitile.
But, General, unfold in brief difcourfe
Your form of battle, and your war's fuccefs;
That adding all the pleafure of thy news
Unto the height of former happinefs,
With deeper wage, and greater dignity,
We will reward thy bliffful chivalry.
Gen. Where Spain and Portugal do jointly knit.
Their frontiers, leaning on each other's bounds,
There met our armies in their proud array ;
Both furnifh'd well, both full of hope and fear, Both menacing alike, with daring fhows, Both vaunting fundry colours of device, Both cheerly founding trumpets, drums, and fifes, Both raifing dreadful clamours to the fkies, That vallies, hills, and rivers made rebound, And heaven itfelf was frighted with the found. Our battles both were pitch'd in fquadron-form, Each corner itrongly fenc'd with wings of fhot; But e'er we join'd, and came to puff of pike,

I brought a fquadron of the readieft fhot, From out our rearward, to begin the fight: They brought another wing t' encounter us : Mean while our ordnance play'd on either fide, And captains ftrove to have their valour try'd. Don Pedro, their chief horfemen's colonel, Did, with his coronet, bravely make attempt To break the order of our battle ranks: But don Rogero, worthy man of war, March'd forth againit him with our mufketeers, And flopt the malice of his fell approach.
While they maintain hot fkirmifh to and fro, Eoth battles join, and fall to handy-blows:
Their violent fhot refembling th' ocean's rage, When roaring loud, and with a fwelling tide It beats upon the rampiers of huge rocks, And gapes to fwallow neighbour-bounding landa. Now when Rellona rageth here and there, 'Thick' forms of bullets ran like winter's hail, And hiver'd launces daris'd the treubled air.

> Pede pes, \&o culpide cuftis, Arma fonant armis, vir periturque viro.

Dn every fide dropt captains to the ground, And foldiers lie maim'd, fome, flain out-right:Here falls a body, funder'd from his head, There legs and arms lie bleeding on the grafs, Mingled with weapons, and unbowed fteeds, That fcattering overfpread the purple plain. In all this turmoil three long hours and more, The victory to neither part inclin'd;
'Till don Andrea, with his brave launciers, In their main battle made fo great a breach, That, half difinay'd, the multitude retir'd: But Balthazar, the Fortugueze young prince, Brought refcue, and encourag'd them to flay.
Here-hence the fight was eagerly renew'd, And in that conflict was Andrea flain ; Brave man at arms, but weak to Balthazar:

## The Spanifi Tragedy.

203
Yet while the prince, infulting over him, Breath'd out proud vaunts, founding to our reproach ${ }_{2}$ Friendfhip and hardy valour join'd in one, Prick'd forth Horatio, our knight-marfhal's fon,
To challenge forth that prince to fingle fight:
Not long between thefe twain the fight endur'd, But flrait the prince was beaten from his horfe, And forc'd to yield him prifoner to his foe. When he was taken, all the reft they fied, And our carbines purfued them to death; Till Phebus waving to the weftern deep, Our trumpeters were charg'd to found retreat:

King. Thanks, good lord Geweral, for thefe good news;
And for fome argument of more to come, Take this, and wear it for thy fovereign's fake.
[Gives binn a chain.
But'tell me now, haft thou confitm'd a peace?
Gen. No peace, (my, liege) but peace conditional,
That if, with homage, tribute may be paid,
The fury of our forces will be ftaid :
And to that peace their viceroy hath fubfrib'c,
[Gives the King a paper,
And made a folemn vow, that during life This tribute fhall be truly paid to Spain.
King. Thefe words; thefe deeds, become thy perfor well.
But now, knight-marfhal, frolick with the king, For 'tis thy fon that wins the battle's prize.

Hier. Long may he live to ferve my fovereign liege, And foon decay, unlefs he ferve my liege.

King. Nor thou, nor he, fhall die without reward. [ A trumpet afar off:
What means this warning of the trumpet's found ?
Gen. This tells me, that your grace's men of war,
Such as war's fortune hath referv'd from death,
Come marching on towards your royal feat,
To fhew themfelves before your majefty,
For fo I gave them charge at my depart; Whereby, by demoniration, Mall appeas

That all, except three hundred, or few more, Are fafe return'd, and by their foes enrich'd.

The army meets. Balthazar, between Lorenzo and $\mathrm{Ho}-$ ratio, captive.
King. A gladfome fight, I long to fee them here.
[They enter, and pafs by.
Was that the warlike prince of Portugal,
That by our nephew was in triumph led?
Gen. It was (my liege) the prince of Portugal.
King. But what was he, that on the other fide
Held him by th' arm, as partner of the prize?
Hier. That was my fon, (my gracious fovereign)
Of whom, tho' from his tender infancy
My loving thoughts did never hope but well;
He never pleas'd his father's cyes till now,
Nor fill'd my heart with over-cloying joys.
King. Go, let them march once more about thefe walls,
That, ftaying them, we may confer and talk
With our brave prifoner and his double guard:
Hieronimo, it greatly pleafeth us
That in our victory thou have a fhare,
By virtue of thy worthy fon's exploit.

> Enter again.

Bring hither the young prince of Portugal-
The reft march on ; but e'er they be dilmifs'd,
We will befow on every foldier two ducats,
And on every leader ten, that they may know
Our largefs welcomes them.
[Excunt all but Bal. Lor. and Hor:
Welcome don Balthazar, welcome nephew;
And thou, Horatio, thou art welcome too.
Young prince, altho' thy father's hard mifdeeds.
In keeping back the tribute that he owes,
Deferve but evil meafure at our hands,
Yet fhalt thou know that Spain is honourable.
Balt. The trefpafs that my father made in peace,
Is now controul'd by fortune of the wars; And cards once dealt, it boots not ank why fo:

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

His men are flain, a weak'ning to the realm;
His colours feiz'd, a blot upon his name;
His fon diftreft, a corfive to his heart :
Thefe punifhments may clear his late offence.
King. Ay, Balthazar, if he obferves this truce,
Our peace will grow the ftronger for thefe wars:
Mean while live thou, tho' not in liberty,
Yet free from bearing any fervile yoke;
For, in our hearing, thy deferts were great,
And in our fight thyfelf art gracious.
Balt. And I fhall ftudy to deferve this grace.
King. But tell me, (for their holding makes me: doubt)
To which of thefe twain art thou prifoner?
Lor. To me, my lord.
Hor. To me, my fovereign.
Loir. This hand firt took the courfer by the reins:
Hor. But firlt my launce did put him from his horfe.
Lor. I feiz'd his weapon, and enjoy'd it firft.
Hor. But firt I forc'd him lay his weapons down.
King. Let go his arm, upon our privilege.
[Tbcy let bimtgo.
So, worthy prince, to whether didft thou yield ?
Balt. To him in courtefy, to this perforce:
He fpake me fair, this other gave me ftrokes;
He promis'd life, this other threaten'd death ;
He won my love, this other conquer'd me;
And truth to fay, I yield myfelf to both.
Hier. But that I know your grace for juft and wife,
And might feem partial in this difference,
Inforc'd by nature, and by law of arms,
My tongue fhould plead for young Horatio's right ::
He hunted well, that was a lion's death ;
Not he that in a garment wore his fkin :
So hares may pull dead lions by the beard.
King. Content thee, marfhal, thou fhalt have no wrong ;
And, for thy fake, thy fon fhall want no right.
Will both abide the cenfure of my doom?
Lior. I crave no better than your grace awards.

## 206 The Spanif Tragedy.

Hor. Nor I, altho' I fit befide my right.
King. Then, by my judgment, thus your ftrife fall end :
You both deferve, and both flail have reward.
Nephew, thou took' ft his weapons and his horfe;
His weapons and his horse are thy reward.
Horatio, thou didst force him frt to yield;
His ranfom therefore is thy valour's fee:
Appoint the fum as you fall both agree.
But, nephew, thou that have the prince in guard, For thine eftate beet fitteth fuck a guest.
Horatio's house were fall for all his train:
Yet in regard thy fubflance paffeth his, And that jut guerdon may befall defert, To him we yield the armour of the prince. How likes don Balthazar of this device?

Balt. Right well, (my liege) if this provifo were, That don Horatio bear us company, Whom I admire and love for chivalry.

King. Horatio, leave him not that loves thee fa. Now let us hence to fee our folders paid, And fall our prifoner as our friendly guilt. [Exeunt.

Enter Viceroy, Alexandro, and Villippo.
Vice. Is our ambaffador difpatch'd for Spain ?

- Alex. Two days, (my liege) are part fince his depart.

Vice. And tribute-payment gene along with him?
Alex. Ay, my good lord.
Vice. Then reft we here a while in our unrest,
And feed our forrows with forme inward fight;
For deepeft cares break never into tears.
But wherefore fit I in this regal throne?
This better fits a wretch's endlefs moan.
[Falls to tide ground.
Yet this is higher thar my fortunes reach,
And therefore better than my fate deferves:
Ay, lay, this earth, image of melancholy,
Seeks him whom fates adjudg'd to mifery.
Here let me lie-Now. I am at the lowell.

## The Spanifl Tragedy.

## وwi jacet in terra, non babet unde cadat. In me confuntpfit vires for tuna nocendo: Nibil Jupereft ut jam poffit obefe miggis.

Yes, fortune may bereave me of my crown : Here, take it-Now let fortune do her worlt. She will not rob me of this fable weed. O no, The envies none but pleafant things; Such is the folly of defpiteful chance! Fortune is blind, and fees not my deferts: So is fhe deaf, and hears not my laments: And could fhe hear, yet is fhe wilful mad, And therefore will not pity my diftrefs. Suppofe that fhe could pity me; what then? What help can be expected at her hands, Whofe foot is ftanding on a rowling ftone, And mind more mutable than fickle winds? Why wail I then, where's hope of no redrefs ? O yes! complaining makes my grief feem lefs. My late ambition hath diftain'd my faith : My breach of faith occafion'd bloody wars, Thefe bloody wars have fpent my treafure ;
And with my treafure, my people's blood.:
And with their blood, my joy and belt belov'd, I
My beft belov'd, my fiveet and only fon.
O wherefore went I not to war myfelf?
The caufe was mine-I might have died for both:
My years were mellow, but his young and green;
My death were natural, but his was forced.
Alex. No doubt, (my liege) but fill the prince furs vives.
Vice. Survives! ay, but where?
Alsx. In Spain, a prifoner, by mifchance of war.
Vice. Then they have flain him for his father's fault.
Alex. That were a breach to common law of arms.
Wice. They reck no laws that meditate revenge.
Alex. His ranfom's worth will ftay from foul revenge.
Wice. No; if he liv'd, the news would foon be here.

Alex: Nay, evil news will fly fatter ftill than good'.
Vice. Tell me no more of news, for he is dead.
Vil. My fovereign, pardon the author of ill news, And I'll bewray the fortune of thy fon.

Vice. Speak on, I'll guerdon thee, whate'er it be;
Mine ear is ready to receive ill news;
My heart grown hard 'gainft mifchief's battery. Stand up, 1 fay, and tell thy tale at large.

Vil. Then hear the truth, which thefe mine eyes have feen.
When both the armies were in battle join'd, Don Balthazar, amidft the thickeft troops, To win renown, did wond'rous feats of arms:
Amongft the reft I faw him, hand to hand, In fingle fight with their lord general;
Till Alexandro (that here counterfeits
Under the colour of a duteous friend)
Difcharg'd his piftol at the prince's back, As tho' he would have flain their general ; But therewithal don Balthazar fell down, And when he fell, then we began to fly; But, had he liv'd, the day had fure been ours.

Alex. O wicked forgery! O trait'rous mifcreant!
Vice. Hold thou thy peace-But now, Villippo, fay,
Where then became the carcafe of my fon?
Vil. I faw them drag it to the Spanifh tents.
Vice. Ay, ay, my nightly dreams have told me this.
Thou faife, unkind, unthankful, trait'rous beaft,
Wherein had Balthazar offended thee,
That thou fhould'f thus betray him to our foes?
Was't Spanifh gold that bleared fo thine eyes,
That thou could'ft fee no part of our deferts?
Perchance, becaufe thou art Terfera's lord, Thou haft fome hope to wear this diadem, If firt my fon, and then myfelf were flain: But thy ambitious thoughts fhall break thy neckAy, this was it that made thee fpill his blood.
[He takes the crown, and puts it on again. But now I'll wear it, till thy blood be fpilt.

Alex. Vouchfafe (dear fovereign) to hear me fpeak.
Vice. Away with him -his fight is fecond hell.
Keep him, till we determine of his death.
If Balthazar be dead, he fhall not live.
Villippo, follow us for thy reward.
Vil. Thus have I, with an envious forged tale,
Deceiv'd the king, betray'd mine enemy, And hope for guerdon of my villainy.

## Enter Horatio and Belimperia.

Bel. Signior Horatio, this is the place and hour
Wherein I muft intreat thee to relate
The circumflance of don Andrea's death, Who, living, was my garland's chiefeft flower, And in his death hath buried my delights.

Hor. For love of him, and fervice to yourfelf $f_{2}$.
Ill not refufe this doleful heavy charge ;
Yet tears and fighs (I fear) will hinder me.
When both our armies were enjoin'd to fight,
Your worthy cavalier amidft the thickeft,
For glory's caufe, ftill aiming at the faireft,
Was at the laft by young don Balthazar
Encounter'd hand to hand. Their fight was long,
Their hearts were great, their clamours menacing,
Their ftrength alike, their ftrokes both dangerous:
But wrathful Nemefis, that wicked power,
Envying at Andrea's praife and worth,
Cut fhort his life, to end his praife and worth :
She, the herfelf, difguis'd in armour's mafk,
(As Pallas was before proud Pergamus)
Brought in a frefh fupply of halberdiers,
Which paunch'd his horfe, and ding'd him to the ground:
Then young don Balthazar, with ruthlefs rage,
Taking advaitage of his foe's diftrefs,
Did finifh what his halberdiers begun,
And left not, till Andrea's life was done.
Then (tho' too late) incens'd with juft remorfe,
I, with my band, fet forth againft the prince,
And brought him prifoner from his halberdiers.

Bel. I would thou hadft fain him that flew my love!But then, was don Andrea's carcare loft ?

Hor. No, that was it for which I chiefly prove, Nor ftept I back till I recover'd him.
I took him up, and wound him in mine arms,
And welding him unto my private tent,
'There laid him down, and dew'd him with my tears,
And figh'd and forrow'd as became a friend.
But neither friendly forrows, fight, nor tears,
Could win pale death from his ufurped right.
Yet this I did, and lefs I could not do,
I daw him honour'd with due funeral:
This fcarf I pluck'd off from his lifeless arm,
And wear it in remembrance of my friend.
Bel. I know the fcarf-would he had kept it fill! For had he liv'd, he would have kept it till, And worn it for his Eclimperia's fake; For 'twas my favour at his haft depart.
But now, thou wear it, both for him and me; For, after him, thou haft deferved it beet ; And for thy kindness in his life and death, Be fare, while Belimperia's life endures, She will be don Horatio's thankful friend.

Hor. And, madam, doniHoratio will not flackHumbly to ferve fair Belimperia.
But now, if your good liking fend thereto,
Ill crave your pardon to go seek the prince, For fo the duke your father gave me charge.

Bel. Ay, go Horatio, leave me here alone,
For folitude bet fits my cheerless mood.
[Exit Horatio.
Yet, what avails to wail Andrea's death, From whence Horatio proves my fecond love? Had he not lov'd Andrea as he did, He could not fit in Belimperia's thoughts. But how can love find harbour in my breaft, Till I revenge the death of my beloved? Yes, fecond love hall further my revenge :
I'll love Horatio, my Andrea's friend,
The more to fight the prince that wrought his end.

## The Spanih Iragedy.

And where don Balthazar that flew my love, Himfelf now pleads for favour at my hands, He fhall, in rigour of my juft difdain, Reap long repentance of his murd'rous deed; For what was't elfe but murd'rous cowardife, So many to opprefs one valiant knight, Without refpect of honour in the fight? And here he comes that murder'd my delight.

## Enter Lorenzo and Balthazar.

Lor. Sifter, what means this meiancholy walk ?
Bel. That for a while I wifh no company.
Lor. But here the prince is come to vifit you.
Bel. That argues, that he lives at liberty. Belt. No, madam, but in pleafing fervitude. Bel. Your prifon, then, (belike) is your conceit. Balt. Ay, by conceit my freedom is inthrallid. Bel. Then with conceit enlarge yourfelf again. Balt. What if conceit have laid my heart to gage?: Bel. Pay that you borrow'd, and recover it. Balt. I die, if it return from whence it lics. Bel. A heartlefs man, and lives! a miracle! Balt. Ay, lady, love can work fuch miracles. Lor. Tufh, tufh, my lord, let go theie ambages, And in plain terms acquaint her with your love.

Bel. What boots complaint, when there's no remedy ?
Balt. Yes, to your gracious felf muit I complain, In whofe fair anfwer lies my remedy;
On whofe perfection all my thoughts attend, On whofe afpect mine eyes find beauty's bower; In whofe tranflucent breafts my heart is lodg'd.

Bel. Alas, my lord, thefe are but words of courfe, And but devis'd to drive me from this place.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { [She going in, lets fall ber glowe, which Hora- } \\
& \text { tio, coming out, takes up. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Hor. Madam, your glove-
Bel. Thanks, good Horatio-Take it for thy pains.
Balt. Signior Horatio ftoop'd in happy time.
Hor. I reap'd more grace than I deferv'd or hop'd.

Lor. My lord, be not difmay'd for what is paft ;
You know that women oft are humorous :
Thefe clouds will overblow with little wind.
Let me alcne, I'll fcatter them myfelf.
Mean while, let us devife to fpend the time In fome delightful fports and revellings.

Hor. The king, my lord, is coming hither ftraight, To feaft the Portuguefe ambaffador.
Things were in readinefs before I came.
Balt. Then here it fits us to attend the king,
To welcome hither our ambaffador,
And learn my father and my country's health.
Enter the Banquet, Trumpets, King, and Ambaffactor. King. See, lord Ambaffador, how Spain intreats
Their prifoner Balthazar, thy viceroy's fon:
We pleafure more in kindnefs than in wars.
Ambaf. Sad is our king, and Portugal laments,
Suppofing that don Balthazar is flain.
Balt. So am I flain by beauty's tyranny.
You fee, my lord; how Balthazar is תlain,
I frolick with the duke of Caftile's fon,
Wrapt every hour in pleafures of the court,
And grac'd with favours of his majefty.
King. Put off your greetings till ous feaftbe done: Now come and fit with us, and tafte our cheer.
[Sit to the banquet.
Sit down, young prince, you are our fecond gueft :
Brother, fit down, and, nephew, take your place:
Signior Horatio, wait thou upon our cup,
For well thou haft deferved to be honour'd.
Now lordlings fall to, Spain is Portugal, And Portugal is Spain; we both are friends, Tribute is paid, and we enjoy our right. But where is old Hieronimo, our marhal? He promis'd us, in honour of our gueft, To.grace our banquet with fome pompous jeft.

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

Euter Hieronimo with a drum, three knigbts, each his 'scutcheon: then be fetches three kings, they take their crowns and them capitive.
Hieronimo, this malk contents my eye,
Altho' I found not well the my ytery.
Hier. The firtt arm'd knight, that hung his 'fcutcheon -up,
[He takes the 'fcutcheon, anil gives it to the King. Was Englifh Robert, Earl of Glo'fter, Who when king Stephen bore fway in Albion, Arriv'd with twenty thoufand men In Portugal, and by fuccefs of war, Enforc'd the king (then but a Saracen) To bear the yoke of th' Englifh monarchy.

King. My lord of Portugal, by this you fee, That which may comfort both your king and you, And make your late difcomfort feem the lefs. But fay, Hieronimo, what was the next?
Hier. The fecond knight that hung his' 'fcutcheon up, [He does as be did before.
Was Edmund earl of Kent in Albion, When Englifh Richard wore the diadem : He came likewife and razed Lifon walls, And took the king of Portugal in fight ; For which, and other fuch-like fervice, He after was created duke of York.

King. This is another fpecial argument; That Portugal may deign to bear our yoke, When it by little England hath been yok'd. But now, Hieronimo, what were the laft?
Hier. The third and laft, not leaft in our account, [Does as be did before. Was (asthe reft) a valiant Englifhman, Brave John of Gaunt, the duke of Lancafter, As by his 'fcutcheon plainly may appear : He with a puiffant army came to Spain, And took our king of Caftile prifoner.

Embaf. This is an argument for our viceroy, That Spain may not infult for her fuccefs,

## 214 The Spanifh Tragedy.

Since Englifh warriors likewife conquered Spain, And made them bow their knees to Albion.

King. Hieronimo, I drink to thee for this device, Which hath pleafed both the embaffador and me:
Pledge me, Hieronimo, if thou love the King.
[Takes the cup of Horatio.
My lord, I fear we fit but over-long,
Unlefs our dainties were more delicate :
But ivelcome are you to the beft we have.
Now let us in, that we may be difpatch'd;
I think our council is already fet.
Andrea.
"Come we for this from depth of under-ground,
or To fee him feaft that gave me my death's wound ?

* Thefe pleafant fights are forrow to my foul ;
" Nothing but league, and love, and banqueting? Revenge.
"Be fill, Andrea, e'er we go from hence,
**'ll turn their friendihip into fell defpight;
"Their love to mortal hate, their day to night ;
* Their hope into defpair, their peace to war 3
"Their joys to pain, their blifs to mifery."



## Act. II:

Entcr Lerenzo and Balthazar.
Lor. MY lord; tho' Belimperia feem thus coy; Let reafon hold you in your wonted joy:
In time the favage bull furtains the yoke;
In time all haggard hawks will ftoop to lure;
In time fmall wedges cleave the hardeft oak;
The hardeft flint is pierc'd with fofteft fhower ;
And fhe in time will fall from her difdain,
And rue the.fufferance of your friendly pain.

Balt. No, the is wilder, and more hard withal, Than beaft or bird, or tree, or itony wall: But wherefore blot I Belimperia's name? It is my fault, not fhe that merits blame. My feature is not to content her fight ; My words are rude, and work her no delight: The lines I fend her are but harfh and ill, Such as do drop from Pan and Marfia's quill. My prefents are not of fufficient coft, And being worthlefs, all my labour's loft. Yet might the love me for my valiancy: Ay, but that's flander'd by captivity.
Yet might fhe love me to content her fire: Ay, but her reafon mafters her defire. Yet might fhe love me, as her brother's friend: Ay, but her hopes aim at fome other end. Yet might fhe love me to up-rear her ftate: Ay, but perhaps fhe loves fome nobler mate. Yet might fhe love me as her beauty's thrall: Ay, but I fear fhe cannot love at all.

Lor. My lord, for my fake leave thefe extafies, And doubt not but we'll find forme remedy. Some caure there is, that lets you not be low'd ; Firit that muft needs be known, and then remov'd.
What if my fifter love fome other knight?
Balt. My fummer's day will turn to winter's night.
Lor. I have already found a fratagem,
To found the bottom of this doubtful theme.
My lord, for once you thall be rul'd by me;
Hinder me not, whate'er you hear or fee :
By force, or fair means, will I calt about,
To find the truth of all this quettion out.
Hoh, Pedringano! Enter Pcdringano.
Ped. Seignor!
Lor. Vien que prefio.
Ped. Hath your lordfhip any fervice to command me?
Lor. Ay, Pedringano, icrvice of import.
And, not to feend the time in trifling words,
Thus fands the cafe. It is not long (thou know'f)
Since I did fhield thee from my father's wrath,
For thy conveyance in Andrea's love:

For which thou wert adjudg'd to banifhment :
I ftood betwixt thee and thy punifhment.
And fince thou know'ft how I have favour'd thee,
Now to thefe favours will I add reward,
Not with fair words, but fore of golden coin,
And lands and livings join'd with dignities,
If thou but fatisfy my juft demand:
Tell truth, and have me for thy lafting friend.
Ped. Whate er it be your lordfhip. fhall demand,
My bounden duty bids me tell the truth,
If cafe in me it lies to tell the truth.
: Lor. Then Pedringano, this is my demand,
Whom loves my fifter Belimperia,
For fhe repofeth all her truft in thee?
Speak man, and gain both friendfhip and reward :
I mean, whom loves the in Andrea's place?
Ped. Alas, my lord, fince don Andrea's death,
I have no credit with her as before ;
And therefore know not if the love or no.
Lor. Nay if thou dally, then I am thy foe,
[Draws bis frword.
And fear fhall force what friendfhip cannot win:
Thy death frall bury what thy life conceals;
Thou dyeft for more efteeming her than me.
Ped. Oh, ftay, my lord.
Lor. Yet speak the truth, and I will guerdon thee,
And fhield thee from whatever can enfue,
And will conceal whate'er proceeds from thee.
But if thou dally once again, thou dyeft.
Ped. If madam Belimperia be in love-
Lor. What villain, ifs and ands?
Ped. Oh flay, my lord, the loves Horatio. [Balthazar ftarts back.
Lor. What don Horatio, our knight-marhal's fon ?
Ped. Even him, my lord.
: Lor. Now, fay but how thou know'ft he is her love, And thou fhalt find me kind and liberal.
Stand up, I fay, and fearlefs tell the truth.
$P c d$. She fent him letters, which myfelf perus d , Full fraught with lines, and arguments of love,

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

Preferring him before prince Balthazar.
Lor. Swear on this crofs, that what thou fayeft is true;
And that thou wilt conceal what thou haft told.
Ped. I fwear to both, by him that made us all.
Lor. In hope thine oath is true, here's thy reward:
But if I prove thee perjur'd and unjuft,
This very fword whereon thou took'ft thine oath, Shall be the worker of thy tragedy.
Ped. What I have faid is true, and fhall for me Be fill conceal'd from Belimperia : Befides, your honour's liberality
Deferves my duteous fervice, even till death:
Lor. Let this be all that thou fhalt do for me:
Be watchful when, and where thefe lovers meet, And give me notice in fome fecret fort.
Ped. I will, my lord.
Lor. Then fhalt thou find that I am liberal :
Thou know'ft that I can more advance thy fate Than fhe ; be therefore wife, and fail me not :
Go and attend her, as thy cuftom is,
Left abfence make her think thou doft amirs.
Why $f 0$ : tam armis, quam ingenio ; [Exit $P_{\text {ef }}$ ] Where words prevail not, violence prevails; But gold doth more than either of them both. How likes prince Balthazar of this ftratagem?
Bal. Both well and ill: it makes me glad and fad;
Glad, that I know the hinderer of my love;
Sad, that I fear fhe hates me, whom I love; Glad, that I know on whom to be reveng'd; Sad, that fhe'll fly me if I take revenge; Yet muift I take revenge, or die myfelf, For love refifted, grows impatient. I think Horatio be my deftin'd plague: Firth, in his hand he brandifhed a fword, And with that fword he fiercely waged war; And in that war, he gave me dang'rous wounds, And by thofe wounds, he forced me to yield, And by my yielding, I became his flave:
Vol, II.

## 218 The Spanih Tragedy.

Now in his mouth he carries pleafing words, Which pleafing words do harbour fweet conceits ; Which fweet conceits, fmooth Belimperia's ears;
And thro' her ears, dive down into her heart, And in her heart fets him, where I fhould ftand. Thus hath he ta'n my body by his force, And now by flight would captivate my foul: But in his fall, I'll tempt the deftinies, And either lofe my life, or win my love.

Lor. Let's go, my lord, our flaying flays revenge :
Do you but follow me, and gain your love,
Her favour mult be won by his remove.
[Exeint.

> Enter Horatio and Belimperia.

Hor. Now, madam, fince by favour of your love, Our hidden fmoak is turn'd to open flame;
And that with looks and words we feed our thoughts, (Two chief contents) where more cannot be had:
Thus in the midth of love's fair blandifhments,
Why fhew you fign of inward languifhments ?
[Pedringano Berues all to the Prince and Lorenzs, placing them in focret.
Bel. My heart (fweet friend) is like a mip at fea,
She wifheth port, where riding all at eafe,
She may repair what formy times have worn:
And leaning on the fhore, may fing with joy,
That pleafure follows pain, and blifs, annoy.
Poffeffion of thy love, is the only port,
Wherein my heart, with fears and hopes long tofs'd,
Each hour doth wifh and long to make refort,
There to repair the joys that it hath loft:
And fitting fafe, to fing in Cupid's quire,
That fweetelt blifs, is crown of love's defire.
[Balthazar and Lorenzo afide:
Bal. Oh fleep mine eyes, fee not my love profan'd;
Be deaf mine ears, hear not my difcontent;
Die heart, another 'joys what thou deferv'f.
Lor. Watch fill mine eyes, to fee their love disjoin'd:
Hear ftill mine ears, to hear them both lament :
Leap heart, to joy at fond Horatio's fall.
Bel. Why ftands Horatio fpeechlefs all this while?

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

Hor. The lefs I fpeak, the more I meditato.
Bel. But whereon chiefly doit thou meditate?
Hor. On dangers paft, and pleafures to enfue.
Bal. On pleafures paft, and dangers to enfue.
Bel. What dangers and what pleafures doft thou mean?
Hor. Dangers of war, and pleafures of our love.
Lor. Dangers of death, but pleafures none at all.
Bel. Let dangers go, thy war hail be with me:
But fuch a war, as breaks no bond of peace.
Speak thou fair words, I'll crofs them with fair words:
Send thou fweet looks, I'll meet thein with fweet looks:
Write loving lines, I'll anfwer loving lines:
Give me a kifs, I'll counter-check thy kifs:
Be this our warring peace, or peaceful war.
Hor. But gracious madam, then appoint the field,
Where trial of this war fhall fret be made.
Bal. Ambitious villain, how his boldnefs grows!
Bel. Then by thy father's pleafant bow'r, the field
Where firft we vow'd our mutual amity;
The court were dangerous, that place is fafe :
Our hour fhall be, when Vefper 'gins to rife,
That fummons home diftreffed travellers :
There none fhall hear us but the harmlefs birds;
Haply the gentle nightingale
Shall carrol us afleep ere we beware,
And finging with the prickle at her brealt,
Tell our delight and fportful dalliance:
Till then, each hour will feem a year and more,
Hor. But honey fweet, and honourable love,
Return we now into your father's fight,
Dangerous fufpicion waits on our delight.
Lor. Ay, danger mix'd with jealous defpight,

> Shall fend thy foul into eternal night. Enter king of Spain, Portugal embafador, Don Cyprian, $\geqslant$ Eoc.

King. Brother of Caftile, to the prince's love What fays your daughter Belimperia?

Cyp. Although fhe coy it, as becomes her kind, And yet diffemble that fhe loves the prince ;

$$
K z
$$

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

I doubt not I, but fhe will ftoop in time:
And were fhe froward, which fhe will not be,
Yet herein shall fhe follow my advice;
Which is to love him, or forego my love.
King. Then lord embafiador of Portugal,
Advife thy king to malee this marriage up,
For ftrength'ning of our late-confirmed league ;
I know no better means to make us friends.
Her dowry fhall be large and liberal ;
Befides that fhe is daughter and half heir
Unto our brother here, don Cyprian,
And fhall enjoy the moiety of his land,
I'll grace her marriage with an uncle's gift :
And this it is, (in cafe the match go forward)
The tribute which you pay, fhall be releas'd :
And if by Balthazar fhe have a fon,
He fhall enjoy the kingdom after us.
Emb. I'll make the motion to my fovereign liege,
And work it, if my counfel may prevail.
King. Do fo, my lord, and if he give confent,
I hope his prefence here will honour us,
In celebration of the nuptial day;
And let him determine of the time.
Emb. Will't pleafe your grace command me aught befide?
King. Commend me to the king; and fo farewell.
But where's prince Balthazar, to take his leave?
$E_{m b} b$. That is perform'd already, my lord.
King. Amongft the reft of what you have in charge,
The prince's ranfom muft not be forgot:
That's none of mine, but his that took him prifoner;
And well his forwardnefs deferves reward:
It was Horatio, our knight-marhal's fon.
Emb. Between us, there's a price already pitch'd,
And fhall be fent with all convenient fpeed.
King. Then once again farewell, my lord.
Emp. Farewell, my lord of Caftile, and the reft.
King. Now, brother, you muft take fome little pain,
To win fair Belimperia from her will:

## The Spanish Tragedy.

Young virgins mut be ruled by their friends: The prince is amiable, and loves her well: If the neglect him, and forego his love, She both will wrong her own eftate and ours:
Therefore while I do entertain the prince, With greateft pleafures that our court affords,
Endeavour you to win your daughter's thought:
If the give back, all this will come to nought.
[Exeunt:
Enter Horatio, Belimperia, and Pedringano.
Hor. Now that the night begins with fable wings To over-cloud the brightness of the fun, And that in darknefs pleafures may be done: Come, Belimperia, let us to the bower, And there in fafety pals a pleafant hour.

Bel. I follow thee, my love, and will not back; Altho' my fainting heart controuls my foul,

Hor. Why, make you doubt of Pedringano's faith?
Bel. No, he is as truly as my fecond fell.
Go, Pedringano, watch without the gate ${ }_{\text {, }}$ And let us know if any make approach.

Ped. Inftead of watching, ' Ill deferve more gold, By fetching Don Lorenzo to this match.
[Exit $P_{1}{ }^{2}$.
Hor. What means my love?
Bel. I know not what myself:
And yet my heart foretells me forme mifchance.
Hor. Sweet, fay not fo: fair fortune is our friend. And heaven hath hut up day, to pleafure us. The flats, thou feet, hold back their twinkling fine; And Luna hides herfelf to pleafure us.
Bel. Thou haft prevail'd, I'll conquer my mirdoubt? And, in thy love and counsel, drown my fear :
I fear no more, lave now is all my thoughts. Why fit we not? for pleasure akketh cafe.

Hor. The more thou fit'ft within there leafy bow'ss; The more will Flora deck it with her flowers.

Bel. Ay, but if Flora fy Horatio here, Her jealous eye will think I fit too near.

Hor. Hark, madam, how the birds record by night;

## 222

## The Spanish Tragedy.

For joy that Belimperia fits in fight.
Bel. No, Cupid counterfeits the nightingale,
To frame feet mufick to Horatio's tale.
Hor. If Cupid fang, then Venus is not far:
Ag, thou art Venus, or fome fairer far.
Bel. If I be Venus, thou mut needs be Mars;
And where Mars reigneth, there muff needs be wars.
Hor. Then thus begin our wars; put forth thy hand,
That it may combat with my ruder hand.
Bel. Set forth thy foot, to try the puff of mine.
Hor. But frt my looks fhall combat againit thine.
Bel. Then ward thyself, I dart this kiss at thee.
Hor. Thus I return the dart thou threw'ft at me.
Bel. Nay, then to gain the glory of the field,
My twining arms fall yoak, and make thee yield.
Hor. Nay, then mine arms are large and flong with all :
Thus elms by vines are compafs'd till they fall. Bel. O let me go, for in my troubled eyes
Now may'ft thou read, that life in paffion dies.
Hor. O flay a while, and I will die with thee,
So shale thou yield, and yet have conquer'd me.
Bel. Who's there, Pedringano? we are betray'd.
Enter Low. Balthazar, Cerberus and Pedringano, disgui fed.
Lor. My lord, away with her.
[Take her aide.
0 , fir, forbear; your valour is already try'd.
Quickly dispatch, my matters.
[They bang bim in the arbour:
How. What, will ye murder me?
Lor. Ay thus, and thus; there are the fruits of love.
[They fab him.
Bel. O fave his life, and let me die for him:
O fave him, brother, fave him, Balthazar:
I loved Horatio, but he loved not me.
Bat. But Balthazar loves Belimperia.
Lor. Altho' his life were ambitious, proud,
Yet is he at the highert now he is dead.
Bel. Murder! murder! help Hieronimo, help.

## The Spanih Tragedy:

Zor. Come, ftop her mouth, away with her.
[Exciunt.
Enter Hierconimo in bis 乃oirt.
Hier. What out-cry calls me from my naked bed, And chills my throbbing heart with trembling fear, Which never danger yet could daunt before? Who calls Hieronimo? Speak-here I am, I did not flumber; therefore 'twas no dream. No, no, it was fome woman cry'd for help: And here within the garden did fhe cry, And in this garden muft I refcue her. But fay, what murd'rous fpectacle is this? A man hang'd up, and all the murderers gone! And in my bower, to lay the guilt on me! This place was made for pleafure, not for death. [He cuts him dowiñ
Thofe garments that he wears I oft have feen : Alas, it is Horatio, my fweet fon!
Oh no, but he that whilome was my fon!
Oh, was it thou that call'dit me from my bed?
Oh fpeak, if any fpark of life remain:
I am thy father: who hath flain my fon?
What favage monfter, not of human kind,
Here hath been glutted with thy harmlefs blood,
And left thy bloody corps diffonour'd here,
For me amidft thefe dark and deathful fhades,
To drown thee with an ocean of my tears?
Oh heavens, why made you night to cover fin?
By day, this deed of darknefs had not been.
Oh earth, why didft thou not in time devour
The vile profaner of this facred bow'r?
O poor Horatio! what hadft thou mifdone,
To lofe thy life, e'er life was new begun?
Oh wicked butcher! what fo e'er thou wert, How couldft thou ftrangle virtue and defert? Ah me moft wretched, that have loft my joy, In lofing my Horatio, my fweet boy!

> Enter Ifabella.

Ifa. My hulband's abfence makes my heart to throb Hieronimo.

## 224 The Spanif Tragedy.

Hier. Here, Ifabella, help me to lament, For fighs are flopt, and all my tears are fpent.
Ifa. What words of grief? my fon Horatio!
Oh where's the author of this endlefs woe?
Hier. To know the author were fome cafe of grief, For in revenge, my heart would find relief.

IJa. Then is he gone? and is my fon gone too?
Oh gufh out tears, fountains and floods of tears:
Blow fighs, and raife an everlating florm, For outrage fits our curfed wretchednefs. Ah me, Hieronimo, fweet hufband fpeak!
Hier. He fupp'd with us to-night, frolick and merry; And faid, he would go vifit Balthazar, At the duke's palace: there the prince doth lodge. He had no cuffom to flay out fo late, He may be in his chamber; fome go fee-Roderigo, ho! Enter Pedro and Faques.
Ifa. Ah me, he raves ! fiveet Hieronino !
Hier. True, all Spain takes note of it.
Befides, he is fo generally belov'd,
His majefy the other day did grace him
With waiting on his cup : there be favours,
Which do aflure me that he cannot be long-liv'd.
I/a. Sweet Hieronimo!
Hier. I wonder how this fellow got his cloaths:
Sirrah, firrah, I'll know the truth of all:
Jaques, run to the duke of Cattile's prefently,
And bid my fon Horatio to come home,
I, and his mother have had frange dreams to-night :
Do you hear, fir ?
fag. Ay, fir.
Hicr. Well, fir, be gone-Pedro, come hither ;
Know't thou who this is?
Ped. Too well, fir.
Hier. Too well! who? who is it? peace, Ifabella.
Nay, blufh not man.
Ped. It is my lord Horatio.
Hier. Ha, ha, St. James ; but this doth make me laugh,

That there are more deluded than myfelf.
Ped. Deluded?
Hier. Ay, I would have fwom myfelf, with this: hour,
That this had been my fon Horatio,
His garments are fo like : ha, are they not great per:fuafions?
Ifa. O, would to god it were not fol
Hier. Wer't not, Ifabella? doft thou dream it is?
Can thy foft bofom, entertain a thought,
That fuch a black deed of mifchiéf fhould be done
On one fo pure and fpotlefs as our.fon?
Away, I am afham'd.
Ifa. Dear Hieronimo, caft a more ferious eye upon: thy grief,
Weak apprehenfion gives but weak belief.
Hier. It was a man fure that was hang'd up here,
A youth, as I remember: I cut him down.
If it fhould prove my fon now after all,
Say you, fay you: light, lend me a taper ;:
Let me look again.
O god! confufion, mifchief, torment, death and liell. .
Drop all your ftings at once in my cold bofom,
That now is fiff with horror ; kill me quickly:
Be gracious to me, thou infective night,
And drop this deed of murder down on me;
Gird in my watte of grief, with thy large darknefs;
And let me not furvive to fee the light,
May put me in the mind I had a fon.
IJa. O fweet Horatio ! O my deareft fon!
Hier. How ftrangely had I loft my way to grief!
Sweet lovely rofe, ill pluck'd before thy time.
Fair worthy fon, not conquer'd, but betray'd:
I'll kifs thee now, for words with tears are ftaid.
Ifa. And I'll clofe up the glaffes of his fight.
For once thefe eyes were chiefly my delight.
Hier. Seeft thou this handkerchief befmear'd withs blood?
It had not from me, till I take revenge,

## 226 The Spanifh Tragedy.

Sceft thou thefe wounds, that yet are bleeding frefn ?
I'll not entomb them till I have revenge:
Then will I joy amidft my difcontent ;
Till then, my forrows never fhall be fpent.
Ifa. The heavens are juft, murder cannot be hid:
Time is the author beth of truth and right,
And time will bring this treachery to light.
Hier. Mean while, good Ifabella, ceafe thy plaints,
Or at the leaft, diffemble them awhile:
So fall we fooner find the practife out, And learn by whom all this was brought about.
Come, Ifabella, now let's take him up,
[They take bine up.
And bear him in from out this curfed place:
I'll fay his dirge, finging fits not this cafe.
O aliquis mibi quas pulichrum vir educat herbas, [Hieronimo Sets bis brcaft unto bis fwosa*:
Mifceat, $\mathrm{O}^{\circ}$ n:cifo detur medicina dolori:
Alut fr qui faciant ganumn oblimia fuccos,
Prabeat, ipfe netum magnum quicunque per orbem,
Gramina fol pulcbras effecit in luminis oras,
Iple bibamz guicquid meditatur faga eieneni,
Quiçuid É iravi evecocai menia neftit.
Onsnia perpeitiar, letum quoque dum Semel omnis,
Nofer in extincto moriatur pectore fenfus:
Ergo tuos oculos nunquami (ntea vita) videbo,
Et tua perpetuus Sepelivit lumina Sommus.
Emor ira tecum fic, fic jurvat ire fub umbras.
At tamen abjfifam properato cedere letho,
Ne mortem vindiefa tuam tum inulla fequatur.
[Hore be throws it froin bim, and bears, the bady urway.

> Andrea.
" Brought'ft thou me hither to increafe my pain ?
"I look'd that Balthazar fiould have been flain:
"But it's my friend Horatio that is 』ain:
"And they abufe fair Belimperia,
" On whom I doated more than all the world,
" Becaufe the lor'd me more than all world.

## Revénge.

"Thou talkeft of the harvef, when the com is green 3
"The end is crown of every work well done.
© The fickle comes not till the corn be ripe.
"Be ftill; and ere I lead thee from this place,
${ }^{6}$ I'll fhew thee Balthazar in heavy cafe.

## Ta

## A C T. III.

## Enter Viceroy of Portugal, Nobles, Alezaindro, Villippo.

Vice. Tfortunate condition of great kings, Seated amongtt fo many helplefs deubts :
Firt, we are plac'd upon extreamelt height. And oft fupplanted with exceeding hate: But ever fubject to the wheel of chance ; And at our higheft, never joy we fo, As we both doubt and dread our overthrow. So friveth not the waves with fundry winds, As fortune toileth in th'affairs of kings, That would be fear'd, yet fear to be belov'd, Sith fear, or love, to kings is flattery: For inftance (lordlings) look upon your king, By hate deprived of his deareft fon: The only hope of our fucceflive lives. Nob. I had not thought that Alexandro's heart, Had been invenom'd w.th fuch extream hate: But now I fee, that words have feveral works, And there's no credit in the countenance.

Vil. No, for (my lord) had you beheld the train, That fained love had colour'd in his looks, When he in camp comforted Balthazar, Far more inconfant liad you thought the fun, That hourly coafts the center of the earth, Than Alexandro's purpofe to the prince.

Alex. But in extreams, what patience fhall I ufe?
Nor difcontents it me to leave the world,
With whom there nothing can prevail but wrong.
Nobl. Yet hope the beft.
Alex. 'T is heav'n is my hope;
As for the earth, it is too much infected, To yield me hope of any of her mould.

Vice. Why linger ye? bring forth that daring fiend,
And let him die for his accurfed deed.
Alex. Not that I fear the extremity of death,
(For nobles cannot foop to fervile fear)
Do I (oking) thus difcontented live.
But this, o this torments my labouring foul,
That thus I die furpected of a fin,
Whereof, as heav'ns have known my fecret thoughts, So am I free from this fuggeftion.

Vice. No more, I fay; to the tortures with him :
Eind him, and burn his body in thofe flames,
[They bind bim to the fake.
That fhall prefigure thofe unquenched fires
Of Phlegeton, prepared for his foul.
Alex. My guiltlefs death will be aveng'd on thee,
On thee, Villippo, that hath malic ${ }^{-d}$ thus;
Or of thy meed haft falfely me accus'd.
Vil. Nay, Alexandro, if thou menace me,
I'll lend a hand to fend thee to the lake,
Where thofe thy words fhall perifh with thy works:
Irjurious traitor, monftrous homicide!
Enter Embalador.
Emb. Stay, hold a while; and here (with pardon of his majefy) lay hands upon Villippo.

Fice. Embaffador, what news hath urg'd this fudden entrance?
Emb. Know, my fovereign, that Balthazar doth live.
Vice. What fayeft thou, liveth Balthazar our fon?
Emb. Your highnefs' fon lord Balthazar doth live, And well intreated in the court of Spain, Humbly commends him to your majefty: Thefe eyes beheld, and thefe my followers, With thefe letters of the king's commends,

> [Gives bim letiers:

Are happy witnefs of his highnefs' health.
[The king looks on the letter, and proceeds.
Vice. Thy fon doth live, your tribute is receiv'd:
Thy peace is made, and we ari fatisfied:
The reft refolve upon as things propos'd
For both our bonours, and thy benefit.
Emb. Thefe are his highnefs' farther articles, [Gives binn more letters:
Vice. Accurfed wretch, to intimate thefe ills
Againft the life and reputation
Of noble Alexandro!-Come, my lord, unbind him :
Let him unbind thee, that is bound to death,
To make a quital for thy difcontent. [They unbind birtio
Alex. Dread lord, in kindnefs you could do no lefs,
Upon report of fuch a damned fact:
But, thus we fee our innocence hath fav'd
The hopelefs life which thou, Villippo, fought
By thy fuggeftions to have maffacred.
Vice: Say, falfe Villippo, wherefore didft thou thus
Falfy betray lord Alexandro's life?
Him, whom thou knoweit that no unkindnefs elfe,
But even the flaughter of our deareit fon,
Could ever mov'd us to have mifconceiv'd.
Alew. Say (treacherous Villippo) tell the king :
Or wherein hath Alexandro us'd thee ill?
Vil. Rent with remembrance of fo foul a deed, My guiltful foul fubmits me to thy doom:
For, not for Alexandro's injuries,
But for reward, and hope to be prefer'd,
Thus have I mamelefly hazarded his life.

230 The Spanish Tragedy.
Vice. Which, villain, fall be ranfom'd with thy death,
And not fo mean a torment as we here
Devis'd for him, who thou faidft flew our font :
But with the bitter'ff torment and extreams,
That may be yet invented for thine end.
[Alexander Seems to entreat.
Intreat me not, go take the traytor hence: [Exit Villippo. And, Alexandra, let us honour thee With public notice of thy loyalty.
To end thole things articulated here, By our great lord, the mighty king of Spain, We with our counsel will deliberate :
Come, Alexandro, keep us company. [Excunt. Enter Hieronimo.
Hic. Oh eyes! no eyes, but fountains fraught with tears:
Oh life! no life, but lively form of death :
Oh world! no world, but mars of public wrongs,
Confus'd and fill'd with murder and mifdeeds.
Oh fared heav'n! if this unhallowed deed,
If this inhuman, barbarous attempt ;
If this incomparable murder thus,
Of mine, but now no more my for,
Shall unreveal'd, and unrevenged pass,
How should we term your dealings to be jut,
If you unjufly deal with those that in your justice trust ?
The night, fad fecretary to my moans,
With direful vifions wakes my vexed foul,
And with the wounds of my diftreffful for,
Solicits me for notice of his death.
The ugly fiends do fally forth of hell,
And frame my fteps to unfrequented paths,
And fear my heart with fierce inflamed thoughts:
The cloudy day my difcontent records,
Early begins to regifer my dreams,
And drives me forth to reek the murderer.
Eyes, life, world, heav'ns, hell, night, and day,
See, fearch, flew, fend forme man,
Some man that may-
What's here, a letter? tuft, it is not fo:

A letter written to Hieronimo.
For want of ink, receive this bloong writ;
Me bath my baplefs brother hid from thee:
Revenge tbyjelf on Balthazar and bim:
For thofe were they that murdered thy fon,
Hieronimo, revenge Horatio's death,
And better far than Belimperia doth:
What means this unexpected miracle?
My fon flain by Lorenzo, and the prince!
What caufe had they Horatio to malign?
Or what might move thee, Belimperia,
To accufe thy brother had he been the ran?
Hieronimo, beware, thou art betray'd, And to intrap thy life, this train is laid: Advife thee therefore, be not credulous, This is devifed to endanger thee,
That thou, by this, Lorenzo fhouldft accufe; ;
And he, for the difhonour done, fhould drapy
Thy life in quettion, and thy name in hate.
Dear was the life of my beloved fon,
And of his death behooves me be reveng'd:
Then hazard not thine own, Hieronimo;
But live to effect thy refolution.
I therefore will by circumftances try,
What I can gather to confirm this writ;
And hearken near the dake of Caftile's houfe;
Clofe, if I can, with Belimperia,
To liften more ; but nothing to bewray.

> Enter Pedringano.

Hier. Now, Pedringano!
Ped. Now, Hieronimo!
Hier. Where's thy lady ?
Ped. I know not : here's my lord, Enter Lorenzo.
Lor. How now, who's this, Hicronimo?
Hier. My lord.
Ped. He afketh for my lady Belimperia.
Lor. What to do, Hieronimo? the duke my fater hath
Upon fome difgrace, a while remoy'd her hence:

But if it be aught I may inform her of,
Tell me, Hieronimo, and I'll let her know it.
Hier. Nay, nay (my lord) I thank you, it fhall not need,
I had a fuit unto her, but too late,
And her difgrace makes me unfortunate.
Lor. Why fo, Hieronimo? ufe me.
Hier. Who you, my lord?
I referve your favour for a greater honour.
This is a very toy, my lord, a toy.
Lor. All's one, Hieronimo, acquaint me with it.
Hier. I'faith, my lord, 'tis an idle thing, I muft confefs,
I ha' been too flack, too tardy, too remifs unto yous honour.
Lor. How now, Hieronimo?
Hier. In troth, my lord, it is a thing of nothing;
The murder of a fon, or fo :
A thing of nothing, my lord.
Lor. Why, then farewell.
Hier. My grief no heart, my thought no tongue can: tell.

Exit.
Lor. Come hither, Pedringano; fee'ft thou this?
Ped. My lord, I fee it, and fufpect it too.
Lor. This is that damn'd villain, Serberine,
That hath (I fear) reveal'd Horatio's death.
Ped. My lord, he could not, 'twas fo lately done ;
And fince, he hath not left my company.
Lor. Admit he have not, his condition's fuch,
As fear or flattering words may make him falfe.
I know his humour, and therewith repent.
That e'er I us'd him in this enterprife.
But, Pedringano, to prevent the worft,
And 'caufe I know thee fecret as my foul,
Here, for thy farther fatisfaction, take thee th:s;
[Gives bimm more gold.
And hearken to me; thus it is: difguis'd,
This night thou muft, (and pr'ythee fo refolve)
Meet Serberine at St Luge's park :
Thou know'f 'tis here hard by behind the houfe ;
There

## The Spanih Tragedy.

There take thy ftand, and fee thou frike him fure; For die he mult, if we do mean to live,

Pcd. But how fhall Serberine be there, my lord?
Lor. Let me alone, I'll fend to him to meet
The Prince and me, where thou muft do this deed.
Ped. It fhall be done, my lord, it fhall be done;
And I'll go arm myfelf to meet him there.
Lor. When things fhall alter (as I hope they will)
Then fhalt thou mount for this: thou know'ft my mind.
Che le leron.
[Exit Pedringano,
Enter Page.

## Page. My lord!

Lor. Go, firrah, to Serberine, and bid him forthwith Mieet the prince and me at St. Luge's park, Behind the houfe, this evening, boy.

Page. I go, my lord.
Lor. But firrah, let the hour be eight a clock:
Did him not fail.
Page. I fly, my lord. [Exit,
Lor. Now to confirm the complot thou hafe caft,
Of all thefe practifes, I'll fpread the watch,
Upon precife commandment from the king,
Strongly to guard the place where Pedringar:o
This night fhall murder haplefs Serberine.
Thus muft we work, that will avoid diftruft,
Thus mult we practife to prevent mifhap:
And thus one ill another mutt expulfe.
This ny inquiry of Hieronimo for Pelimperia breeds fufpicion,
And this fufpicion bodes a farther ill.
As for myfelf, I know my fecret fault, And fo do they, but I have dealt for them:
They that for coin their fouls endanger'd,
To fave my life ; for coin fhall venture theirs:
And better 'tis that bafe companions die,
Than by their life to hazard our good haps;
Nor fhall they live, for me to fear their faith:
I'll truft myfelf, myfelf fhall be my friend :
For die they fhall; nlaves are ordain'd for no other end.

## 234 <br> The Spanish Tragedy.

## Enter Pedringano with a pijfol.

$P_{e d}$. Now, Pedringano, bid thy piftol hold,
And hold on, fortune, once more favour me,
Give but fuccefs to mine attempting fpirit, And let me fist for taking of mine aim. Here is the gold, this is the gold proposed, It is no dream that I adventure for, But Pedringano is poffiet thereof;
And he that would not frrain his conscience For him, that thus his liberal pure had fletch, Unworthy fuck a favour may he fail ; And wishing, want, when fuch as I prevail: As for the fear of apprehension, I know (if need fhould be) my noble lord Will fund between me and enfuing harms: Befides, this place is free from all furpect. Here therefore will I flay, and take my flank. Enter the Watch.
i. I wonder much to what intent it is, That we are thus exprefly charg'd to watch.
2. 'Ti by commandment in the king's own name.
3. But we were never wont to watch nor ward

So near the duke his houre before.
2. Content yourfelf, fad clofe, there's fomewhat int.

> Enter Serberine.

Ser. Here, Serberine, attend and flay thy pace ${ }_{\text {, }}$
For here did don Lorenzo's page appoint,
That thou by his command fhouldft meet with him:
How fit a place, if one were fo difpos'd!
Methinks this corner is fo close with one.
Ped. Here comes the bird that I muff feeze upon :
Now, Pedringano, or never, play the man.
Ser. I wonder that his lordship flays fo long,
Or wherefore fhould he fend for me fo late?
Ped. For this, Serberine, and thou fhalt ha't.
[Shoots Say
So, there he lies ; my promife is perform'd.
The Watch b.

1. Hark, gentlemen, this is a piftol foot.

## The Spanih Tragedy.

2. And here's one flain ; flay the murderer. Ped. Now by the forrows of the fouls in hell, [He frives with the Watchor.
Who firt lays hold on me, I'll be his prieft.
3. Sirrah, confefs (and therein play the prieft) Why haft thou thus unkindly kill'd the man?

Ped. Why? becaufe he walk'd abroad fo late.
3. Come, fir, you had been better kept your bed,

Than have committed this mifdeed fo late.
2. Come, to the marfhal with the murderer.
I. On to Hieronimo : help me here To bring the murder'd body with us too.

Ped. Hieronimo? carry me before whom you will, Whate'er he be, I'll anfwer him and you,
And do your wort, for I defy you all.
Bal. How now, my lord, what makes you rife fo foon?
Lor. Fear of preventing our mifhaps too late.
Bal. What mifchief is it that we not miftrun?
Lor. Our greateft ills we leaft miftuft (my lord)
And unexpected harms do hurt us moft.
Bal. Why, tell me, don Lorenzo, tell me man,
If aught concerns our honour, and your own?
Lor. Not you, nor me (my lord) but both in one:
For I fufpect, and the prefumption's great,
That by thofe bafe confederates in our fault,
Touching the death of don Horatio,
We are betray'd to old Hieronimo.
Bal. Betray'd, Lorenzo? tufh, it cannot be.
Lor. A guilty confcience, urged with the thought
Of former evils, eafily cannot err :
I am perfuaded, and difliade me not,
That all's revealed to Hieronimo,
And therefore know, that I have caft it thus.

> Enter Page.

But here's the Page-How now, what news with thee?
Page. My lord, Serberine is flain.
Bal. Who, Serberine my man?
Page. Your highnefs' man, my lord,

## 236

 The Spanih Tragedy.Lor. Speak Page, who murdered him?
Page. Hé that is apprehended for the fact.
Lor. Who?
Page. Pedringano.
Bal. Ay! Serberine flain, that lov'd his lord fo well! Injurious villain! murderer of his friend!
Lor. Hath Pedringano murdered Serberine ? My lord, let me intreat you to take the pains To exarperate and haften his revenge, With your complaints unto my lord the king, This their diffenfion breeds a greater doubt.
Bal. Affure thee, don Lorenzo, he fhall die, Or elfe his highneefs hardly fhall deny.
Mean while I hafte the marhal fefions:
For die he fhall for this his damned deed. [Exit Balthazar:
Lor. Why fo, this fits our former policy, And thus experience bids the wife to deal:
I lay the plot, he profecutes the point:
Ifet the trap; he breaks the worthlefs twigs,
And fees not that wherewith the bird was lim'd.
Thus hopeful men, that mean to hold their own,
Nuft look like fowlers, to their deareff friends;
He runs to kill, whom I have hope to catch,
And no man knows it was my reaching fetch.
'Tis hard to truft unto a multitude,
Or any one (in mine opinion)
When men themfelves their fecrets will reveal.
Enter a Medenger with a'letter.
Lor. Boy.
Page. My lord.
Lor. What's he?
Mef. I have a letter to your lordifhip.
Lor. From whence?
Mef. From Pedringano, that's imprifon'd:
Lor. So, he is imprifon'd then?
Mef. Ay, my good lord.
Lor. What would he with us ?
He writes us here, To fend, good Lorensoo, and belp bim in difirefs, \&cc.

Tell him, I have his letters, know his mind; And what we may, let him affure him of. Fellow be gone, my boy fhall follow thee. [Exit Mefenger: This works like wax ; yet once more try thy wits.
Boy, go, convey this purfe to Pedringano, Thou knoweft the prifon, clofely give it him, And be advis'd that none be there about : Bid him be merry ftill, but fecret;
And though the marhhal's feffions be to day, Bid him not doubt of his delivery; Tell him, his pardon is already fign'd : And thereon bid him boldly be refolv'd; For were he ready to be turned off, (As 'tis my will the uttermoft be try'd) Thou with his pardon fhalt attend him fill : Shew him this box, tell him his pardon's in't: But open't not, and if thou lov'ft thy life: But let him wifely keep his hopes unknown, He fhall not want while don Lorenzo lives: away.

Page. I go (my lord) I run. [Exit Page] Lor. But, firrah, fee that this be cleanly done.
Now fands our fortune on a ticklifh point, And now or never, ends Lorenzo's doubts:
One only thing is uneffected yet,
And that's to fee the executioner.
But to what end? lift not to truft the air
With utterance of our pretence therein;
For fear the privy whifpering of the wind
Convey our words amongft unfriendly ears,
That lie too open to advantages.
Et quel que rooglio, il nefum le. Ja, Intendo jo quel mi 'bafara.

Enter Boy with the box.
Boy. My mafter hath forbidden me to look in this box; and by my honefty 'tis likely, if he had not warned me, I fhould not have had fo much idle time: for we menkind in our minority, are like women in their uncertainty ; that they are moft forbidden, they will fooneft attempt; fo I now.-By my credit, here's nothing

## 238 The Spanifh Tragedy.

but the bare empty box: were it not fin againt fecrecy, I would fay it were a piece of gentleman-like knavery. I muft go to Pedringano, and tell him his pardon is in this box; nay, I would have fworn it, had I not feen the contrary. I cannot chure but fmile, to think how the villain will flout the gallows, fcorn the audience, and defcant on the hangman ; and all prefuming of his pardon from hence. Will' t not be an odd jeft, for me to ftand and grace every jeft he makes, pointing my finger at this box, as who fhould fay, mock on, here's thy warrant? Is't not a fcurvy jeft, that a man fhould jeft himfelf to death? Alas ! poor Pedringano, $I$ am in 2 fort forry for thee ; but if I fhould be hang'd with thee, I could not weep.
[Exit.

## Enter Hicronimo and the Deputy.

Hicr. Thus muft we toil in other mens extreams,
That know not how to remedy our own;
And do them juftice, when unjurtly we,
For all our wrongs, can compafs no redrefs.
But fhall I never live to fee the day,
That I may come, by. juftice of the heav'ns,
To know the caufe, that may my cares allay ?
This toils my body, this confumeth age, That only I, to all men juft muft be, And neither gods nor men be juff to me.
$D e p$. Worthy Hieronimo, your office aks A care to punith fuch as do tranfgrefs.

Hier. So is't my duty to regard his death, Who when he liv'd, deferv'd my deareft blood. But come, for that we came for : let's begin, For here lies that, which bids me to be gone.

Enter Officers, Boy, and Pedringako with a letter in bis band, bound.
$D_{e p \text {. Bring forth the prifoner, for the court is fet, }}$
$P_{e c d}$. Gramercy boy: but it was time to come,
For I had written to my lord anew, A nearer matter that concerneth him, For fear his hordhuip had forgotten ms:

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

But fith he hath remembred me fo well, Come, come, come on, when fhall we to this gear? Hier. Stand forth, thou monfter, murderer of men, And here for fatisfaction of the world, Confefs thy folly, and repent thy fault; For there's the place of execution.

Ped. This is fhort work : well, to your marhalhip. Firf, I confefs, (nor fear I death therefore) I am the man, 'twas I flew Serberine. But fir, then you think this fhall be the place, Where we fhall fatisfy you for this gear?
$D_{e p}$. Ay, Pedringano.
Ped. No, I think not fo.
Hier. Peace impudent, for thou fhalt find it fo: For blood with blood, fhall (while I fit as judge) Be fatisfied, and the law difcharg'd. And though myfelf cannot receive the like, Yet will I fee that others have their right. Difpatch, the fault's approved, and confeft ; And by our law, he is condemn'd to die.

## Enter Hangman.

Hang. Come on fir, are you ready?
$P_{e d}$. To do what? my fine officious knave.
Hang. To go to this gear.
Ped. O fir, you are too forward; thou wouldit fain furnith me with a halter, to disfurnifh me of my habit:

So I fhould go out of this gear my raiment, into that gear the rope:

But hangman, now I fpy your knavery; I'll not change without boot, that's flat.

Hang, Come, fir.
Ped. So then, I muft up?
Hang, No remedy.
Ped. Yes, but there fhall be for coming down.
Hang. Indeed here's a remedy for that.
Ped. How, to be turn'd off?
Hang. Ay, truly, Come, are you ready? I pray you fir difpatch, the day goes away.

Ped. What, do you hang by the hour? if you do, I may chance to break your old cufom.

Hang. Faith you have no reafon, for I am like to break your young neck.

Ped. Doeft thou mock me, hangman? pray God I be not preferv'd to break your knave's pate for this.

Hang. Alas! fir, you are a foot too low to reach it: and I hope you will never grow fo high, while I am in the office.

Ped. Sirrah, doft fee yonder boy with the box in his hand?
Hang. What, he that points to it with his finger?
$P_{\epsilon d}$. Ay, that companion.
Hang. I know him not, but what of him?
Ped. Doft thou think to live till his old doublet will make thee a new trufs?

Hang. Ay, and many a fair year after, to trufs up many an honefter man, than either thou, or he.

Ped. What hath he in his box, as thou thinkeft? Hang. Faith, I cannot tell, nor I care not greatly; Methinks, you fhould rather hearken to your foul's health:

Ped. Why, firrah hangman, I take it, that what is good for the body, is likewife good for the foul : and it may be, in that box is balm for both.

Hang. Well, thou art even the merrieft piece of mansflefh, that ever groan'd at my office door.

Ped. Is your roguery become an office with a knave's name?
Hang. Ay, and that fhall all they witnefs, that fee you feal it with a thief's name.

Ped. I pr'ythee requeft this good company to pray for me.
Hang. Ay, marry fir, this is a good motion-My mafters, you fee here's a good fellow.

Ped. Nay, nay, now I remember me, let them alone till fome other time; for now I have no great need.

Hier. I have not feen a wretch fo impudent.
O monft'rous times ! where murder's fet fo light, And where the foul, that fhould be fhrin'd in heaven, Solely delights in interdicted things, Still wand'ring in the thorny paffages; That intercepts itfelf of happinefs.

Murder, O bloody moniter! God forbid A fault fo foul fhould 'fcape unpunifh'd.
Difpatch, and fee the execution done :
This makes me to remember thee, my fon. [Exit Hier. Ped. Nay, foft, no hafte.
Dep. Why, wherefore flay you? Have you hope of life?
Ped. Why, ay.
Hang. As how?
Ped. Why, rafcal, by my pardon from the king. Hang. Stand you on that? then you fhall off with this. [He turns bim off:
Dep. So executioner-Convey him hence;
But let his body be unburied:
Let not the earth be choaked or infect With that which heaven condemns, and men neglect.

## Enter Hieronimo.

Hier. Where fhall I run to breathe abroad my woes, My woes, whofe weight hath wearyed the earth ? Or mine exclaims, that have furcharg'd the air With ceafelefs plaints for my deceafed fon? The bluft'ring winds, confpiring with my words, At my lament, have mov'd the leaflefs trees, Difrob'd the meadows of their flower'd green, Made mountains marh, with fpring-tide of my tear:; And broken thro' the brazen gates of hell. Yet fill tormented is my tortur'd foul With broken fighs and reftlefs paffions, That winged mount, and hovering in the air, Butt at the windows of the brightelt heavens; Solliciting for juftice and revenge:
But they are plac'd in thofe imperial heights, Where, countermur'd with walls of diamond, I find the place impregnable, and they Refift my woes, and give my words no way.

## Enter Hangman with a letter.

Hang. O lord, fir, God blefs you, fir; the man, fir; Petergad, fir, he that was fo full of merry conceitsYol. II.

L Hicr.

## 242 <br> The Spanifh Tragedy.

Hier. Well, what of him?
Hang. O lord, fir, he went the wrong way-the fellow had a fair commiffion to the contrary. Sir, hete is his paffiport-I I pray yous firs, we have done him. wrong.

Hier. I warrant thee, give it me.
Hang. You will fand between the gallows and me? Hier. Ay, ay.
Hang. I thank your lord worhip. [Exit Hangs
Hier. And yet, tho' fomewhat nearer me concerns,
il will, to eafe the grief that I fuftain,
Take truce with forrow while I read on this.
My lord, I writite as my extremes requirc,
That jou would labour my delivery:
If you neg lect, my life is defperate; And in my death, I foall reveal the truth.
You knows my lords Ifew bim for your fake,
And was confeder ate with. the prince and you s
Won by rewards and bopeful promijers,
$I$ belp'd to murder don Horatio too.
Help'd he to murder my Horatio; An actor in th' accurfed tragedy !
Was't thou, Lorenzo, Balthazar and thou;
Of whom my fon, my fon deferv'd fo well ?
What have I heard? what have mine eyes beheld?
O facred heavens! may it come to pars
That fuch a monflrous and detefted deed,
So clofely fmotheri'd, and fo long conceal'd,
Shall thus, be thus revenged or reveal'd?
Now fee I what I durft not then furpect,
That Belimperia's letter was not feign'd;
Nor feigned fhe, tho' fallfy they have wrong'd
Both her, myfelf, Horatio, and themfelves.
Now may I make compare 'twixt her's and this,
Of every accident I ne'er could find
Till now, and now I feelingly perceive
They did what heaven unpunifh'd would not leave.
O falfe Lorenzo! are thefe thy flattering looks?
Is this the honour that thou didit my fon?

And Balthazar, bane to thy foul and me,
Was this the ranfom he relerv'd for thee?
Woe to the caufe of thefe conftrained wars !
Woe to thy bafenefs and captivity!
Woe to thy birth, thy body, and thy foul, Thy curfed father, and thy conquerd felf!
And ban'd with bitter execrations be, The day and place where he did pity thee : But wherefore wafte I mine unfruitful words, When nought but blood will fatisfy my woes?
I will go plain me to my lord the king, And cry aloud for juffice thro' the court, Wearing the flints with thefe my wither'd feet And either purchafe juftice by intreats, Or tire them all with my revenging threats.

Enter Ifabella and ber maid.
Ifa. So that you fay this herb will purge the eyes,
And this the head-Ah, but none of them will purge the heart!
No, there's no medicine left for my difeafe, Nor any phyfick to recure the dead.
[Sbe runs linnatick:
Horatio, O where's Horatio?
Maid. Good madam, affright not thus yourfelf
With outrage for your fon Horatio,
He fleeps in quiet in the Elyfian fields.
Ifa. Why, did I not give you gowns, and goodly things?
Bought you a whiftle, and whipftalk too, To be revenged on their villanies?

Maid. Madam, thefe humours do torment my foul. Ifa. My foul, poor foul-Thou talk'ft of things
Thou know'f not what-My foul hath filver wings,
That mount me up unto the higheft heavens:
To heaven, ay, there fits my Horatio,
Back'd with a troop of fiery cherubims,
Dancing about his newly healed wounds?
Singing fweet hymns, and chaunting heavenly notes:
Rare harmony to greet his innocency,
Lz
That

244 The Spanifh Tragedy.
That liv'd, ay, died a mirror in our days.
But fay, where fhall I find the men, the murderers,
That flew Horatio? Whither fhall I run,
To find them out, that murdered my fon? [Exeunt:

## Belimperia at a windorw.

Bel. What means this outrage that is offer'd me?
Why am I thus fequefter'd from the court?
No notice! Thall I not know the caufe
Of thefe my fecret and fufpicious ills?
Accurfed brother, unkind murderer,
Why bend'ft thou thus thy mind to martyr me?
Hieronimo, why write I of thy wrongs?
Or why art thou fo flack in thy revenge ?
Andrea, O Andrea! that thou faw'ft
Me, for thy friend Horatio, handled thus ;
And him for me, thus caufelefs murder'd.
Well, force perforce, I muft conftrain myfelf
To patience, and apply me to the time,
Till heaven (as I have hop'd) fhall fet me free.
Enter Cbrifopbel.
Cbrif. Come, madam Belimperia, this muft not be.

## Enter Lorenzo, Baltbazar, and the Page.

Zor. Boy, talk no farther-Thus far things go well.
Thou art affured that thou faw'ft him dead?
Page. Or elfe, my lord, I live not.
Lor. That's enough-
As for his refolution in his end,
Leave that to him with whom he fojourns now,
Here, take my ring, and give it Chriftophel,
And bid him let my fifter be enlarg'd,
And bring her hither ftraight.
This that I did was for a policy,
To fmooth and keep the murder fecret,
Which, as a nine-days wonder, being o'er-blown;
My gentle fifter will I now enlarge.
Balt. And time, Lorenzo ; for my lord the duke,
You heard, enquired for her yefter-night.

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

 245Lor. Why, and my lord (I hope) you heard me fay Sufficient reafon why fhe kept away:
Bnt that's all one. My lord, you love her.
Balt. Ay.
Lor. Then in your love beware; deal cunningly 3 Salve all fufpicions, only footh me up; And if fhe hap to ftand on terms with us, As for her fweet-heart, and concealment fo, Jeft with her gently: under feigned jeft Are things conceal'd, that elfe would breed unreft. But here the comes.

Enter Belimperia.
Lor. Now, fifter-
Bel. Sifter! no, thou art no brother, but an enemy, Elfe would'it thou not have us'd thy fifter fo; Firt, to affright me with thy weapons drawn, And with extremes abufe my company ; And then to hurry me, like whirlwind's rage, Amidft a crew of thy confederates,
And clap me up where none might come at me, Nor I at any, to reveal my wrongs.
What madding fury did poffers thy wit?
Or wherein is't that I offended thee ?
Lor. Advife you better, Belimperia,
For I have done you no difparagement;
Unlefs, by more difcretion than deferv'd, I fought to fave your honour and mine own.

Bel. Mine honour! why, Lorenzo, wherein is't That I neglect my reputation fo, As you or any need to refcue it?

Lor. His highnefs, and my father, were refolv'd
To come confer with old Hieronimo,
Concerning certain matters of eftate,
That by the viceroy was determin'd.
Bel. And wherein was mine honour touch'd in that?
Balt. Have patience, Belimperia, hear the reft.
Lor. Me (next in fight) as meffenger they fent;
To give him notice that they were fo nigh :
Now when I came, conforted with the prince, And (unexpected) in an arbour there,

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

Found Belimperia with Horatio.
Bel. How then?
Lor. Why then, rememb'ring that old difgrace
Which you for don Andrea had endur'd,
And now were likely longer to fuftain,
By being found fo meanly accompanied,
Thought rather (for I know no readier mean)
To thruft Horatio forth my father's way.
Balt. And carry you obfcurely fomewhere elfe;
Left that his highnefs fhould have found you there.
Bèl. Even fo, my lord, and you are witnefs
That this is true which he intreateth of.
You, gentle brother, forg'd this for my fake ; And you, my lord, were made his inftrument:
A work of worth, worthy the noting too! But what's the caure that you conceal'd me fince?

Lor. Your melancholy, fifter, fince the news
Of your firlt favourite don Andrea's death, My father's old wrath hath exafperate.

Balt. And better was't for you (being in difgrace)
To abfent yourfelf, and give his fury place.
Be!. But why had I no notice of his ire?
L.or. That were to add more fuel to the fire,

Who burnt like 不tha, for Andrea's lofs.
Bel. Hath not my father, then, enquir'd for me?
Lor. Silter, he hath, and thus excus'd I thee.
[He rubipereth in her ear:
But, Belimperia, fee the gentle princeLook on thy love, behold young Balthazar, Whofe paffions by thy prefence are increas'd;
And in. whofe melancholy thou may'f fee Thy hate, his love, thy flight, his following thee.

Bel. Brother, you are become an orator,
1 know not I, by what experience,
'「oo politick for me, paft all compare,
Since laft I faw you-But content yourfelf,
The prince is meditating higher things.
Balt.' 'Tis of thy beauty then, that conquers kings; Of thofe thy treffes, Ariadne's twins,
Wherewith my liberty thou haft furpriz'd;

Of that thine ivory front, my forrow's map $p_{2}$
Wherein I fee no haven to reft my hope.
Bel. To love and fear, and both at once, my lord,
In my conceit, are things of more import
Than women's wits are to be buried with.
Balt. 'T is I that love.
Bel. Whom?
Balt. Belimperia.
Bel. But I, that fear.
Balt. Whom?
Bel. Belimperia.
Cor. Fear yourself?
Bel. Av, brother.
Bor. How?
Bel. As thole that, when they love, are loath and fear to lope.
Balt. Then, fair, let Balthazar your keeper be.
Bel. Balthazar doth fear as well as we :
Eft tremulo me tui parvidum junxere timorem,
Et vanum folida proditionis opus.
[Exit:
Lor. Nay, an' you argue things fo cunningly,
We'll go continue this difcourfe at court,
Balt. Led by the load-ftar of her heavenly looks,
Wends poor oppreffed Balthazar,
As o'er the mountains walks the wanderer,
Uncertain to effect his pilgrimage.
[Exempt
Enter two Portuguefe, and Hieronimo meets them. 1. By your leave, fir.

Hirer. 'Ti neither as you think, nor as you think, Nor as you think : you're wide allThere flippers are not mine, they were my for Horatio's. My for! and what's a Con?
A thing begot within a pair of minutes, there about :
A lump bred up in darknefs, and doth ferve
To balance thofe light creatures we call women, And, at the nine months end, creeps forth to light. What is there yet in a foo,
To make a father doat, rave, or run mad?
Being born, it pouts, cries, and breeds teeth.

## 24.8 <br> The Spanih Tragedy.

What is there yet in a fon ?
He muft be fed, be taught to go, and fpeak.
Ay, or yet ; why might not a man love a calf as well ?
Or melt in paffion o'er a frifing kid, as for a fon?
Miethinks a young bacon,
Or a fine little fmooth horre-colt,
Should move a man as much as doth a fon;
For one of there, in very little time,
Will grow to fome good ufe; whereas a fon,
The more he grows in flature and in years,
'The more unfquar'd, unlevel'd he appears,
Reckons his parents among the rank of fools,
Strikes cares upon their heads with his mad riots,
Makes them look old before they meet with age:
This is a fon; and what a lofs were this, confider'd truly?
Oh, but my Horatio grew out of reach of thofe Infátiate humours: he lov'd his loving parents :
He was my comfort, and his mother's joy,
The very arm that did hold up our houre-
Cur hopes were fored up in him.
None but a damn'd murderer could hate him.
He had not feen the back of nininteen years,
When his ftrong arm unhors'd the proud prince Balthazar ;
And his great mind, too full of honour,
Took to mercy, that valiant but ignoble Portuguefo.
Weil, heaven is heaven fill!
And there is Nemefis, and furies,
And things call'd whips,
And they fometimes do meet with murderers:
They do not always 'fcape, that's fome comfort.
Ay, ay, ay, and then time fteals on, and feals, and fteals,
Till violence leaps forth, like thunder
Wrapt in a ball of fire,
And fo doth bring confufion to them all.
Good leave have yor : I pray you go,
For I'll leave off, if you can leave me fo.
2. Pray you, which is the way to my lord the duke's?
Hier. The next way from me.
2. To his houfe, we mean.

Hier. O, hard by; 'tis yon houfe that you fee.
2. You could not tell us if his fon were there.

Hier. Who, my lord Lorenza?

1. Ay, fir.
[He goes in at one door, and comes out at another.
Hier. Oh forbear, for other talk for us far fitter were;
But if you be importunate to know
The way to him, and where to find him out,
Then lift to me, and I'll refolve your doubt:
There is a path upon your left-hand fide,
That leadeth from a guilty confcience
Unto a foreft of diftruft and fear,
A darkfome place, and dangerous to pafs;
There fhall you meet with melancholy thoughts,
Whofe baleful humours if you but behold,
It will conduct you to defpair and death;
Whofe rocky cliffs when you have once beheld,
Within a hugy dale of lafting night,
That kindled with the world's iniquities,
Doth caft up filthy and detefted fumes.
Not far from thence, where murderers have built
An habitation for their curfed fouls,
There in a brazen cauldron, fix'd by Jove
In his fell wrath, upon a fulphur flame,
Oourfelves fhall find Lorenzo bathing him
In boiling lead and blood of innocents.
ı. Ha, ha, ha.

Hier. Ha, ha, ha! Why ha, ha, ha ? Farewell, good ha, ha, ha.
[Exit.
2. Doubtlefs this man is paffing lunatick,

Or imperfection of his age doth make him doat.
Çome, let's away, to feek my lord the duke.
[Exeant:

## $25^{\circ}$ <br> The Spanifh Tragedy.

## Enter Hieronimo with a poinard in one hand, and a rope in the other.

Hier. Now, fir, perhaps I come and fee the king; The king fees me, and fain would hear my fuit. Why is not this a frange and feld feen thing, That itanders by, with toys fhould frike me mute?
Go to, I fee their fhifts, and fay no more.
Hieronimo, 'tis time for thee to trudge:
Down by the dale that flows with purple gore, Standeth a fiery tow'r; there fits a.judge
Upon a feat of fteel, and molten brafs,
And 'twixt his teeth he holds a fire-brand,
That leads unto the lake where hell doth ftand:
Away, Hieronimo, to him begone,
He'll do thee juftice for Horatio's death.
Turn down this path, thou fhalt be with him fraight; Or this, and then thou need'li not take thy breath, This way, or that way : foft and fair, not fo; For if I hang or kill myfelf, let's lsnow, Who will revenge Horatio's murder then? No, no, fie no: ; pardon me, I'll none of that. [He fings away the dagger and balter.
This way I'll take, and this way comes the king.
[He takes them up again.
And here I'll have a fling at him, that's flat;
And, Balthazar, I'll be with thee -
And thee, Lorenzo - -here's the king, nay, fay ; And here, ay here: there goes the hare away. Enter King, Embaflador, Cafile and Lorenzo.
King. Now, thew the embaffador, what our viceroy. faith :
Tath he receiv'd the articles we fent?
Hier. Juftice! O juftice to Hieronimo.
Lor. Back, feeft thou not the king is bufy ?
Hier. O, is he fo?
King. Who is he that interrupts our bufinefs ?
Hier. Not I : Hieronimo beware, go by, go by.
$E m b$. Renowned king, he hath receiv'd and read
Thy kingly proffers, and thy promis'd league;
And as a man extreamly overioy'd,

## The Spaniff Tragedy.

To hear his fon fo princely entertain'd, Whofe death he had fo folemnly bewail'd.
This for thy farther fatisfaction
And kingly love, he kindly lets thee know :
Firft, for the marriage of his princely fon
With Belimperia, thy beloved niece,
The news are more delightful to his foul,
Than myrrh and incenfe to th' offended heavens:
In perfon therefore will he come himfelf,
To fee the marriage rites folemniz'd,
And in the prefence of the court of Spain,
To knit a fure inexplicable band
Of kingly love, and everlafting league,
Betwixt the crowns of Spain and Portugal;
There will he give his crown to Balthazar,
And make a queen of Belimperia,
King. Brother, how like you this our viceroy's love के
Caft. No doubt, my lord, it is an argument
(0f honourable care to keep his friend,
And wond'rous zeal to Balthazar his fon;
Nor am I leaft indebted to his grace,
That bends his liking to my daughter thus.
Emb. Now laft, dread lord, here hath his highnefs fent,
(Altho' he fend not that his fon return)
His ranfom due to don Horatio.
Hier. Horatio! who calls Horatio?
King. And well remember'd, thank his majefty
Here, fee it given to Horatio.
Hier. Juftice! O juftice! jufice ! gentle ling.
King. Who is that, Hieronimo?
Hice. Juftice, 0 juftice! O my fon, my fon,
My fon, whom nought can ranfom or redeem.
Lor. Hieronimo, you are not well advis'd.
Hier. Away, Lorenzo, hinder me no more,
For thou haft made me bankrupt of my blifs:
Give me my fon, you fhall not ranfom him.
Away, I'll rip the bowels of the earth,
[He diggeth with bis cagger?
And ferry over to the Elyfian plains,

And bring my fon to fhew his deadly wounds:
Stand from about me, I'll make a pick-ax of my poinard,
And here furrender up my marfhalfhip ;
For I'll go marfhal up my fiends in hell,
To be avenged on you all for this.
King. What means this outrage?
Will none of you reftrain his fury?
Hier. Nay, foft and fair, you fhall not need to frive,
Needs murt he go that the devils drive. [Exit. King. What accident hath hapt to Hieronimo ?
I have not feen hisn to demean him fo.
Lor: My gracious lord, he is with extreme pride,
Conceiv'd of young Horatio his fon,
And covetous of having to himelf
The ranfom of the young prince Balthazar,
Diffract, and in a manner lunatick.
King. Believe me, nephew, we are forry for't,
This is the love that fathers bear their fons:
But, gentle brother, go give to him this gold, The prince's ranfom ; let him have his due, For wiat he hath, Horatio fhall not want,
Haply Hieronimo hath need thereof.
Lor. But if he be thus haplefly diftract,
'Tis requifte his office be refign'd,
And given to one of more difcretion.
King. We fhalif increafe his melancholy fo ,
'Tis beft we fee farther in it firlt,
Till when, ourfelf will exempt the place.
And, brother, now bring in the embaffiador,
That he may be a witnefs of the match,
${ }^{\text {, T}}$ Twixt Baithazar and Belimperia ;
And that we may prefix a certain time, Wherein the marriage flall be folemniz'd,
That we may have thy lord the viceroy here.
Emb. Therein your highnefs highly fhall contenk
His majefty, that longs to hear from hence.
King. On then, and hear your lord embaffador.
[Excuiti:

## The Spaninh Tragedy.

## Enter Taques and Pedro.

Faq. I wonder Pedro, why our mafter thus, At midnight fends us with our torches light, When man, and bird, and beaft, are all at reft, Save thofe that watch for rape and bloody murder.

Ped. O Jaques, know thou that our mafter's mind Is much diftract fince his Horatio died: And now his aged years fhould fleep in reft, His heart in quiet, like a defperate man, Grows lunatick and childifh, for his fon: Sometimes as he doth at his table fit,
He fpeaks as if Horatio food by him.
Then flarting in a rage, falls on the earth, Cries out Horatio, where is my Horatio? So that with extream grief, and cutting forrow, There is not left in him one inch of man:
See, here he comes.

## Enter Hieronimo.

Hier. I pry thro' every crevife of each wall, Look at each tree, and fearch thro' every brake, Beat on the buhhes, ftamp our grand-dame earth, Dive in the water, and ftare up to heaven: Yet cannot I behold my fon Horatio. How now, who's there, fprights, fprights?

Ped. We are your fervants that attend you, fir.
Hier. What make you with your torches in the dark?
$-P e d$. You bid us light them, and attend you here.
Hier. No, no, you are deceiv'd, not I, you are de ceiv'd:
Was I fo mad to bid you light your torches now?
Light me your torches at the mid of noon,
When as the fun-god rides in all his glory;
Light me your torches then.
Ped. Then we burn day-light.
Hier. Let it be burnt, night is a murd'rous fut? That would not have her treafons to be feen : And yonder pale-fac'd Hecate there, the moon, Doth give confent to that is done in darknefs : And all thofe ftars that gaze upon her face, Are aglets on her fleeve, pins on her train:

## 254 The Spanih Tragedy.

And thofe that fhould be powerful and divine,
Do fleep in darknefs when they moft fhould fhine.
Ped. Provoke them not, fair fir, with tempting words.
The heavens are gracious, and your miferies and forrow
Make you fpeak you know not what.
Hier. Villain thou lyeft, and thou doeft nought
But tell me I am mad : thou lyef, I am not mad:
I know thee to be Pedro, and he Jaques;
I'll prove it to thee; and were I mad, how could I ?
Where was fhe the fame night, when my Horatio was murder'd?
She fhould have fhone: fearch thou the book :
Had the moon fhone in my boy's face, there was a kind of grace,
That I know, nay I do know had the murd'rer feen him,
His weapon would have fallen, and cut the earth, Had he been fram'd of nought but blood and death:
Alack, when mifchief doth it knows not what,
What fhall we fay to mifchief?
Enter Ifabella.

If $a$. Dear Hieronimo, come in a doors,
O feek not means fo to increafe thy forrow.
Hier. Indeed, Irabella, we do nothing here ;
I do not cry, alk Pedro and Jaques:
Not I indeed, we are very merry, very merry.
Ifa. How? be merry here, be merry here?
Is not this the place, and this the very tree,
Where my Horatio died, where he was murder'd ?
Hier. Was, do not fay what: let her weep it out,
This was the tree, I fet it of a kernel;
And when our hot Spain could not let it grow,
But that the infant and the humane fap
Began to wither, duly twice a morning,
Would I be fprinkling it with fountain water:
At latt it grew, and grew, and bore, and bore:
Till at length it grew a gallows, and did bear our fon:
It bore thy fruit and mine: O wicked, wicked plant!
[One knocks within at the door.

See who knocks there ?
Pedro. It is-a painter, fir.
Hier. Bid him come in, and paint fome comfort, For furely there's none lives but painted comfort:
Let him come in, one knows not what may chance :
God's will that I fhould fet this tree,
But even fo mafters, ungrateful fervants, rear'd from nought,
And then they hate them that did bring them up. Enter the painter.
Pain. God blefs you, fir.
Hier, Wherefore? why, thou fcornful villain?
How, where, of by what means fhould I be bleft?
Ifa. What wouldit thou have, good fellow?
Paint. Juftice, madam.
Hier. O ambitious begger, wouldft thou have that ${ }_{y}$ That lives not in the world?
Why, all the undelved mines cannot buy An ounce of juftice, 'tis a jewel fo ineftimable. I tell thee, God hath engroffed all juftice in his hands, And there is none but what comes from him.

Pain. O then I fee, that God mult right me for my murder'd fon.
Hier. How! was thy fon murder'd? Pain. Ay, fir, no man did hold a fon fo dear. Hier. What, not as thine ? that's a lie,
As mafly as the earth: I had a fon, Whofe leaft unvalued hair did weigh
A thoufand of thy fons, and he was murder'd. Pain. Alas, fir, I had no more but he.
Hier. Nor I, nor I: but this fame one of mine,
Was worth a legion. But-all is one,
Pedro, Jaques; go in a doors Ifabella, go,
And this good fellow here, and $\mathrm{I}_{\text {, }}$
Will range this hideous orchard up and down,
Like two fhe lions reaved of their young.
Go in a doors, I fay.
[The painter and b: j ts riown.
Come, let's talk wifely now.
Was thy fon murder'd?

Pain. Ay, fir.
Hier. So was mine.
How doft thou take it? art thou not fometime mad?
Is there no tricks that come before thine eyes ?
Pain. O lord, yes, fir.
Hier. Art a painter ? canft paint me a tear, a wound ?
A groan, or a figh ? canft paint me fuch a tree as this?
Pain. Sir, I am fure you have heard of my painting : My name's Eazardo.

Hier. Bazardo!'fore God an excellent fellow. Look you, fir,
Do you fee? I'd have you paint me my gallery, In your oil colours matied, and draw me five
Years younger than I am : do you fee, fir? let five
Years go: let them go like the marfhal of Spain, My wife Ifabella ftanding by me,
With a fpeaking look to my fon Horatio,
Which fould intend to this, or fome fuch like purpofe;
God blefs thee, my fweet fon; and my hand leaning up. on his head thus, fir ; do you fee? may it be done?

Pain. Very well, fir.
Hier. Nay, I pray mark me, fir:
Then, fir, would I have you paint me this tree, this very tree :
Canft paint a dolefui cry?
Pain. Seemingly, fir.
Hier. Nay, it fhould cry; but all is one.
Well, fir, paint me a youth run thro' and thro' widh villains fwords, hanging upon this tree.
Canft thou draw a murd'rer?
Pain. I'll warrant you, fir;
I have the pattern of the moft notorious villains,
That ever liv'd in all Spain.
Hier. O, let them be worfe, worfe: ftretch thine art,
'And let their beards be of Judas's own colour,
And let their eye-brows jut over: in any cafe obferve that;
Then, fir, after fome violent noife,

Bring me forth in my fhirt, and my gown under my arm, With my torch in my hand, and my fword rear'd up thus,
And with thefe words;
What noife is this? who calls Hieronimo?
May it be done ?
Pain. Yea, fir.
Hier. Well, fir, then bring me forth, bring me thro' alley and alley, fill with a diftracted countenance going along, and let my hair heave up my night-cap.

Let the clouds foowl, make the moon dark, the fars extinct, the winds blowing, the bells tolling, the owls fhrieking, the toads croaking, the minutes jarring, and the clock ftriking twelve.

And then at laft, frr, farting, behold a man hanging, and tott'ring, and tott'ring, as you know the wind will wave a man, and I with a trice to cut him down.

And looking upon him by the advantage of my torch, find it to be my fon Horatio.
There you may fnew a paffion, there you may fhew a paffion.
Draiv me like old Priam of Troy,
Crying the houfe is a fire, the houfe is a fire. And the torch over my head: make me curfe, Make me rave, make me cry, make me mad, Make me well again, make me curfe hell,
Invocate, and in the end leave me
In a trance, and fo forth.
Paint. And is this the end?
Hier. O no, there is no end: the end is death and madnefs ;
And I am never better than when I am mad; Then methinks I am a brave fellow;
Then I do wonders, but reafon abufeth me;
And there's the torment, there's the hell:
At the laft, fir, bring me to one of the murderers;
Were he as ftrong as Hector, thus would I
Tear and drag him up and down.
[He beats the Painter in, then comes out agains. with a book in bis band.
rindiga

## Findicta mibi.

Ay, heaven will be reveng'd of every ill ;
Nor will they fuffer murder un-repaid :
'Then fay, Hieronimo, attend their will,
For mortal men may not appoint a time.
Per Scelus Scmiper tutum eft fceleribus iter.
Strike, and ftrike home, where wrong is offer'd thee;
For evils unto ills conductors be,
And death's the worit of refolution ;
For he that thinks with patience to contend,
To quiet life, his life fhall eafily end.
Fata fo miferos juvant, babes falutem; Fata $f$ vitamz negant, babes fepulchyum.
If deftiny thy miferies do eafe,
Then haft thou health, and happy fhalt thou be
If deftiny deny thee life, Hieronimo,
Yet thou fhalt be aftured of a tomb :
If neither; yet let this thy comfort be,
Heaven covereth him that hath no burial.
And to conclude, I will revenge his death :
But how ? not as the vulgar wits of men,
With open, but inevitable ills,
As by a fecret, yet a certain mean,
Which under kindfhip will be cloaked beft.
Wife men will take their opportunity,
Clofely, and fafely, fitting things to time.
But in extreams advantage hath no time:
And therefore all times fit not for revenge.
Thus therefore will I reft me in unreft,
Diffembling quiet in unquietnefs ;
Not feeming that I know their villainies,
That my fimplicity may make them think,
That ignorantly I will let it flip;
For ignorance I wot, and well they know,
Renredium malorum mors off.
Nor aught avails it me to menace them,
Who, as a wintry form upon a plain,
Will bear me down with their nobility.
No, no, Hieronime, thou muft enjoin
Thine eyes to obfervation, and thy tongue

## The Spanim Tragedy.

To milder fpeeches than thy fpirits afford Thy heart to patience, and thy hands to reft,
Thy cap to courtefy, and thy knee to bow,
Till to revenge thou know, when, where, and how.
How now, what noife? what coil is that you keep? Enter a Servant.
Serv. Here are a fort of poor petitioners, That are importunate, and it fhall pleafe you, fir, That you fhould plead their caufes to the king.

Hier. That I fhould plead their feveral actions?
Why let them enter, and let me fee them.

> Enter tibree citizens and an old man.

1. Cit. So, I tell you th's, for learning, and for law, There's not any adyocate in Spain That can prevail, or will take half the pain, That he will, in purfuit of equity.

Hicr. Come near, you men that thus importune me; (Now mult I bear a face of gravity)
For this I ufed before my marfhalhip,
To plead in caufes as Corrigidor,
Come on, firs, what's the mater ?
2. Cit. Sir, an action.

Hier. Of battery?

1. Cit. Mine of debt.

Hier. Give place.
2. Cit. No, fir, mine is an aciion of the cafe,
3. Cit. Mine an Ejectione firma by leafe.

Hier. Content you, firs, are you determin'd That I fhould plead your feveral actions?

1. Cit. Ay, fir, and here's my declaration.
2. Cit. And here is my bond.
3. Cit. And here is my leare.
[They give bim papers.
Hier. But wherefore fland you filly man fo mute, With mournful eyes and hands to heaven uprear'd? Come hither, father, let me know thy caure.

Senex. Q, worthy fir, my caufe but flightly known, May move the hearts of warlike Myrmidons, And melt the corfick rocks with rueful tears.

## The Spanin Tragedy.

Hier. Say father, tell me what's thy fuit?
Senex. No fir, could my woes
Give way unto my moft diftreffful words,
Then fhould I not in paper (as youfec)
With ink bewray, what blood began in me.
Hier. What's here? The bumble fupplication of deris Bazulto, for bis murdered fon.
Senex. Ay, fir.
Hier. No fir, it was my murdered fon: Oh my fon,
Oh my fon, oh my fon Horatio!
But mine, or thine Bazulto, be content.
Here take my handkerchief, and wipe thine eyes,
Whiles wretched I, in thy mifhaps may fee
The lively pourtrait of my dying felf.
[He draws out a bloody napkiz,
O no, not this Horatio, this was thine;
And when I dy'd it in thy deareft blood,
This was a token 'twixt thy foul and me,
That of thy death revenged I fhould be.
But here, take this, and this-what, my purfe?
Ay this, and that, and all of them are thine:
For all as one are our extremities.
I. Oh, fee the kindinefs of Hieronimo!

This gentlenefs fhews him a gentleman.
Hier. See, fee, oh fee thy thame, Hieronimo;
See here a loving father to his fon;
Behold the forrows and the fad laments,
That he delivers for his fon's deceafe.
If love's effects fo frive in leffer things,
If love enforce fuch moods in meaner wits,
If love enforce fuch power in poor eftates:
Hieronimo, when as a raging fea,
Toft with the wind and tide, o'erturned then
The upper billows, courfe of waves to keep,
Whillt leffer waters labour in the deep:
Then fhamelt thou not, Hieronimo, to neglect
The fwift revenge of thy Horatio ?
Though on this earth juftice will not be found,
I'll down to hell, and in this paffion,
Knock at the difmal gates of Pluto's court,

## The Spanih Tragedy.

Getting by force (as once Alcides did) A troop of furies, and tormenting hags, To torture don Lorenzo and the reft. Yet left the triple-headed porter fhould Deny my paffage to the fimy ftrand, The Thracian poet thou fhalt counterfeit : Come old father, be my Orpheus;
And if thou canft no notes upon the harp, Then found the burden of thy fore heart's grief Till we do gain, that Proferpine may grant Revenge on them that murdered my fon. Then will I rend and tear them thus, and thus, Shivering their limbs in pieces with my teeth.

1. O fir, my declaration!
[Exit Hieronimo, and they after:
2. Save my bond.

## Enter Hieronimo.

2. Save my bond.
3. Alas! my leare, it coft me ten pound, And you (my lord) have torn the fame.

Hie. That cannot be, I gave them never a wound; Shew me one drop of blood faln from the fame, How is it poffible I hould flay it then? Tufh no, run after, catch me if you can.

> [ Exeunt all but the old man,

Bazulto remains till: Hieronimo enters again, who faring bim in the face fpeaketh.
Hier. And art thou come, Horatio, from the depth, To ank for juftice in this upper earth, To tell thy father thou art unreveng'd, To wring more tears from Ifabella's eyes, Whofe lights are dim'd with overlong laments? Go back, my fon, complain to 厄acus, For here's no juftice ; gentle boy, be gone : For juftice is exiled from the earth, Hieronimo will bear thee company. Thy mother cries on righteous Radamant, For juft revenge againtt the murderers,

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

Senex. Alas (my lord) whence firings this troubled speech?
Hier. But let me look on my Horatio.
Sweet boy, how thou art chang'd in death's black fade !
Had Proferpine no pity on thy youth,
But fuffer'd thy fair crimfon-colour'd Spring,
With withered winter to be blatted thus ?
Horatio, thou art elder than thy father:
Ah ruthless fate, that favour thus transforms!
Bax. Ah, my good lord, I am not your young for:
Her. What, not my fan? then thou a fury art,
Sent from the empty kingdom of black night,
To fummon me to make appearance
Before grim Minos and juft Radamant,
To plague Hieronimo that is remiss,
And reeks not vengeance for Horatio's death.
Biz. I am a grieved man and not a ghoft,
That came for juftice for my murdered for.
Her. Ay, now I know thee, now thou nam'f thy for:
Thou art the lively image of my grief,
Within thy face, my forrows I may fee :
Thy eyes are dim'd with tears, thy cheeks are wan,
Thy forehead troubled; and thy muttering lips
Murmur fad words abruptly broken off,
By force of windy fight thy spirit breathes,
And all this forrow rifeth for thy on:
And felf-fame forrow feel I for my for.
Come in, old man, thou frat to If abel:
Lean on my arm: I thee, thou me fhalt fay;
And thou and I and the will fing a fond:
Three parts in one: but all of difcords fram'd,
Talk not of cords, but let us now be gone,
For with a cord Horatio was fain.
[Exeunt.
Enter king of Spain, the Duke, Viceroy, and Lorenzo, Bat. thazar, don Pedro, and Belimperia.
King. Go, brother, 'ti the duke of Cattle's cause, Salute the Viceroy in own name.
Caff. I go.

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

Fice. Go forth, don Pedro, for thy nephew's fake, And greet the duke of Caftile.

Pedro. It fhall be done, fir.
King. And now to meet the Portuguefe:
For as we now are, fo fometimes were thefe, Kings and commanders of the weftern Indies. Welcome (brave Viceroy) to the court of Spain, And welcome all his honourable train.
'Tis not monknown to us, for why you come, Or have fo kingly croft the raging feas: Sufficed it in this, we note the troth, And more than common love you lend to us. So is it that mine honourable niece; For it befeems us now that it be known, Already is betroth'd to Balthazar: And by appointment and our condefcent, To morrow they are to be married. To this intent we entertain thylelf, Thy followers, their pleafures, and our peace. Speak men, of Portugal, fhall it be fo? If ay, fay fo: if not, fay flatly no.

Vice. Renowned king, I come not as thou think' $f$ ? With doubtful followers, unrefolved men, But fuch as have upon thine articles, Confirm'd thy motion, and contented me. Know, fovereign, I come to folemnize The marriage of thy well-beloved niece, Fair Belimperia, with my Balthazar, With thee, my fon, whom fith I live to fee, Here take my crown, I give it her and thee And let me live a folitary life, In ceaíelefs prayers, To think how ftangely heav'n hath thee preferv'd.

King. See, brother fee, how nature ftrives in hin! Come, worthy Viceroy; and accompany Thy friend, with thine extremities: A place more private fits this princely mood.

Vice. Or here, or where your highnefs thinks it good.
[Exeunt all but Cafto and Lorenzo.

Caff. Nay, tay Lorenzo, let me talk with you : See'ft thou this entertainment of thefe kings?

Lor. I do (my lord) and joy to fee the fame.
Caf. And knoweft thou why this meeting is ?
Lor. For her (my lord) whom Balthazar doth love,
And to confirm the promis'd marriage.
Caf. She is thy fifter.
Lor. Who, Belimperia? Ay, my gracious lord :
And this is the day that I have long'd fo happily to fee.
Caff. Thou wouldt be loth that any fault of thine,
Should intercept her in her happinefs.
Lor. Heav'ns will not let Lorenzo err fo much.
Caft. Why then, Lorenzo, liften to my words:
It is furpected, and reported too,
That thou Lorenzo wrong'ft Hieronimo,
And in his fuits towards his majefty
Still keep'f him back, and feek'ft to crofs his fuit.
Lor. That I, my lord ?
Caf. I tell thee, fon, myfelf have heard it faid,
When (to my forrow) I have been afham'd
To anfwer for thee, though thou wert my fon.
Lorenzo, know'f thou not the common love, And kindnefs that Hieronimo hath won
By his deferts, within the court of Spain?
Or feeft thou not the king my brother's care
In his behalf, and to procure his health ?
Lorenzo, fhould'f thou thwart his paffions,
And he exclaim againft thee to the king,
What honour were't in this affembly,
Or what a fcandal were't among the kings,
To hear Hieronimo exclaim on thee?
Tell me, and look thou tell me truly,
Whence grows the ground of this report in court ?
Lor. My lord, it lies not in Lorenzo's power
To ftop the vulgar, liberal of their tongues:
A fmall advantage makes a water-breach,
And no man lives, that long contenteth all.
Caft. Myfelf have feen thee bufy to keep back
Him and his fupplications from the king.

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

Lor. Yourelf, my lord, have feen his paffions, That ill-befeem'd the prefence of a king: And for I pitied him in his diftrefs, I held him thence with kind and courteous words, As free from malice to Hieronimo, As to my foul, my lotd.

Caft. Hieronimo, my fon, miftakes thee then.
Lor. My gracious father, believe me, fo he doth.
But what's a filly man diftract in mind,
To think upon the murder of his fon? Alas! how eafy is it for him to err? But for his fatisfaction, and the world's,
${ }^{3}$ Twere good (iny lord) Hieronimo and I Were reconcil'd, if he mifconftrue me.

Caft. Lorenzo, thou hatt faid, it fhall be fo:
Go one of you, and call Hieronimo. Enter Balthazar and Belimperia.
Bal. Come Belimperia, Balthazar's content, My forrow's eafe, and fovereign of my blifs, Sith heav'n hath thee ordained to be mine, Difperfe thofe clouds and melancholy looks, And cheer them up with thofe thy fun-bright eyes, Wherein my hope and heaven's fair beauty lies.

Bel. My looks, my lord, are fitting for my love; Which new begun, can hew no brighter yet.

Bal. New-kindled flames fhould burn as morning fur.
Bel. But not too faft, left heat and all be done.
I fee my lord, my father.
Bal. Truce my love, I will go falute him.
Caf. Welcome, Balthazar, welcome brave prince,
The pledge of Cartile's peace;
And welcome Belimperia--How now, girl ?
Why com'ft thou fadly to falute us thus?
Content thyfelf, for 1 am fatisfied;
It is not now as when Andrea liv'd,
We have forgotten, and forgiven that,
And thou art graced with a happier love. But Balthazar, here comes Hieronimo. Ill have a word with him.

## The Spanih Iragedy.

Enter Hieronimo and Servant.
Hier. And where's the duke?
Ser. Yonder.
Hier. Even fo: what new device have they devifed tro?
Pocas palabras, mild as the lamb :
Hift, I will be reveng'd. No, I am not the man.
Caf. Welcome Hieronimo.
Lor. Welcome Hieronimo.
Bal. Welcome Hieronimo.
Hier. My lords, I thank you for Horatio.
Caft. Hieronimo, the reafon that I fent
To fpeak with you, is this.
Hier. What, fo fhort?
Then I'll be gone, I thank you for't.
Caft. Nay, flay Hieronimo : go call him, fon.
Lor. Hieronimo, my father craves a word with you.
Hier. With me, fir? why, my lord, I thought you had done.
Lor. No, would he had.
Caff. Hieronimo, I hear you find yourfelf aggrieved at my fon,
Becaufe you have not accefs unto the king;
And fay 'tis he that intercepts your fuits.
Hier. Why, is not this a miferable thing, my lord?
Caft. Hieronimo, I hope you have no caufe,
And would be loth that one of your deferts
Should once have reafon to fufpect my fon,
Confidering how I think of you myfelf.
Hier. Your fon Lorenzo! whom, my noble lord?
The hope of Spain? mine honourable friend?
Grant me the combat of them, if they dare,
[Draws out bis frword.
I'll meet them face to face to tell me fo.
Thefe be the fcandalous reports of fuch,
As love not me, and hate my lord too much.
Should I fufpect. Lorenzo would prevent,
Or crofs my fuit, that lov'd my fon fo well ?
My lord, I am ahham'd it fhould be faid.
Lor. Hieronimo, I never gave you caufe.

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

Hier. My good lord, I know you did not.
Caft. There paufe, and for the fatisfaction of the world,
Hieronimo, frequent my homely houfe, The duke of Caftile, Cyprian's ancient feat;
And when thou wilt, ufe me, my fon, and it:
But here before prince Balthazar and me,
Embrace each other, and be perfect friends.
Hier. Ay marry, my lord, and hall.
Friends (quoth he) fee, I'll be friends with you all :
Efpecially with you, my lovely lord;
For divers caufes it is fit for us,
That we be friends, the world is fufpicious, And men may think what we imagine not.

Bal. Why this is friendly done, Hieronimo.
Lor. And thus I hope old grudges are forgot.
Hier. What elfe? it were a fhame it fhould not be io.
Caft. Come on, Hieronimo, at my requeft,
Let us intreat your company to day.
[Exeznt.
Hier. Your lordhips to command.
Keep your way.
Mi, chi mifa? pui correzza che non fult Tradito niba otrade vel. [Exit.

> Enter Gbof, and Revenge.
"Gbof. Awake, Erictho, Cerberus, awake,
"Sollicit Pluto, gentle Proferpine,
"To combat Achmon, and Erichus in hell,
"For ne'er by Styx and Phlegeton,
"Nor ferried Charon to the fiery lakes,
"Such fearful fights, as poor Andrea fees.
"Awake, Revenge, for thou art ill advis'd
"To fleep, awake: what, art warn'd to watch ?
"Rerv. Content thyfelf, and do not trouble me.
"Ghoff. Awake, Revenge ; if love, as love hath had,
"Have yet the power or prevalence in hell:
" Hieronimo with Lorenzo is join'd in league,
" And intercepts our paffage to revenge :

* Awake, Revenge, or we are woe be-gone.
ore. Thus wordlings ground what they have dream'd upon.
ec Content thyfelf, Andrea, though I fleep,
"Yet in my mood folliciting their fouls :
"Suffice it thee that poor Hieronimo
«Cannot forget his fon Horatio.
c Nor dies Revenge, although he fleep a while:
* For in unquiet, quietnefs is found,
* And flumbring is a common worldly wile.

6. Behold Andrea for an inftance, how
" Revenge hath llept, and then imagine thou,
© What 'tis to be fubject to deftiny.

> Enter a dumb frow.
*Gboft. Awake, Revenge, reveal this myftery,
"Rev. The two firft, the nuptial torches bore

- As bright burning as the mid-day's fun:
- But after them doth Hymen hie as faft,
" Cloathed in fable, and a faffron robe,
"And blows them out; and quencheth them with blood,
- As difcontent that things continue fo.
"Gboft. Sufficeth me thy meaning's underftood,
" And thanks unto thee, and thofe infernal powers,
" That will not tolerate a lover's woe:
" Reft thee, for I will fit and fee the reft. "Rer. Then argue not, for thou halt thy requeft.
[Excumt.


## A C T. IV.

## Enter Betimperia and Hieronimo:

Bcl. TS this the lôve thou bear'ft Horatio?
Is this the kindnefs that thou counterfeit't?
Are there the fruits of thy incefiant tears?
Hieronimo, are thefe thy paffions,
This proteftations, and thy deep lamom:s,

That thou wert wont to weary men withal?
Oh unkind father! oh deceitful world !
With what excufes canft thou thew thyfelf?
Thus to neglect the life and lofs of him, Whom both my leters, and thine own belief,
Affures thee to be caufelefs flaughter'd?
Hieronimo, for fhame Hieronimo,
Be not a hiftory to after times,
Of fuch ingratitude unto thy fon:
Unhappy mother of fuch children then,
But monftrous father to forget fo foon
The death of thofe, whom they with care and coft
Have tender'd fo, thus carelefs fhould be loft. Myfelf a ftranger in refpect of thee,
So lov'd his life, as fill I wifh their deaths.
Nor fhall his death be unreveng'd by me, Although I bear it out for fafhion fake:
For here I fwear, in fight of heaven and easth, Shouldt thou negleet the love thou fhouldf retain,
And give it over, and devife no more,
Myself fhould fend their hateful fouls to hell,
That wrought his downfal, with extreameft death.
Hier. But may it be, that Belimperia
Vows fuch revenge as the hath deign'd to fay ?
Why then I fee that heav'n applies our drift,
And all the faints do fit folliciting
For vengeance on thofe curfed murderers.
Madam, 'tis true, and now I find it fo:
I found a letter, written in your name,
And in that letter, how Horatio dyed.
Pardon, o pardon, Belimperia,
My fear and care in not believing it ;
Nor think, I thoughtlefs think upon a mean,
To let his death be unreveng'd at full:
And here I'vow, fo you but give confent,
And will conceal my refolution,
I will e'er long determine of their deaths,
That caufelefs thus have murdered my fon.

Bel. Hieronimo, I will confent, conceal, And aught what may effect for thine avail, Join with thee to revenge Horatio's death.

Hier. O then, whatioever I devife, Let me intreat you, grace my practifes : For why, the plot's already in my head. Here they are.

> Enter Baltמazar and Lorenzo.

Bal. How now, Hieronimo, what courting Belimperia?
Hier. Ay, my lord, fuch courting as I promife you, She hath my heart: but you, my lord, have hers.

Lor. But now, Hieronimo, or never, we are to intreat your help.
Hier. My help? why my good lords, affure yourfelves of me,
For you have given me caufe, ay, by mine honour have you.
Bal. It pleas'd you at th'entertainment of the embarfador,
To grace the king fo much as with a flow :
Now were your tudy fo well furnihed,
As for the paffing of the firt night's fport, To entertain my father with the like,
Or any fuch like pleafing motion,
Affure yourfelf it would content them well.
Hier. Is this all?
Lor. Ay, this is all.
Hier. Why then I'll fit you, fay no more :
When I was young, I gave my mind,
And ply'd myfelf to fruitlefs poetry :
Which though it profit the profeflor nought,
Yet it is pafing pleafing to the world.
Lor. And how for that?
Hier. Marry (my good lord) thus:
And yet methinks you are too quick with us.
When in Toledo, there I fudied,
It was my chance to write a tragedy,
Sec here, my lords,
[Sberws them a book. Which long forgot, I found this other day :

## The Spanifh Traged.

Now would your lordhips favour me fo much
As but to grace me with your acting it,
I mean each one of you to play a part,
Aflure you it will prove moft paffing ftrange,
And wondrous plaufible to the affembly.
Bal. What, would you have us play a tragedy?
Hier. Why ? Nero thought it no difparagement,
And kings and emperors have ta'en delight,
To make experience of their wits in plays.
Lor. Nay, be not angry, good Hieronimo,
The prince but alked you a queftion.
Bal. In faith, Hieronimo, and you be in earneft, I'll make one.
Lor. And I another.
Hier. Now (my.good lord) could you intreat
Your fifter Belinperia to make one:
For what's a play without a woman in't?
Bel. Little intreaty fhall ferve me, Hieronimo;
For I muft needs be imployed in your play.
Hier. Why this is well: I tell you, lordlings,
It was determin'd to have been acted
By gentlemen and fchoiars too; Such as could tell what to fpeak.
Bal. And now it fhall be faid by princes and courtiers, Such as can tell how to fpeak;
If (as it is our country manner)
You will but let us know the argument.
Hier. That fhall I roundly. The chronicles of Spain Record this written of a knight of Rhodes : He was betroth'd, and wedded at the length, To one Perfeda, an Italian dame,
Whofe beauty ravih'd all that her beheld ;
Efpecially the foul of Solyman :
Who at the marriage was the chiefef guef.
By fundry means fought Solyman to win
Perreda's love, and could not gain the fame :
Then 'gan he break his paffion to a friend,
One of his Bafhaws, whom he held full dear ;
Her had this Bafhaw long follicited,
Alid faw fhe was not otherwife to be won,

But by her hufband's death : this knight of Rhodes;
Whom prefently by treachery he new,
She ftirr'd with an exceeding hate therefore,
As caufe of this flew Solyman:
And to efcape the Bafhaw's tyranny,
Did ftab herfelf: and this is the tragedy.
Lor. O excellent!
Bel. But fay, Hieronimo, what then became of him;
That was the Bafhaw ?
Hier. Marry thus, mov'd with remorfe of his mif. deeds,
Ran to a mountain top, and hang'd himfelf.
Bal. But which of as is to perform that part?
Hicr. O, that will I, my lords, make no doubt of it.
I'll play the murderer, I warrant you
For I already have conceited that.
Bal. And what fhall I?
Hier. Great Solyman, the Turkin emperar.
Lor. And I ?
Hicr. Erafto, the knight of Rhodes.
Bci. And I!
Hier. Perfeda, chafte, and refolute.
And here, my lords, are feveral abftracts drawn;
For each of you to nate your parts,
And act it as occafion's offered you.
You muft provide a Turkifh cap,
A black muliachio, and a fauchion.
[Gives a papar to Balthawar:
You with a crofs, like a knight of Rhodes.
[Gives another to Lorenzo.
And, madam, you mult attire yourfelf
[Gives Belimperia anotber:
Like Phebe, Flora, or the huntrefs,
Which to your difcretion fhall feem beft.
As for me, my lords, I'll look to one,
And with the ranfom that the Viceroy fent,
So furnifh and perform this tragedy,
That all the world fhall fay, Hieronimo
Wàs liberal in gracing of it fo,

## The Spanin Tragedy.

Bal. Hieronimo, methink a comedy were better.
Hier. A comedy! fie! comedies are fit for common: wits:
But to prefent a kingly troop withall,
Give me a fately-written tragedy;
Tragadia cotburnata, fitting kings,
Containing matter, and not common things.
My lords, all this muft be perform'd,
As fitting for the firft night's revelling.
The Italian tragedians were fo fharp of wit,
That in one hour's meditation,
They would perform any thing in action.
Lor. And well it may, for I have fee the like
In Paris 'mongft the French tragedians.
Hicr. In Paris! mafs, and well remember'd,
There's one thing more that refts for us to do.
Bal. What's that Hieronimo? forget not any-thing?
Hier. Each one of us multact his part
In unknown languages,
That it may breed more variety:
As you, my lord, in Latin, I in Greek, You in Italian, and for becaufe I know That Belimperia hath practifed the French, In courtly French fhall all her phrafes be.

Bel. You mean to try my cunning then, Hieronimic,
Bal. But this will be a meer confufion,
And hardly fhall we all be undertood.
Hier. It muft be fo: for the conclufion
Shall prove the invention, and all was good:
And I myfelf in an oration,
And with a ftrange and wond'rous fhow befides;
That I will have there behind a curtain, Afure thyfelf fhall make the matter known :
And all thall be concluded in one fcene,
For there's no pleafure ta'en in tedioufnefs.
Bal. How like you this?
Lor. Why thus, my lord, we muft refolve
To fonth his humours up.
Bal..O then, Hieronimo, farewell till foon,

Hier. You'll ply this gear ?
Lor. I warrant you.
[Exeunt all but Hieronimo.
Hier. Ay, why fo, now fhall I fee the fall of Babylon,
Wrought by the heavens in this confurion. And if the world like not this tragedy, Hard is the hap of old Hieronimo.
Enter IJabella with a weapon.

Ifa. Tell me no more, O monftrous homicides,
Since neither piety, nor pity moves
The king to juftice or compaffion,
I will revenge myfelf upon this place,
Where they have murder'd my beloved fon.
[She cuts down the arbour.
Down with thefe branches, and thefe loathfome boughs, Of this unfortunate and fatal pine,
Down with them, Ifabella, rend them up, And burn the roots from whence the reft is fprung.
I will not leave a root, a ftalk, a tree,
A bough, a branch, a bloffom, nor a leaf, No, not an herb within this garden plot. Accurfed complot of my mifery!
Fruitlefs for ever may this garden be, Barren the earth, and blifslefs whofoever Imagines not to keep it unmanur'd. An eaftern wind commix'd with noifome airs
Shall blaft the plants, and the young faplings.
The earth with ferpents fhall be pefter'd,
And paffengers for fear to be infect,
Shall ftand aloof, and looking at it, tell,
There murder'd, died the fon of Ifabel.
Ay, here he died, and here I him embrace. See there his ghoft folliciting with wounds, Revenge on her that fhould revenge his death: Hieronimo, make hafte to fee thy fon;
For forrow and defpair hath cited me,
To hear Horatio plead with Radamant:
Make hafte, Hieronimo; what can excufe Thy negligence in purfuit of their deaths,

## The Spanim Tragedy.

Whore hateful wrath bereav'd him of his breath?
Ah ria, thou dot delay their deaths, Forgiv'ft the murd'rers of thy noble on, And none but I beftir me to no end: And as I cure this tree from farther fruit, So fall my womb be cured for his fake ; And with this weapon will I wound the breaft, The hapless breaft that gave Horatio fuck.
[She fats herself.
Enter Hieronimo, be knocks up the curtain.
Enter the duke of Caftile.
Caff. How now, Hieronimo, where's thy fellows,
That you take all this pain?
Hier. O, fir, it is for the author's credit,
To look that all things may go well :
But good my lord, let me intreat your grace
To give the king the copy of the play:
This is the argument of what we flow.
Laft. I will, Hieronino.
Hirer. One thing more, good my lord.
Caff. What's that?
Her. Let me intreat your grace,
That when the train is pat into the gallery, you
Would vouchfafe to throw me down the key.
Caff. I will, Hieronimo.
[Exit Caff.
Her. What, are you ready Balthazar?
Bring a chair and a cuftion for the king.
Enter Balthazar with a chair.
Well done, Balthazar, hang up the title:
Our fcene is Rhodes: what, is your beard on?
Bal. Half on, the other is in my hand. [Ex. Bat.
Her.: Dispatch for shame, are you folong?
Bethink thyself, Hieronimo,
Recall thy wits, recount thy former wrongs,
Thou haft receiv'd by murder of thy for.
And laftly, tho' not least, how Ifabel,
Once his mother, and my deareft wife,
All woe-begone for him, hath fain herself.
Behoves thee then, Hieronimo, to be reveng'd:
The plot is laid of dire revenge;

## 276. The Spanifh Tragedy.

On them, Hieronimo, purfue revenge:
For nothing wants, but acting of revenge.
[Exit: Enter Spanijo king, Viccroy, duke of Caftile, and theie: train.
King. Now, Viceroy, fhall we fee the tragedy
Of Solyman the Turkifh emperor,
Perform'd of pleafure by our fon the prince, My nepheiv, don Lorenzo, and my niece?

Kice. Who, Belimperia?
King. Ay, and Hieronimo our marfhal,
At whofe requeft they deign to do't themfelves:
Thefe be our paftimes in the court of Spain.
Here, brother, you fhall be the book-keeper,
This is the argument of that they flow.
[Gives bim a book.
Gentlemer, this play of Hieronimio, in Jundiry Languages, ruas thought good to be fot dounn in Englijh, more large1), for the cafier underffanding to every publick reader.

Enter Baltbazar, Belimperia, and Hicronimo.
Balt. $\mathrm{R}^{\text {Afhaw, that Rhodes is ours, yield heaven the. }}$ B honour,
And holy Mahomet our facred prophet:
And be thou grac'd with every excellence,
That Solyman can give, or thou defire.
But thy defert in conquering Rhodes is lefs,
Than in referving this fair nymph
Perfeda, blifful lamp of excellence,
Whofe eyes compel like powerful adamant,
The warlike heart of Solyman to wait.
King. See, Viceroy, that is Balthazar your fon,
That reprefents the emperor Solyman :
How well he acts his amorous paffion !
Vice. Ay, Belimperia hath taught him that.
Caff. That's becaufe his mind runs all on Belimperia.
Hicr. Whatever joy earth yields, betide your majefty,
Balt. Earth yields no joy without Perfeda's lowe.
Hicr. Then let Perfeda on your grace attend, Balt: She fhall not wait on me, but I on her,

Drawn by the influence of her lights, I yield:
But let my friend the Rhodian knight come forth,
Eratto, dearer than my life to me,
That he may fee Perfeda my belor'd.
Enter Erafo.

King Here. comes Lorenzo - Look upon the plot, And tell me, brother, what. part. plays he?
Bel. Ah, my Erafto, weleome to Perfeda.
Era. Thrice happy is Erafto that thou div'r:
Rhodes' lofs is nothing to Erafo's joy, Sith his Perfeda lives, his life furvives.
Balt. Ah, balhaw, here is love betwixt Erafos
And fair Perfeda, fovereign of my foul.
Hier. Remove Erafto, mighty Solyman,
And then Perfeda will be quickly won.
Balt. Eratto is my friend, and while he lives:
Perfeda never will remove her love.
Hier. Let not Erafto live to grieve great Solymanj
Balt. Dear is Evafto in our princely. eye.
Hier. But if he be your rival, let him die.
Balt. Why, let him die ; fo love commandeth me;
Yet grieve I that Erafto fhould fo die.
Hier. Erafto, Solyman faluteth thee, And lets thee wot by me his highnefs' will, Which is, that thou fhould't be thus employ'd:
[Stabs bim?
Bel. Ah me, Erafto!-See, Solyman, Erafto's Ilain.
Balt. Yet liveth Solyman to comfort thee.
Fair queen of beauty, let not favour die, But with a gracious eye behold his, grief,
That with Perfeda's beauty is increas'd,
If by Perfeda's grief be not releas'd.
Bel. Tyrant, defift folliciting vain fuits;
Relentlefs are mine ears to thy laments, As thy butcher is pitilefs and bare,
Which feiz'd on my Erafto, harmiefs knight;
Yet by thy power thou thinkeft to command,
And to thy power Perfeda doth obey :
Sut were fhe able, thus fhe would revenge

Thy treacheries on thee, ignoble prince:
[Lets ber flab bim.
And on herfelf the would be thus reveng'd.
[Stabs herfelf.
King. Well faid, old marfhal, this was bravely done. Hier. But Belimperia plays Perfeda well.
Vice. Were this in earneft, Belimperia?
You would be better to my fon than fo. King. But now what follows, Hieronimo? Hier. Marry, this follows for Hieronimo-
Here break we off our fundry languages, And thus conclude I in our vulgar tongue :
Haply you think (but bootlefs be your thoughts).
That this is fabuloufly counterfeit,
And that we do as all tragedians do,
Go die to-day, (for fafhioning our feene,
The death of Ajax, or fome Roman peer)
And in a minute ftarting up again,
Revive to pleafe to-morrow's audience:
No, princes know, I am Hieronimo,
The hopelefs father of a haplefs fon,
Whofe tongue is tun'd to tell his lateft tale,
Not to excufe grofs errors in the play.
I fee your looks urge inftance of thofe words-
Behold the reafon urging me to this.
[He berws bis dead fon.
See here my fhew, look on this fpectacle;
Here lay my hope, and here my hope hath end :
Here lay my heart, and here my heart was flain:
Here lay my treafure, here my treafure loft:
Here lay my blifs, and here my bliís bereft:
But hope, heart, treafure, joy, and blifs,
All fled, fail'd, died; yea, all decay'd with this.
From forth thefe wounds came breath that gave me life.
They murder'd me, that made thefe fatal marks.
The caufe was love, whence grew this mortal hate ;
The hate, Lorenzo and young Balthazar,
The love, my fon to Belimperia:
But night, the coverer of accurfed crimes,

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

With pitchy filence hufh'd the trait'rous harms, And lent them leave, for they had forted leifure
To take advantage in my garden-plot,
Upon my fon, my dear Horatio:
There mercilefs they butcher'd up my boy,
In black dark night, to pale dim cruel death.
His fhrieks I heard; and yet methinks I hear
His difmal outcry echo in the air;
With fooneft fpeed I hafted to the noife,
Where hanging on a tree I found my fon,
Thro' girt with wounds, and flaughter'd as you fee:
And griev'd I think you at this fpectacle.
Speak, Portuguefe, whofe lofs refembles mine,
If thou can'It weep upon thy Balthazar,
'Tis like I wail for my Horatio.
And you, my lord, whofe reconciled fon March'd in a net, and thought himfelf unfeen, And rated me for brain-fick lunacy, With God amend that mad Hieronimo :
How can you brook our play's cataftrophe? And here behold this bloody handkerchief, Which at Horatio's death I (weeping) dipt Within the river of his bleeding wounds, Is as propitious: fee, I have preferv'd, And never hath it left my bleeding heart, Solliciting rememb'rance of my vow, With thefe, O thefe accurfed murderers; Which now perform'd, my heart is fatisfy'd. And to this end the Bafhaw I became, That might revenge me on Lorenzo's life; Who therefore was appointed to the part, And was to reprefent the knight of Rhodes, That I might kill him more conveniently: So, Viceroy, was this Balthazar thy fong That Solyman, which Belimperia, In perfon of Perfeda, murder'd, Solely appointed to that tragick part, That fhe might flay him that offended her. Poor Belimperia mifs'd her part in this; For tho' the ftory faith, the fhould have died,

Yet I of kindnefs, and of care to her,
Did otherwife determine of her end;
But love of him (whom they did hate fo much)
Did urge her refolution to be fuch.
And princes, now behold Hieronimo,
Author and actor in this tragedy,
Bearing his lateft fortune in his fift,
And will as refolute conclude his part:
As any of the actors gone before.
And, gentiles, thus I end my play:
Urge no more words, I have no more to fay.
[He runnetb to bang bimfelf:.
King. O hearken, Viceroy-Hold Hieronimo-
Prother, my nephew and thy fon are flain.
Vice. We are betray'd-my Balthazar is flain.
Breaik ope the doors-run, fave Hieronimo.
[They break in, and bold Hieronimo:
Hieronimo, do but inform the king of thefe events,
Upon mine honour, thou fhalt have no harm.
Hier. Viceroy, I will not truft thee with my life,
Which I this day have offer'd to my fon.
Accurfed wretch, why: faid'ft thour him that was refolv'd: to die ?
King. Speak, traitor! damn'd bloody murderer, fpeak !: For now I have thee, I will make thee fpeak.
Why haft thou done this undeferving deed?
Vice. Why haft thou murder'd my Balthazar?
Caft. Why haft thou butcher'd both my childrens. thus?
Hier. But are you fure that they are dead?
Caf. Ay, flain too fure.
Hier. What, and your's too?
Wice. Ay, all are dead; not one of them furvive.
Hier. Nay, then I care not-Come, and we fhall be: friends:
Let us lay our heads together.
See, here's a goodly noofe will hold them all.
Vice. O damn'd devil, how fecure he is !
Hier. Secure! why do'ft thou wonder at it ?
I tell thee, Viceroy, this day I have feen revenge,

## The Spanifh Tragedy.

And in that fight am grown a prouder monarch, Than ever fate under the crown of Spain. Had I as many lives as there be ftars, As many heavens to go to as thofe lives, Id give them ails, ay, and my foul to boor, but I would fee thee ride in this red pool.

Cafl. Speak, who were thy confederates in this?
Pice. That was thy daughter Belimperia;
For by her hand my Balthazar was dlain :
I faw her flab him.
Hicr. O good words-ds dear to me was my Hor: ratio,
As yours, or yours, or yours, my lord, to you. My guittefs fon was by Lorenzo flain, And by Lorenze and that Balchazar Am I at lat revenged thoroughly ;
Upon whofe fouls may heavens be yet revenged
With greater far than thefe afticlions.
Methinks, fince I grew juward with revenge,
I cannot look with fiorn cnough on death.
King, What, do'tt mock us, have? bring rortures forth.
Hirr. Do, do, do, and mean time I'll orture you:
You had a fon, as I take ir, and your fon Should have been married to your daughter: ha, was' E not fo?
You had a fon too, he was my liege's nephew:
He was proud and politick-Had he liv'd,
He might ha' come to wear the crown of Spain :
I think 'twas fo-'Twas I that kulld him:
Look you, this fame hand was in that stab'd
His heart-do you fee this hand?
For one Horatio, if you cever knew him, A youth, one that they hang'd up in his father's garden;
One that did force your valiant fon to yield,
While your valiane fon did rake him prifoner.
Vice. Be deaf my fenfes, I can hear no more.
King. Fall heaven, and cover us with thy fad ruins.
Caff. Roll all the world within thy pitchy eloud.
Hier. Now do 1 appland what 1 have aeled.

Now to exprefs the rapture of my part, Firft take my tongue, and afterward my heart.

King. O monftrous refolution of a wretch! See, viceroy, he hath bitten forth his tongue, Rather than to reveal what we requir'd.
Caf. Yet can he write.
King. And if in this he fatisfy us not, We will devife th' extremeft kind of death That ever was invented for a wretch.
[He makes figns for a knife to ment bis pern.
Caff. O, he would have a knife to mend his pen. Vice. Here, and advife thee that thou write the truth. Look to my brother, fave Hieronimo.
[He with the knife fabs the duke and binfelf.
King. What age hath ever heard fuch monftrous deeds?
My brother, and the whole fucceeding hope Of Spain, expected after my deceafeGo bear his body hence, that we may mourn The lofs of our beloved brother's death, That he may be entomb'd whate'er befall : I am the next, the nearelt, laft of all. Vice. And thou, don Pedro, do the like for us;
Take up our haplefs fon, untimely fain; Set me with him, and he with woful me, Upon the main-maft of a fhip unman'd, And lett the wind and tide hale me along To Sylla's barking and untamed gulph; Or to the loathrome pool of Acheron, To weep my want of $m y$ fweet Balthazar: Spain hath no refuge for a Portuguefe.

The trumpets found a dead march; the king of Spain mourning after his brotber's body; and the king of Portugal bearing the body of his fon.

## Enter Gboft and Revenge.

Ghof. Ay, now my hopes have end in their effects, When blood and forrow finifh my defires.

## The Spaniff Tragedy.

Horatio murder'd in his father's bower ; Vile Serberine by Pedringano flain; Falife Pedringano hang'd by quaint device ; Fair Ifabella by herfelf mifdone ;
Prince Balthazar by Belimperia ftabb'd;
The duke of Caftile, and his wicked fon, Both done to death by old Hieronimo: My Belimperia fallen, as Dido fell; And good Hieronimo flain by himfelf. Ay, thefe were fpectacles to pleafemy foul. Now will I beg at lovely Proferpine,
That by the virtue of her princely doom, I may comfort my friends in pleafing fort, And on my foes work juft and fharp revenge. I'll lead my friend Horatio thro' thofe fields, Where never-dying wars are fill indur'd. I'll lead fair Ifabella to that train Where pity weeps, but never feeleth pain. I'll lead my Belimperia to thofe joys That veftal virgins and fair queens poflefs. I'll lead Hieronimo where Orpheus plays, Adding fweet pleafure to eternal days. But fay, Revenge, (for thou muft help, or none) Againft the reft how fhall my hate be fhown?

Rers. This hand fhall hale them down to deepef hell, Where nought but furies, buggs, and tortures dwell. Gboft. Then, fweet Revenge, do this at my requeft, Let me be judge, and doom them to unreft. Let loofe poor Titius from the vulture's gripe, And let don Cyprian fupply his room : Place don Lorenzo on Ixion's wheel, And let the lovers endlefs pains furceafe; Juno forgets old wrath, and grants him eafe.
Hang Balthazar about Chimera's neck,
And let him there bewail his bloody love,
Repining at our joys that are above.
Let Serberine go roul the fatal ftone, And take from Sifiphus his endlefs moan. Falfe Pedringano, for his treachery, Let him be dragg'd thro' boiling Acheron,

284 The Spanifh Tragedy:
And there live, dying ftill in endlefs flames,
Blafpheming Gods and all their holy names.
Rev. Then hafte we down to meet thy friends and foes ;
To place thy friends in eafe, the reft in woes : For here, tho' death doth end their mifery, I'll there begin their endlefs tragedy.


$$
\mathscr{T} \amalg S T R
$$

$$
[285]
$$


$M \cup S T A P H A$
TRAGEDY.

By Sir Fulk Greville, Lord Brook.
va sirncransets

SIR Fulk Greville, Lord Brook, rwas born in 1554 , the fame Year with Sir Philip Sydney. He had his Education at both the Univerjities, and at his Return from bis $T$ ravels be was introduc'd to Court, employ'd by 2ueen. Elizabeth, and became one of ber Favourites. By King James he was made Cliancellor of the Excbequer, a Privy Counfellor, one of the Lords of the Bedshamber, and a Peer. Negleczing to prefer one Heywood, who had long been his Servant, the Fellow was so bold as to expoftulate with bim on that Head, and receiving a fervere Anfwer, be took it fo ill, that waiting an Opportunity, be fabb'd bim in the Back in BrookeHoufe in Holbourn, and then went into the next Room and fabb'd bimfelf. His Epitaph at Warwick is: Fulk Greville, Servant to Queen Elizabeth, Counfellor to King Fames, and Friend to Sir Pbilip Sydney. He nurote another Tragedy, call'd Alaham; alfo a Treatife on Hüman Learning, a Treatife of War, an Inquifition on Fame and Honour, two Letters in Profe, and 109 Sonnets, entituled Cælica. All his Works were printed together in Folio in 1633.

## [287]

## Tour

## Dramatis Perfonæ.

SOlyman. Muftapha. Rofen. Achmat. Roffa. Zanger. Camena. Beglarby Nuntius. Prieft.

## 

MUSTAPHA

## [288]



# MUSTAPHA. 

> A

## TRAGEDY.

Act. I. Scen. I.

Solyman, Roffa.

Sol. S) Wen (en OSSA, th' eternal wifdom doth not covet
 powers,
Is it which governs every thought of ours. I. fpeak by Muftapha; for as a father, How often deem'd I thofe light-judging praifes Of multitudes, whom my love taught to flatter,

Truth's

## MUSTAPHA.

Truth's oracles; and Muftapha's true fories :
So dearly nature bids our own be lov'd:
So ill a judge is love of things belov'd.
But is contempt the fruit of parent's care?
Doth kindnefs leffen kings authority,
Teaching our children pride, our vaffals wit,
To fubject us, that fubject are to it?
This frailty in myfelf I conquer muft,
And flay the falfe untimely hopes it works,
Threat'ning the father's ruir $p_{p}$ in the fon:
Many rwith truf, with doubt ferw are undone.
Sent for he is; nor fhall the painted fhews
Of fame or kindnefs, longer feal mine eyes :
For fince he frives to undermine my crown,
I will as firmly watch to keep him down.
Rof. Solyman, my lord, the knowledge who was father
To Muftapha, made me (poor filly woman)
Think worth in blood had natural fucceffion :
But hiow, I fee ambition's mixtures may
The gold of nature's elements allay.
His fame untimely born; flength flrangely gather'd.;
Honour won with honouring; greatnefs with humble-nefs ;
(A monarch's heir in courfes popular)
Made me divine fome ftrange alpiring mind;
Yet doubtful ; for it might be art, or kind.
But look into him by his outward ways:
Perfia, our old imbrued enemy,
Treats of peace with the fon, without the father:
A courfe in all eftates to princes nice ;
But here much more ; where he that monarch is,
Muft (like the fun) bave no light 乃乃ine but bis.
The offers; real crowns, or hopes of kingdoms.
What fudden knot hath bound up our divifions?
Made them that only fear'd our greater growing,
Offer fuch projects for our greater growing?
" 'Tis true, that private thoughts may eafily change :
" But fates, whofe ways are time, occafion, feat,
"Have other ends, than chance, in all they treat.
Vol. II.

Yet be it, all the world would us obey; In monarchies, which furfeit more than pine,
The king fhould judge: Strength knows what firengsio can rueld:
The beft foundation, elfe may over-build. $\mathrm{NO}_{3}$ no : upon the pitch of high attempts
I fee him fland, fporting with wrong, and feat;
For law and duty, both are captives there.
His hopes, the hopes of all; for all afpire:
His means, that proud rebellious difcontent,
Which fcorns both governore and government ${ }_{3}$
Solyman! fear is broke loofe within me.
What will, or may, methinks already happens
His power thus great, will, fixt occafion ready,
Shadows of ruin to my heart deliver.
Confufed noife within my ears doth thunder Of multitudes, that with obeying threaten. Solyman! while fear to lofe thee, wifheth death; My fear again to leave thee, wifheth breath.

Sol. Roffa! I fcorn there fhould be caufe of fears
In one man's rage; for hard then were our ftate,
That reins of all the world defire to bear:
Yet thy difquiet fhall increafe my hate.
Thy wifhes vain to thee yet never were:
For love and empire, botb alike take pleafure,
Part of themfelves upon deferts to meafure.
And, but that all my joys have forrow's image,
I could fay; I take pride in thine affection; For power may be fear'd, empire ador'd;
Rewards may make knees bow, and felf-love humble
But love is only that which princes corvet; And for they bave it leaft, they mof do love it.
Care therefore for thyfelf, I hold thee dear:
And as for me!
Tho' fortune be of glafs, and apt to break ;
Kings lives kept but in flefh, and eafily pierc'd ; King's crowns no higher than private arms may reach $\gamma_{e t}$ tiof $f_{e}$ all-daring fpirits are rarely known; That upon princes graves dare raife a throne.

Rof. Sir! ferv in number or time prefents children; Whatre than ends, there ends difoontentment's empire;

Novelty in fefb bath always bad a dwelling;
Then tell me, lord, what man would choofe his room,
That muft expect in wickednefs a mean,
Or elfe be fure to feel a fatal doom?
Can that flay in the midft whofe center's loweft?
Old age is nature's poverty and forn;
Defire's riches live in princes children;
Their youths are comets, within whofe corruption
Men prophefy new hopes of better fortunes.
Ah, fir! Corrupt occafion fill preferreth
The ruifdom, that for Jelf-advantage erreth.
Sol. Wifdom is not unto itéelf in debt,
That leaveth nothing, but a God above it,
Will he return from death unto the living ?
Rof. No, fir! but much may hap before his death; Who thinking nothing worfe, and nothing after, Knows thought of wrong is death, if princes live ; Where dead, all heirs their own good do forgive.

Sol. I fent, he cemes; and come is in my power.
Rof. Before he comes, who knows your fatal hour ?
The rwicked wrefle both with might and light:

* While princes live, each man's life guardeth theirs;
*When they are dead, men's loves go with their fear. Slain by the way, lefs grudge, more fafety were.

Sol. Wrong is not princely, and mucb lefs is fear.
Rof. Thefe glorious hazards tempt, and hatten fate;
They will become a man, but not a ftate.
Sol. This fear in women fhews a kindnefs too;
And is for men to thank, but not to do.
Rof. Is providence of no more ufe to power?
Sol. Than to preferve the fame of power entire,
Which often undermined is by fear.
I do fufpect, yet is there nothing done;
I lofe my fame, if I fo kill my fon.
'Tho' I yet know nought he hath done amifs,
I doubt, and beavy princes doubting is.
Tho' I refolve I will not kill him there;
It mortal is if kings fee caufe to fear.
When Muttapha returns, my jealous care

Will very hardly danger overfee :
Order alone holds fates in unity.

## Act. II. Scen. 2.

Beglerbie Nuntius. Solynian, Rofja.
Begler. OND man! diftract with divers thoughts on foot,
That rack'f thyfelf, and nature's peace doft break, Judge not the Gods above : it doth not boot, Nor do thou fee that which thou dar'ft not fpeak. Power hath great fcope; fhe walks not in the ways Of private truth: virtues of common men Are not the fame which thine in kings above, And do make fear bring forth the works of love. Admit that Muftapha not guilty be, Who by his prince will rife, bis prince muft pleafe; And they that pleafe, judge with humility. Yonder they are, whofe charge muft be difcharg'd. In Roffa's face behold defire fpeaketh, He keeps the laws, that all lawes form breaketh. Sol. Is Muftapha in health, and coming? Beg. My lord! already come; for what can flay, Where love and duty both teach to obey ?

Sol. In what ftrange ballance are man's humours poifed! Since each light change within us, or without, Turns fear to hope, and hope again to doubt. If thus it work in man, much more in thrones, Whofe tender heights feel all thin airs that move, And work that change below they ufe above. For on the axis of our humours turn Church-rites, and laws, fubjects defire, and wit; All which, in all men, come and go with it. Roffa! a king ought therefore to furpect Fears, fearful counfels which incline to blood, Wherein but truths, no influence is good. Elfe will inferior practice ever caft Such glafly fhadows upon all our errors,

As he that fees not ruin, fhall fee terrors. Power therefore fhould affect the people's ftamp, "Whofe good or ill thoughts, ever prove to kings, " Like air, which either health, or ficknefs brings. Now, Roffa! by thefe ftraight lines, if we found
The hollow depths of Roften's myftery,
He will the canker of this fate be found.
Long hath he wav'd betwixt my fon and me, Making fucceffion facred, whilit he felt Practice could not divide the bark and tree: His end being not to find or cherifh truth, But rather vices, where his art works ruth. Long hath he weigh'd our humours with his ends,
To find which nature was the fitteft mould
For him to bring to pars in, what he would.
And tho': his power be on my old age built,
Yet that, as flow to ruin, he dinikes:
Guilt feeking fnields for every blow it frikes.
Now in my fon tho' active powers he find,
Yet what he cannot govern, gives offence ;
From birth, or worth, ftill fearing competence.
He grounds this work on jealoufy of kings,
"Where hopeful goodnefs oft in fucceffors
"Seem not ftrengths, as they be, but frong opprefors,
And when this art could not procure his fall, Nor fhape our humours like Procuftes' bed,
Where all that fit him not, are ruined:
Straight then he ofiers up unto my fon
My life, my crown, and all that I have won.
Such flender props are princes favourites,
"Who like good fortune's children, love their mother,
"And never can be true to any other.
In thefe nets fhall he then catch him and me,
And fo this high and fovereign fcepter-power,
Sink into flaves by my infirmity ?
No, no; when princes, by defect of mind,
A pronenefs feel to fink into their flaves;
Wherein they make their creatures their graves:
By nature have they not a phenix fire,
From their own ahes to revive again,

And in their children's honour, live and reign ?
Then, Roffa, judge: my love hath made us one :
And who can judge thefe humourifts but we ;
Since hope and fear below lack eyes to fee?
Muftapha is thro' mifprifion hither come,
Brought to the practice of this crafty flave,
Carelefs in which he makes the other's tomb :
His nets are laid, our thoughts for fales pitch'd down,
To catch ourfelves in, and in us, the crown.
But nature's laws have conquer'd princes doubts;
And between king and man, what was begun,
Concludes betwixt a father and a fon.
Rof. Behold! thefe fandy hearts have no foundation :
Yet hence muft I, with hazard, work my will,
That have to do with thought, nor good, nor ill.
My lord! your doubts from arguments did rife
Of wanton pride, ambitious feeking love:
" And can remifions be in nature wife,
" While flates upon the fteep of danger move?
No, think what pregnant grounds of his ambition
Refolv'd you firf: his greatnefs was your danger;
And fhall a father wave a king's furpicion?
Since mifchief, whilft her head fhews in a cloud, In Pluto's kingdom doth her body fhrowd.
Sol. Sufpicion may enquire, but not conclude ;
Fiotb bope and fear, do with excefs delude.
Tell, Beglerbie, how did he welcome thee?
In your accefs what found you, pomp, or pride?
Was he referv'd, or elfe did he defcend ?
Appear'd I as his fovereign, or his friend ?
Begler. His court was great, and that which adds to
you

Is, that all princes had their agents there
Confeffing, in the fon, the father's due:
And from them all the honour done him fuch,
As if none thought the world for him too much,
Yet I no fooner to his prefence came,
But he paid all their homages to me,
The ref look'd on, as when men wonders fee.

Sol. What was his cheer? didit thou obferve his eyes, When thou declared it my will to have him come?

Belger. Firf, at your name he bow'd in humble wife;
The reft appear'd to be a joyful doom.
Only the Perfian fpake (it feems) with care: God make thefe favours good, for they be rare.

Rof. This is the glafs which father looks not in; The workman hides, the inftruments difcover: See how it fits a king to be a lover!
[Afide. Sir, mark thefe words: whence fhould their wondes grow?
His fcorn and grudge, he worfhips and obeys: In him, or for him, what ftrange works are thefe ?

Sol. Tell me his manner. How did he difpofe His followers and his affairs, till his return ? The news of war againft our Perfian foes, I am fure, made not his undertakers mourn.

Begler. The Perian agent fome diftraction fhew'd; All elfe their eyes to their fun-rifing turn.

Sol. What's the difcourfe of court? and what the face?
His carriage is it royally fevere,
Referv'd like us, by attributes of place?
Or popular, as power in people were?
Shapes he his courfe to rule, or gain a ftate ?
Is our courfe chang'd, or doth he imitate ?
Begler: He winds not fpirits up with power or fear: The ancient form he keeps, where it is good: His projects, reformation every where :
His care, to have difeafes underfood:
Reverend unto your throne, more to your deeds:
It is no imitation which exceeds.
Sol. What doth he in our church, or law reprove'? What error in our difcipline of war ?

Begler. With zeal he doth adore the powers above; With zeal inferior duties paid him are : And, for his ends on publick centers move, His ends are ferv'd with every body's love. His court, like yours, the image of a camp: In yours, your power, in his, himfelf the lamp.

He fees (men fay) but only what he fhows, I mean examples both of power and love:
You fee again what from within you grows, Such humble fear, as fearful power moves.
His camp, in reft and action both, content; Affiduous order works his frame in either:
Your difcipline now loofe, now overbent; Forc'd to ufe fear in both, contents in neither.
This freedom, fir, makes them you two compare,
of whom, both he and they, but fhadows are.
Sol. What be his troops? an army, or a train?
Come they to dwell, or to go back again ?
Begler. His will was to depart immediately,
With no train but the Barhaw, prieft, and I.
Your honour only miniftred debate;
Princes (fome thought) ftood faft by keeping fate:
His pomp gave luftre to your power, fome faid,
For princes fould be glorioully obey'd.
At this gap enter'd love and intercefion,
The multitude all liberties approv'd,
The wife to give them way held it difcretion,
Where it gave honour to yourfelf above.
Thus to the coaft number and order come, Where Muftapha leaves all to bide your doom. Sol. Within the port, or where doth he attend ?
What's the afpect between his own and ours?
Gains he, or wains he by approaching power ?
Begler. His foot on land, Atraight-to the church he

> goes;

Applaufe and wonder follow to that place, Greater he, by your influence, ftill grows, Your trophies upon him the people place. Unto the fate men prophecy progrefion, And fee your age, 'tis true, in your fucceffion,
Your power and love both, in his pomp appear ;
For even the Bafhaw's next you I did meet
Haf'ning to honour him, whom you hold dear.
What greater triumph to a glorious father,
Than fuch a fon for age to lean unto,

## Mustapha.

Whence declination may more forces gather,
And impotence retain ability to do?
Goodnefs exiling jealoufy of fate,
From him whofe duty fets his power a rate.
Now by the way a paper up I took,
Spread by the Mufti, as it fhould appear,
Foretelling with authority of book,
What thofe times wrap'd in clouds, and thefe make clear.
Wherein thefe prophet-fpirits did foreflow
The progrefs of this empire to the height ;
Under what princes humours it fhould grow,
Under whofe weaknefs fall again by weight :
Inferring this, that where declining fpirits
To govern mighty fcepters God ordains,
Order no bafis finds; honour muft fall:
Where man is nothing, place cannot do all.
Again, where worth and wifdom fovereign be, .
And he that's king of place, is king of men,
Change, chance or ruin, cannot enter then.
And fuch a king muft fit upon this throne;
Unperfect times, they fay, are fully run,
And this perfection prefent in your fon.
Sol. Change hath prepar'd her moulds for innova. tion.
I fee inferior wheels of practice move,
Yet they prevail not on the powers above.
His worth refts conftant, and yet works this motion,
They to him, for him, facrifice at random
All which they have, and have not, in devotion.
He is the glafs, in which their light afeections
Come to behold what image they fhall take :
If liberty they find, then anarchy they make.
On time, place, truth, thefe fpirits never reft.
His worth, thus innocent, how can I fear?
Their thoughts, thus violent, can power digeft?
Then government! thy hand muft cut between.
My fearful dangers, and his fearlefs praife.
In all flates, pozver, which opprefleth jpirits,
Imprijons nature, empire difonberits.

This throne grew not by delicate alliance, Combining flate with fate, all ftates to laws, Of idle princes, and bafe fubjects caufe.
We grew by curious improving all ;
Ourfelves to people, people unto us;
Worth, through ourfelves, in them we planted thusi
And fhall I help to make fucceffion less,
Blafting the births of nature and example
In narrow fears of felf-unworthinefs?
No, no: the art of monarchy is more:
Princes muft ftrength by fuch fucceffion gather,
With future bopes all prefent finerts are eafed:
Age hath a veil, and majefty is pleafed.
Who makes can mar. Honour, reward and fear
Are reins of porver: The end"s inherent there.
Rof. Behold, I fand amaz'd: Sir, cafe my heart.
A king lefs than a man! more than a God!
I know not where to flay, or how to part.
God bath ordain'd that rwickedness foall aie.
Sir, who is guilty? Muftapha, or I? Solym. He now is in the hands of power and time:
His danger is to come, and ours is paft:
Let's fee into what moulds our own are caft. Rolf. Who will endure the fentence he may give
Between you two? He muft be king that lives.
Your grave prepared is among your own:
Neighbours, church, people, foldiers, made the flage,
Where hope and youth fhall ruin fear and age.
Moft wretched I, rais'd to be overthrown.
If you will die, then am I loft in you ;
And die you muft if you believe your own.
If he fhall live, then am I prov'd untrue;
Hated by him, whom you have plac'd above,
Lof unto you, and iun'd by my love.
" Ah, Confidence! thou glory of the ill!
"How fafely doft thou blinded power affail,
"That having all, yet knows not what it will ?" Soljin. Roffa! you move me; yet remeve I not.
Man comprebends a man, but not a king.
feel myfelf, "tis true, and 1 feel you:

## Mustapha.

How to itfelf can power then prove untrue? Succeffion on the prefent never wins But by the death of body, or of fpirit: All heirs by our mortality run in. Let not mifprifion-wound me in thy love: Great inequality of worth you yield To them you think can on my ruins build.

## 000300900000909P0Vec3e日0

## CHORUSI.

Of Bashaws, or Caddies.

LIK E as mix'd humours, drawn up from the ground, Are unto many forms and functions bound, Partly out of their native property, Partly the climes thro' which their journies be ; Some into meteors, that amaze below, Others to comets, which fore-threaten woe; Some into hail-ftones, that affict the earth, Others to rain, which haftens every birth; Lightning and thunder only made of thofe, Which the cold region's double heats enclofe: So is frail mankind, tho' in other fafhion, Rais'd, and let fall with his own earthly paffion; Formed, transformed, and made inftruments In many fhapes to ferve power's many bents; Feeding fuperiors, even as vapours do, Which fpending themfelves fcourge their parents toe: Some in mifhaped meteors terrifying ; All conftant fpirits, under tyrants lying; Others like winds, which Kolus makes blow, To breathe themfelves out, while they overthrow; Some like fweet dews, that nourifh where they touch; Like exhalations fome inflame too much ; Bondage and ruin only wrought by thofe, That kings with fervile flattery inclofe,

## 300 Mustapha.

Hatching, in double heats of power and will,
Thunder and lightening to amaze and kill.
Thus tyrants deal with peoples liberty,
The nether region cannot long live free.
Thus tyrants déal with us of higher place,
As drawn up only to difperfe difgrace.
Echos of power, that pleafingly refound
Thofe heavy taxes wherewith princes wound.
Exhaufters of frail mankind by our place,
To make them poor, and confequently bafe.
With colonies we eat the native down, And, to increafe the perfon, wain the crown: With ilde vifions trafficking mens minds, To humble moderation in all kinds;
Till under falfe files of obedience,
We take from mankind all, but fuffering fenfe.
Yet even by thefe fails, which for fcepters move,
We forced are with modelt breath to prove,
Which way thefe people-tides will pars with eafe;
Crowns wounding deeply when they ftrive to pleafe.
Whence, as we dare not blow them up to rage;
So again, if we quit this people-ftage,
Thrones know not where to act thofe fancy-plays,
Which catch the lookers on fo many ways.
For we, like dews drawn to be clouds above,
Straight grow, with that attracting fun in love;
Which ever raifeth light things up to fall,
In crafty power creation natural.
Wrapt in which crown-mifts, men cannot difcer
How dearly they her glittering tinctures earn:
'Till, thro' glafy time thefe cage-birds fee,
That bonour is the badge of tyranny.
Laws the next pillars be, with which we deal,
As fophiftries of every common-weal;
Or rather nets, which people do afk leave, That they to catch their freedoms in, may weave,
And fill add more unto the Sultan's power,
By making their own frames themfelyes devour.
Thefe Lebian rules, with fhew of real grounds.
Giving right, narrow ; will, tranfcendent bounds.
The Mufti, and their fpiritual jurifdictions,

By courfe fucceed thefe other guilt-inflictions: Confcience annexing to cur crefcent far All freedoms, that in man's frail nature are ; By making doctrines large, ftrict ; mild, fevere ; A power intends to ftir up hope or fear : Which heavenly fhadow, with earth-centers fix'd, Rack men, by truth and untruth, ftrangely mix'd; And prove to thrones fuch a fupporting caufe, As finely gives law to all other laws. Thus like the wood that yields helves for the ax, Upon itfelf to lay an heavy tax:
We filly Bafhaws help power to confound, With our own ftrength exhaufting our own ground:
An are of tyranny, which works with men, To make them beafts, and high-rais'd thrones their den, Where they, that mifchief others, may retire
Safe with their prey, as lifting tyrants higher.
By which enthralling of ourfelves with others,
Prove we not both confufion's heirs and mothers?
Far unlike Adam, putting civil names
Upon thofe errors, which the whole world blames,
For if power ravine more than is her own ;
People, we fay, are chequers to a tbrone.
Again, if the to rife up, will pull down;
Creation, we fay, fill inberes the crown.
If good men chance to interrupt this way;
Too much in virtue oft there is, we fay:
Since each inferior limb muft from the head Receive his fandard and be ballanced.
If people grudge their freedom, thus made thrall;
Power is their body, they but fhadows all.
If God himfelf by law, or influence, Seems but to limit this omnipotence ; Even as in Chriftian courts of chancery, Tho' land or titles cannot fettled be, Yet where the perfon dares to difobey, Thro' him, his title they imprifon may : So tho' with tyrants God tranfcendent be, Yet plague theyshis for too much piety; And, by diftinctions from the pulpit's doom, Leave tilll for crown-impiety a rooin.

## 302

## Mustapha.

This is our office under tyranny,
Where power and paffion only current be.
But where the better rules the greater parts,
And reafon only is the prince's art,
There, as in margents of great volum'd books,
The little notes, whereon the reader looks,
Ofthelp his over-preffed memory
Unto the author's fenfe where he would be ;
So do true counfellors affift good kings,
And help their greatnefs on, with little things.
Honour, in chief, our oath is to uphold,
That by no traffick it be bought or fold :
Elfe look what brings that dainty throne-work down,
Adds not, but lill takes fomething from a crown.
Profit, and her true mine, frugality,
Incident likewife to our office be:
As hufbanding the feeptre's fpreading right,
To ftretch itfelf, yet not grow infinite ;
Or with prerogative to tyrannize,
Whofe works prove of more abfolute than wife.
Not muftering laws, which freeciom interrupts;
Nor moulding pulpits, which is to corrupt,
And help change in ; wibofe ranity fill tinds
To work immortal things to mortal ends.
But our part is to keep the juftice free,
As equal poifing liberality ;
Which both contents the people that receives,
And princely giver more enabled leaves.
Likewife with foreign fates we keep refpect
By diligence, which feldom finds neglect.
In treaties ftill concluding mutual good;
Since no one byafs'd conti aft crer flocd.
In complements we ftrive to hold fuch meafure,
That outward form confume not inward treafure.
For betwixt man and man, 'twixt kings and kings,
Our place fhould offer well-digefted things.
Elfe as thofe crudities, which do remain
Within the body, all complexions ftair.,
So doth advantage between fate and fates.
Tho' fincly got, yet prove unfortunate:

## Mustapha.

And oft, diforder like, in government, Leave even thofe that profper, difcontent. But is our great lord's character like thefe? Are difproportion'd humours made to pleafe ? Can parricide, even unto nature treafon, Draw any true line from man's zenith, reafon? Then how can vice, in this confus'd eftate, Long 'fcape the doom of never-fparing fate ? For, as we fee, when ficknefs deeply roots, Meat, drink, and druggs alike do little boot; Becaufe all what fhould either nurfe or cure, As mafter'd by difeafes, grow impure : So when excefs (the malady of might) Hath (dropfy-like) drown'd all the itiles of right, Then doth obedience (elfe the food of power)
Help on, that dropfy canker to devour;
In which craz'd times, woe worth forefeeing wit,
Which marr itfelf may, cannot help with it.
For as thofe lings that conquer neighbour nations,
Firft by the fword make chaos of creations;
Then, fpider-like, a curious netting fpin,
Invifible, to catch inferiors in :
So when the art of powerful tyranny,
Hath undermin'd man's native liberty,
Then, like lords abfolute of words and deeds, They foon change weeds to herbs, and herbs to weeds.
Which over-winding while the people fear,
Can tyrants hope of fanctuary there?
Or, when this fear hath ticd mens minds together, Proves this a ftorm, or conftant winter-weather ?
Again, when felfnefs.hath men's hearts eftrang'd,
Is not one fovereign foon to many chang'd?
Laftly, where abfolute feems only wife,
Is not one envious there in many eyes?
Difeafe thus grown, the crifis and the door,
Shew princes muft be ours, or we their tcmb:
For as the ocean, which is ever deep,
Under her fmooth face, doth in fecret keep
The vaft content of death's devouring womb,
Where thofe defires which venture find a tomb;
昰01us,

## 304 <br> Mustapha.

Eolus, with fweet breath, making all things fair,
Till he hath bound hope prentice to his air;
Then adding more breath to that breath they fpend,
Makes tide with tide, and wave with wave contend;
Enforcing men, for tax, to throw their goods
Into his mercilefs enticing floods,
Where fwallowing fome in fight of thofe he fpares,
Even they that profper beft muft fwarm with cares :
So doth vaft power, at firft, fpread out her fleights
Of grace and honour, fmooth bewitching baits;
And when men's lives, their goods, and liberty,
Are left in truft once with her tyranny,
Then, ocean-like, blown up with forms of paffion, Which, but excefs, makes all feem out of fafhion:
It takes advantage to devour the juft,
Becaufe to laws that limit thrones they truff;:
Ruins the wife, whofe eye difcerns too much,
And thereby brings power's errors to the touch;
Difcards the learned, for the difference
They make between the truth and prince's fenfe;
Stains the religious, as if they withftood
Porver's rwill, the famp of all that's current good;
Yet faves it fome, that they may witnefs bear,
Where porver reigns, there worth muft live in fear.
Thus are we foothers, as all fhadows be,
Sworn to the bodies of authority.
Thus do inferiors, catch'd with their own ends,
Pay double ufe for all the fceptre lends;
Not feeing, while man frives to fand by grace,
He offers nature's freedom up to place;
Whofe, true relation, between men and might,
Affures us, thrones foould not be infinite;
Lafly, thus do we fuffer God to wain,
Under the humours of a Sultan's reign;
And in the fatal ruin of his fon,
Cut off our own lives, on a lefs thread fpun.

## Act. II. Scen. I.

## Achnat folus.

WHO, fanding in the fhade of humble vallies, Looks up, and wonders at the fate of hills:
When he with toil of weary limbs afcends, And feels his fpirits melt with Phoebus' glories,
Or finews ftark with Æolus' bitter breathing,
Or thunder-blafts, which, coming from the fky,
Do fall moft heavy on the places high :
'Then knows (tho' farther feen, and farther feeing
From hills above, than from the humble vallies)
They multiply in woes, that add in glories.
Who weary is of nature's quiet plains,
A mean eftate; with poor and chafte defires ;
Whofe virtue longs for knees, blifs for opinion ;
Who judgeth pleafure's paradife is in purple ;
Let him fee me; no governor of Caftile,
No petty prince's choice, whofe weak dominions
Make weak unnoble counfels to be current;
But Bafhaw unto Solyman, whore fceptre,
Nay feryants, have dominion over princes;
Under whofe feet, the four forgotten monarchies ${ }_{3}$.
The footfools lie of his eternal glory:
Even I, thus rais'd, this Solyman's belov'd,
Thus carried up by fortune to be tempted,
Muft, for my prince's fake, deftroy fucceffion;
Or fuffer ruin, to preferve fucceffion.
Oh happy men! that know not, or elfe fear
This fecond flippery place of honour's feep,
Which we with envy get, and danger keep.
Unhappy ftate of ours! wherein we live,
Where doubts give laws, which never can forgive:

Where rage of kings not only ruins be, But where their very love works mifery : For princes humours are not like the glafs, Which in it fhews what fhapes without remain, And with the body go, and come again; But like the wax, which firft bears but his own, Till it the feal in eafy mould receive, And by th' impreffion only then is known. In this foft weaknefs Roffa prints her art, And feeks to tofs the crown from hand to hand :-
Kings are not fafe wobom any underftand.
Firft, of herfelf, the durft fend Roften forth
To murder Muftapha, his deareft fon:
He found him only guarded with his worth,
Sufpecting nothing, and yet nothing done.
Roften is now return'd ; for wicked fear
Did even make him wickednefs forbear.
A Beglerby goes fince to call him hither;
The colour, war againft the Perfian king ;
The truth, to fuffer force of tyranny,
From his enforced father's jealoufy.
Who utters this, is to his prince a traitor ; Who keeps this, guilty is ; his life is ruth, And dying lives, ever denying truth. Thus hath the fancy-law of power ordain'd,
That who betrays it moft, is moft efteem'd;
Who faith it is betray'd, is traitor deem'd.
I fworn am to my king, and to his honour ;
His humours? no: which they that follow moft,
Wade in a fea, wherein themielves are loft.
Yet, Achmat, flay! for who doth wreft king's minds,
Wrefles his faith upon the fage of chance;
Where virtue, to the world by fortune known,
Is oft misjudg'd, becaufe fhe's overthrown.
Nay, Achmat, ftay not! for who truth environs
With circumftances of man's failing wit,
By fear, by hope, by love, by malice erreth ;
Nature to nature's bankrupts he engageth:
And while none dare 乃erw kings they go amijs,
Even bafe abedience their corruption is.

Then, fear, dwell with the ill: truth is affur'd. Opinion, be and reign with fortune's princes; Policy, go piece the faults of mortal kingdoms; Death, threaten them that live to die for ever ; I firft am nature's fubject, then my prince's: I will not ferve to innocency's ruin. Whofe beaven is earth, let them believe in princes. My God is not the God of fubtle murder. Solyman fhall know the truth-I look no further.

Behold! he comes like majefty confus'd; Horror, revenge, rage lighten in his eyes: All larws give place rwhere porver is join'd with thefe, And be muft go beyond that will appeafe.

## Act. II. Scen. 2.

> Sclyman, Acbmat.

Soly. $\quad$ Ercy and love! you phrafes popular, Which undermine and limit princes thrones,
Go feek the regions of equality. Greatnefs muft keep thofe arts by which it grew, And ever wobat it wills or fears make true.

Ach. My lord, what moves thefe undermining words, Which fhewing fear in you, fir fear in us? Cruelty and diffolution enter thus.

Soly. Doth kings reftraint of wrath appear like fear? Shall our remiffnefs fuffer more than this?
Can horror only adoration bear?
Behold, the world lays homage at my feet!
To them by fword and fire I am known :
Muft kings that change this likenefs, lofe their own ?
Two ftates I bear, his father, and his king;
Thefe two, being relatives, have mutual bonds; Neglect in either, all in quettion brings. My fon climbs up with wings of feeming merit; His courfe, applaufe; and mine the fcale of order:

By diffolution he builds up content, And I difpleafe by planting government. My age: f pends on the flock of honour won ; Flesh hath her buds, her flowers, her fruit, her fall;
Work hath his time, and reft is natural :
His youth hath hope for right, and fame for end;
Time for a ftage, for rival expectation;
Afcending by the ballance we-defcend.
Let youth affect good will, praife, reputation,
Fanion itself to times, or times to it,
Grow flong, and rich in man's imagination:
But when her fame reflects fcorn upon kings,
Her glory undermines, or elfe confounds
Of place, time, nature, all the reverend bounds.
There crooked fhadows no ftraight bodies have:
Practice, ambition, pride, are here difguis'd:
And fall love be a chain, tied to my crown,
Either to help him up, or pull me down?
No, no, this father-language fits not kings,
"Whore publick univerfal providence
"Of things, not perfons, always muff have fence."
With juftice I there minty doubts will clear ;
And he that breaks divine and human law,
Shall no protection out of either draw.
Ach. Sir, where corrupted limbs art doth divide,
It hath no name of torment, but of cure:
Set many peris, fo the fate be fore.
Soly. Then, Achmat, bid the eunuchs do their charge.
I wound myself in wounding of my ion:
A king's eftate hath of a father's won.
Advantageous ambition! haft thou learn'd
That prefent government fill gives offence,
And long life in the belt kings difcontenteth ?
That difcontentment's hopes live in fucceffion?
Well, falie defines! (which in false gaffes thew
"That princes thrones are like inchanted fires,
" Mighty to fee, and eafy to pals over:)
By Muftapha's example, learn to know,
No private thoughts can found authority.
Achmat, I mean that Muftapha shall die!

## Mustapha.

Acb. My lôrd, good fortune doth me witnefs bear, That my hopes need not fand upon fucceffion, Where life is poor in all, but woe and fear: Then, fir, doubt not my faith, tho' I withftand This fearful counfel which you have in hand.

Soly. Refolv'd I am. -The form alone I doubt. Envy and murmur I defire to fhun, With which yet great examples muft be done.

Ach. The form of proof precedes the form of death: Kings honours and their fafeties live in both : Againft thefe to give counfel I am loth.
Soly. Thought is with God an act-Kings cannot See Ib' intents of micchief, but with jealoufy.

Ach. In what protection then lives innocence?
Soly. Below the danger of omnipotence.
Acb. Are thoughts and deeds confounded any where?
Soly. In princes lives, that may not fuffer fear ; Where place unequal equally is weigh'd, There porwer fupreme is ballanc'd, not obey'd.

Ach. This is the way to make accufers proud, And feed up ftarved fpite with guiltlefs blood.

Soly. A juft advantage unto kings allow'd,
Whofe fafeties do include a common good.
Ach. . Sir, I confers where one man ruleth all,
There fear and care are fecret ways of wit ;
Where all may rife, and only one muft fall,
There pride afpires, and porwer muft mafter it.
For worlds repine at thofe, whom birth or chance
Above all men, and yet but men, advance.
I know when eafy hopes do nurfe defire,
The dead men only of the wife are trufted:
And tho' crook'd fear doth feldom rightly meafure,
As thinking all things, but itfelf, difembled;
Yet, Solyman, let fear awake kings counfels;
But fear not nature's laws, which feldom alter,
Nor rare examples of iniquity,
Which, but with age, of time deliver'd be :
Fear falfe ftep-mothers rage, woman's ambition,
Whereof each age to other is a glars:
Fear them that fear not, or defire flame,

Selling their faiths to bring their ends to pafs. Ettablifh Roffi's children for your heirs,
Let Multapha's hopes fall-tranflate his right ;
And when her proud ambitions glutted be,
Straight envy dies, fear will appear no more ;
Nature takes on the fhape it had before.
Soly. Shall error 'rcape by art? And fhall a bare Step-mother's namre, in hey that fpeaketh truth,
Difguife and fhadow parricide from blame?
Intents are fedds, and aftions they include.
Fisicces, rebofe ficeptres mup be fear'd of many, Are never Safe that live in fear of any. Acl. Tyrants they are that punifh out of fear ;
States wifer than the truth decline, and wear.
Soly. Thou art but one-The reft, in whom I truff,
Difeern his fault, and urge me to be juft.
Acb. Tho' faction's ftrength be great, her flight is more ;
Her plots and inftruments inlaid with art:
Lefs care bath truth, than batb the cvil part.
Soly. Traitor, mult I doubt all to credit thee?
Ach. No lefs is truth, where kings deceiv'd will be.
Soly. The greater number holds the fafeft parts.
Acb. That one is but the leatt of faction's arts.
Soly. Thy counfel hazards all ; their courfe but onc,
Ach. That painted hazard is but made the gate,
For ruin of your fon to enter at.
Truth mulf the mecafure be to flave and king.
Soly. Shall power then lofe her odds in any thing?
Ach. God, cuen to bimfelf, bath made a laww.
Soly. He doth for fame, what kings do but for awe.
What, but defert, makes thofe that praife accufe?
Acb. The virtue they admire, and cannot ufe.
Soly. Dare aught but truth affiail a prince's child?
Ach. On princes frailties factions cuer build.
Soly. Speak plain, and free my foul from this difeafe,
That with the ruin of mine own would pleafe.
$A c b$. That which you will not feel, how can you fee ?
For in your love thefe works were all inweav'd,
With which meft worthy men are moft deceiv'd.

Soly. What king or man loves fear, wrong, treachery ? There be the things that now in quetion be.

Acb. Sir, where kings cioubt, wifdom and laws provide
Due trial, and reftraint of liberty, And unto caution their eflate is tied:
But where kings rage becomes fuperlative,
There people do forbear, but not forgive.
My lord, then ftay - Delays are rvijdom, rubers
Time may more eafy wsays of foftety foow.
Self-murder is an ugly work of fear,
And little lefs is children's overthrow.
Muftapha is yours; more, fir, even he
Is not; for whom you Muftapha o'erthrow.
Sufpicions common to fucceffrons be;
Honour and fear togetber ever go.
Who muft kill all they fear, fear all they fee, Nor fubjects, fons, nor neighbourhood can bear :
So infinite the limits be of fear.
Soly. Well, Achmat, fay - I frive to reft my thoughts. Words rather itir than quiet fix'd impreffions. Kings bearts muft judge wobat Jubjects bearts bave swrougbt;
Not your calm heart unthreaten'd and upright. Such bees fetch hory from the felf-fame flower, Whence fpiders draw their deep-invenom'd power. No, no-Experience wounded is tbe fibosl, Where man learns piercing wisidom out of fmart: Innocence includes the ferpent, not the fool. The wager's great of being, or not being. Thefe crudities let me within digeft; My power fhall take upon it all the reft

## Act. II. Scen. 3 .

Camena, Solyman, Acbmat.

Hey that from youth do fuck at fortune's breaf,
And nurfe tineir empty hearts with feeking higher,
" Like dropfy-fed, their thirft doth never reft;
"For fill, by getting, they beget defire :
"Till thoughts, like wood, while they maintain the " flame
"Of high defires, grow aftes in the fame.
" But virtue! thofe that can behold thy beauties,
" Thofe that fuck, from their youth, thy milk of " goodnefs,
"Their minds grow ftrong againft the ftorms of fortune,
"And ftand, like rocks, in winter gufts unfhaken;
" Not with the blindnefs of defire miftaken.
O virtue therefore! whofe thrall I think fortune,
Thou who defpifeft not the fex of women,
Help me out of thefe rideles of my fortune,
Wherein (methinks) you with yourfelf do pofe me :
Let fates go on: fweet virtue! do not lofe me,
My mother, and my hufband have confpired,
For brothers good, the ruin of my brother:
My father by my mother is infpired,
For one child to feek ruin of another.
I that to help by nature am required,
While I do help, muft needs ftill hurt a brother.
While I fee who confpire, I feem confpired
Againft a hufband, father, and a mother.
Truth bids me run, by truth 1 am retir'd;
Shame leads me both the one way, and the other.
In what a labyrinth is honour caft,
Drawn divers ways with fex, with time, with fate!
In all which, error's courfe is infnite,
By hope, by fear, by fite, by love, and hate;
And but one only way unto the right.

A tharny way :: where pain mult be the guide;
Danger the light ; ofience of power the praife Sucin are the golden hopes of iron days.

Yet Virtue, I am thine,for thy fake griev'd (Since bafeft thoughts, for their ill-plac'd degires. In Joime, in danger, death, and torment glory)
That I cannot with more pains write thy fory.
Chance, therefore, if thou fcorneft thofe that forn thee ; Fame, if thou hateft thofe that force thy trumpet
To found aloud, and yet defpife thy founding ;
Laws, if you love not thofe that be examples
Of nature's laws, whence you are fall'n corrupted;
Confpire that I, again!t you all confpired, Joined with tyrant Virtue, as you call her,
That I, by your revenges may be nam'd,
For virtue, to be ruin'd, and defam'd.
My mother oft, and diverfly I warn'd,
What fortunes were upon fuch courfes builded:
That fortune fill muft be with ill maintain' $\alpha$,
Which at the firt with any ill is gain'd.
I Roften warn'd, that man's felf-loving thought
Still creepeth to the rude-embracing might
Of princes grace: a leafe of glories let,
Which fhining burns; breeds ferenes when 'tis fet.
And, by this creature of my mother's making,
This meffenger, I Muftapha have warn'd,
That innocence is not enougb to Sarve,
Where good and greatnefs, fear and enviy bave.
Till now, in reverence I have forborn
To afk, or to prefume to guefs, or know
My father's thoughts; whereof he might think foorn:
For dreadful is that power that all may do; Yet they, that all men fear; are feaiful too. Lo where he fits! Virtue, work thon in me, That what thou feekeft may accomplifht be. Solym. Ah death 1 is not thyfelf fufficient anguin, But thou muft borrow fear, that threatning glafs, Which, while it goodnefs hides, and mirchief hows, Doth lighten wit to honor's overthrows?

Vol. II.
0
But

But hufh! methinks away Camena fteals:
Murther, belike, in me itfelf reveals.
Camena! whither now? why hafte you from me?
Is it fo ftrange a thing to be a father ?
Or is it I that am fo ftrange a father ?
Cam. My lord, methought, nay, fure I faw you bufy Your child prefumes; uncall'd, that comes unto you.

Solym. Who may prefume with fathers; but their own, Whom nature's law hath ever in protection, And gilds in good belief of dear affection?

Cam. Nay, reverence; fir, fo childrens worth doth bide, As of the fathers it is leaft efpy'd.

Solym. I think 'tis true : who know their children leafts Harve greateft reafon to ofteem them beft.

Cam. How fo; my lord? fince lorve in knowledge lives, Which unto ftrangers therefore no man gives.

Solym. The life we gave them foon they do forget; While they think our lives do their fortunes, 1 let.

Cam. The tendernefs of life it is fo great,
As any fign of death we hate too much;
And unto parents fons; perchance, are fuch.
Yet nature meant her ftrongeft unity
${ }^{3}$ Twixt fons and fathers; making parents caufe
Unto the fons, of their humanity;
And children pledge of their eternity.
Fathers fhould love this image in their fons.
Solym. But fireams back to their springs do never run:
Cam. Pardon' my lord! doubt is fuccefion's foe:
Let not her mifts poor children overthrow.
Though ftreams from fprings do feem to run away, ${ }^{9}$ Tis nature leads them to their mother fea.

Solym. Doth nature teach them; in ambition's ftrifes To feek his death, by whom they have their life ?

Cam. Things eafo, to defire impoffible do Seen: Why fhould fear make impoffible feem eafy?

Solym. Monfters yet be ; and being, are believ'd.
Cam. Incredible hath fome inordinate progreffion:
Blood, doctrine, age, corrupting liberty,
Do all concurr, where men fuch monfters be.
Pardon me; fir, if duty do feem angry :

## Mustapha.

Affection muft breathe out aflicted breath, Where imputation hath fuch eafy faith. Solym. Muftapha is he that hath defil'd his neft; The wrong the greater, for I lov'd him beft. He hath devis'd that all at once fhould die, Roften, and Roffa, Zanger, thou, and I.

Ciam. Fall none but angels fuddainly to hell? Are kind, and order grown precipitate?
Did ever any other man, but he,
In inftant lofe the ufe of doing well?
Sir, thefe be mifts of greatnefs. Look again: For kings that, in their fearful icy fate Bebold their children, as their winding 乃eet, Do cafily doubt; and rwhat they doubt, they bate.

Solym. Camena! thy fweet youth, that knows no ilis,
Cannot believe thine elders, when they fay,
That good belief is greaz eftates decay.
Let it fuffice, that I, and Roffa too,
Are privy what your brother means to do.
Cam. Sir, pardon me: and nobly as a father,
What I fhall fay, and fay of holy mother,
Know I fhall fay it, but to right a brother.
My mother is your wife : duty in her
Is love: The loves; which not well govern'd, bears
The evil angel of mifgiving fears;
Whofe many eyes, whilf but itfelf they fee,
Still make the worlt of poffibility:
Out of this fear fhe Muftapha accufeth :
Unto this fear, perchance, fhe joins the love,
Which doth in mothers for their children move.
Perchance, when fear hath fhew'd her yours mult fall,
In love fhe fees that hers mult rife withall.
Sir, fear a frailty is, and may bave grace, And over-care of you cannot be blam'd; Care of our own in nature bath a place; Paffons are oft miftaken, and mi fram'd;
Things fimply good grow evil with mifplacing.
Though laws cut off, and do not care to fafiona,
Humanity of error hath compafion.

## MUSTAPHA.

Yet God forbid, that either fear, or care, Should ruin thofe that true and faultlefs are. Solym. Is it no fault, or fault I may forgive, For fon to feek the father fhould not live ?

Cam. Is it a fault, or fault for you to know, My mother doubts a thing that is not fo ?
Thefe ugly works of monftrous parricide,
Mark from what hearts they rife, and where they bide.
Violent, defpair'd, where honor broken is;
Fear lord; time death; where hope is mifery;
Doubt having ftopt all honeft ways to blifs, And cuftom thut the windows up of fhame, That craft may take upon her wifdom's name.
Comparenow, Muftapha, with this defpair: Sweet youth, fure hopes, honor, a father's love, No infamy to move, or banifh fear, Honor to ltay, hazard to haften fate :
Can horrors work in fuch a child's eftate? Befides, the gods, whom kings fhould imitate, Have plac'd you high to rule, not overthrow;
For us, not for your jelves, is your eftate:
Mercy mufi band in band wwitb porver go.
Your fcepter hould not ftrike with arms of fear, Which fathoms all mens imbecillity,
And mifchief doth, left it thould mifchief bear. As reafon deals within with frailty,
Which kills not paffions that rebellious are, But adds, fubftracts, keeps down ambitious fpirits : So muft power form, not ruin inftruments:
For flefh and blood, the means 'twixt heav'n and hell,
Unto extreams extreamly racked be ;
Which kings in art of government frould fee. Elfe they, subich circle in themfelves with death, Poijon the air, whbercin they draw their breath. Pardon, my lord! pity becomes my fex: Grace with delay growus weeak, and fury wije. Remember Thefeus' wifh, and Neptune's hafte, Kill'd innocence, and left fucceffion wafte.

Solym. If what were beft for them that do offend
Laws did inquire, the anfwer muft be, grace.
If mercy be fo large, where's juftice place?
Cam. Where love defpairs, and where God's promile ends.
For mercy is the higheft reach of wit,
A fafety unto them that fave with it :
Born out of God, and unto human eyes,
Like God, not feen, till flehly paffion dies.
Solym. God may forgive, whofe being, and whole harnis
Are far remov'd from reach of flefhly arms:
But. if Gode equals, or fuccefors bad;
Even God, of Safe revonges rwould be glad.
Cam. While he is yet alive, he may be flain ; But from the dead no fie/b comes back agais.

Solym. While he remains alive, I live in fear.
Cam. Though he were dead, that doubt ftill living were.
Solym. None hath the power to end what he begun,
Cam. The fame occafion follows every fon.
Solym. Their greatnefs, or their worth is not fo it wheh.
Cam. And frall the beft be flain, for being fuch ?
Solym. Thy mother, or thy brother are amifs:
I am betray'd ; and one of them it is.
Cam. My mother, if fhe errs, errs virtuounly;
And let her err, ere Muftapha fhould die. Kings, for their fafety, muft not blame mifiruts Nor, for furmifes, facrifice the juft.

Solym. Well, dear Camena, keep this fecretly;
I will be well-advis'd before he die.
Come, Achmat, to the church : we will go pray God, to unfold this probability,
Where power and wit fo much offend him may.
In this difeafe of fpirits, the true appeal
Is to that judge that every fpirit knows ;
For we by error elfe may honour lofe.
His laws, the life, the innocence, the fate Of fon and father now in ballance fand.

Kings that bave caufe to fear, take leave to hate; Sons that ajpire, as eaflyly lift their bands. If I fall now, I give that fcope to fate, Our equal gage being only nature's bands. Help comes alike to each of us too late, If aught betwen us and advantage ftand. Yet fhe, and your, a frife within me move, And reit I will with counfel from above.

## CHORUS II.

Of Mabonctan Prieffs

IF among Chriftians, even the beft divines Conclude, their church (though thrall to human might)
Yet to be fuch a fair mould, as refines And guides kings power, elfe indefinite,

That it no tyrant, or profaner be ;
Horrors too frequent in authority:
May not our conquering true church then affume,
By grace, and duty, to link God to kings,
And kings to man? which what elfe could prefume?
Since might and number rule all other things.
Then, crowns, what honour to our church is due, That fafhions itfelf thus, to fafhion you?

Iaws we had none, but what our priefts infpir'd;
Our right was lefs; for we had nought to claim:
To propagate it felf the trutb defir'd,
And to that end, at all mankind did aim :
So that while fouls we only fought to fave,
They are with God, and we their empires have,
Olli, a prophet from our church divided
In outward forms, not lines of inward life,

## Mustapha.

Like witty fchifm, we lovingly decided, With well-bent fpirits in opinion's ftrife. Europe in chief our prophets then withftood, With her three-mitred god of flefh and blood.

Her lett'red Greece, that lottery of arts, Since Mars forfook her, fubtle, never wife; Proud of her new-made gods in fleflly hearts, As fhe of old was of her heathen lies;

We undertook with unity of mind,
And what their wits difpute, our fwords did bind.
So that e'er her grofs feets could danger fee, Their thrones, fchools, mitres, idols were refign'd To us, new trophies of our monarchy:
Thus are the Mufes still by Mars refin'd:
And thus our church, by pulling others down, I fear o'erbuilt itfelf, perchance the crown.

For, till of late, our church and prince were one, No latitude left either to divide : The word, and fword endeavour'd not alone, But were, like mutual voice and echo, ty'd

With one defire jointly to move, fpeak, do ;
As if fate's oracles and actors too.
Now while the crown and priefthood joined thus In equal ends, though dignities diftinct, As man's foul to his body linked is:
Crowns, by this tincture of divine inftinct,
So above nature rais'd the laws of might,
As made all errors of the world our right.
Vices, I grant, our martial courfe then had; For fpoil, blood, luft, were therein left too free, As raifing ftrong ideas in the bad, Brave inftruments of princely fovereignty.

Like thieves, at home our juftice was fevere ; In other princes realms our freedoms were.

Great the Seraghio was, I muft confefs, Yet fo, as kindle did, not quench our fpirits :
Our pleafures never made our natures léfs;
Venus was join'd with Mars, to ftir up merits.
In right, or wrong, our courfe was not precife, Nor is, in any ftate that multiplies.

Yet, to reacem this difcipline of vice,
We added to the glory of our flate;
Won honour by them, to the prejudice
Of, frangers, conquering more than we did hate:
Our emulation was with crowns, not men;
Thus did our vices fpread our empire then.
Where fince, though we fill fpoil that Chrittian fect, Which, by divifion fatal to their kind, Friends, duties, enemies, and right neglect, To keep up fome felf-humour in the mind; Yet all we thus win, not by force, but fleight, Pois'd with our martial conquefts, will lack weight.

For force, not right, our crefcents bear in chief:
Camps, and not courts, are maps of our eftate, Where church, law, will, all difcipline in brief, Eftablif'd are to make worth fortunate :

We fcorn thofe arts of peace, that civil tether, Which, in one boind, tie craft and force together.

Of cell-bred fciences we chew no cudd; Our food and garments overload us not ; When one act withers, ftraight another budds;
Our reft, is doing ; good fuccefs, our lot;
Our beafts are no more delicate than we:
This odds have Turks of Chritianity.
Yet by your traffick with this dreaming nation, Their conquer'd vice hath ftain'd our conquering frate, And brought thin cobwebs into reputation Of tender fubtilty ; whofe ftepmother fate

So inlays courage with ill-fhadowing fear, As makes it much more hard to do, than bear.

And as in circles, who breaks any part, That perfect form doth utterly confound:
Or as amongft the feigned lines of art,
One only right is, all elfe crooked found :
So from our prophet's laws when Sultans ftray, In buman wit power finds perplexed way.

Hence, though we make no idols, yet we fafhion God, as if from power's throne he took his being;
Our Alcoran as warrant unto paffion ;
Monarchs, in all laws but their own will, feeing.
He whom God choofeth, out of doubt doth rwell:
What they that choofe their God do, who can trll?
Again, when great fates learn civility
Of petty kingdoms, learn they not to fall?
Nay monarchies, when they declining be,
Erook they thofe virtues which they rofe withall?
Had Muftapha been born in Selim's time,
What now is fearful, then had bsen fublime.
The Chriftian bondage is much more refin'd, Though not in real things, in real names; Laws, doctrine, difcipline, being all affign'd To hold upright that witty man-built frame ;

Where every limb, though in themfelves dilinit. Yet finely are unto the fcepter linkt.

An art by which man feems, but is not free; Crowns keeping all their fpecious guiding reins, Falt in the hand of ftrong authority; So to relax, or wind up pafion's chains, As before bumble people knare their griefs Their 'ftates are us'd to look for no retitf.

Yet if by parts we travel to compare, What differences 'twixt thefe two empires are :

## 322 Mustapha.

We build no citadels, our flrengths are men, And hold retreat to be the lofer's den:
They, by their forts, mow their own people dow
A way perchance to keep, not fpread a crown.
Of bondage we leave our fucceflion free;
Office and action are our liberty.
They may inherit land; we hope for place:
They give the wealthy, we the active grace.
We hear the fault, and fo demand that head,
Which hath in martial duties been mifled!
Their procefs is to anfwer, and appear;
But under laws, which hold the fcepter dear.
Our law is martial, fudden and fevere;
For fact can rarely intricatenefs bear:
Their laws take life from fovereignty,
Thanklefs to which, power will not let them be.
So that the Muffilman fends home his head;
The Chriftian keeps his own, till he be dead.
Our trade is tax, comprifing men, and things :
And draw not they mankind's wealth under kings?
Soothing the tyrant, till by his excefs,
Want makes the anojefy of thrones grow lefs,
By icixing peotle's vice at fuch a rate,
As to fill up a fieve, exbaufts a Atate:
Laftly, fo fnuffing trade, law, doctrine, will,
As no foul hall find peace in good, or ill ;
Both being traps alike us'd, to entice
The weak and humble into prejudice.
Our Sultans rule their charge by prophets faws,
And leave the Mufti judge of all their laws:
The Chriftians take, and change faith with theirkings,
Which under mitres oft the fcepter brings.
We make the church our Sultan's inftrument:
They with their kings will make their church content.
They wrangle with themfelves, and by difpute
In quefions, think to make the one fide mute:
If not, then facrifice the weaker part;
As if, in thrones, blood were religious art; Forcing the will, which is to catch the wind, As if man's nature were more than his mind:

We in fubduing Chriftians conquer both, And to lofe ufe of either part are loth.
So that we fuffer their fond zeal to pray,
That it may well our conquering armies pay.
And where we are, there Chriftians fain would be,
If lack of power were not their modefty.
Thus do all great fates fafely manage things,
Which danger feems to thrones of petty kings.
For though the fick have fenfe of every breath,
And fhun all what they feel, for fear of death :
Yet in ftrong ftates, thofe forms they feel give health,
And by their purgings fpoil infection's ftealth;
A play of fun-motes; from man's fmall world come
Upon the great world to work heavy doom.
For proof; behold in Solyman that fear,
Which torrid zones of tyranny muft bear.
For who hath loft man's nature in his paffion,
Can never fee the world in better fafhion:
But credit gives to limitlefs fufpicion,
Which unto all vice giveth one condition,
Confufion's orb; where men may hate their own.
Nature and reafon there being overthrown.
Hence go out mandates of confpiracy
'Gainft Muftapha, who muft not guiltlefs be
In fuch a father, and a monarch's eyes,
As will fee nothing, but deftruction, wife.
Hence Muftapha, from like dreams of the heart,
Sees his deftruction wrought by tyrants art,
And yet yields things to names ; his right to paifion
Which mifplac'd duties help power to disfafhion.
Nay hence mankind, by crafty power oppreft,
Where it hath given part, ftill gives the reft;
And thinking thrones in all their practice true,
Dare not of their own creatures afk their due:
But rather, like mild earth with weeds c'ergrown, Yields to be plough'd, manur'd, and overthrown. Laitly, thus feepters fall with their own weight, When climbing power, once rifen to her height, Defcends to make diftinction in her luft,
Which grants that abjolute may be unjuft

## 32.

Mustache.
And fo fubje cts to cenfure what fhould reign;
Steps to bring power to people back again.
Whence I conclude: Mankind is both the form,
And matter; wherewith tyramies transform:
For power can neither fee, work, or dervife,
Without the Peoples bands, hearts, wit, and gees:
So that ricere man not by bimplelf optoreft,
Ki, gs would not, tyrants could not make bim beaks.


## Act, III. Scene. I.

> Roffa, Ropier.

0Wearifome obedience, tax to power! Shall I in vain be Muitapha's accufer:
Shall any justice equal him and me?
Is love to open-ear'd, my power fo weak, As aught againft me to my lord to freak ?
"Sands hall be number'd firft, and motion fix'd,
"The fa exchange her channel with the fire,
"Before my will or reafon ftand in awe
" Of God, or nature, common people's law."
Rof. Rofl, whence grows this fitrange unquiet moton?
Govern your thoughts. What want you to content you, That have the King of Kings at your devotion?

Rolf. Content? U poor eftate of woman's wit!
The latitude of princes is define,
Which all, it bath enjoyed, fill carries higher.
Say you the world is left to my devotion?
Who queltion'd am both in my fate and fame, Mut lone my will, and cannot lone my thane:
For Muftapha, long fince condemned to die,
Now lives again.
To boat of marriage then what ground have I ?

Roff. Conchude not now: For thoughts that be of: fended,
Are Seldom with their prefent vijons mended. Rage Sees too much; Security too little; Afjections are, like gla $\sqrt{y}$ metal, brittle.

Rof. Ah fervile fex! muft yokes our honour be,
To make our own loves our captivity?
No, Roffa, no : look not in languifh'd wit, For none can ftand on fortune's fteep with it.
"Think innocency harm; virtue difhonour ;
" Wound truth; and overweigh the fcale of right:
Sexes bave ways apart; fates bave their faflions:
The rivirtues of authority are pallions.
Roft. Roffa, take heed.
Your honours, like kings humours, brittle are,
Which broken once, repair'd can hardly be;
And thefe once ftain'd, what is humanity?
Rofia, firl judge your ends, and then your means.
You feek to undermine a prince's ftate,
Deep rooted in by time, power, reverence ;
Eitablifh'd on fucceffion fortunate
Of many Turks: from men that fervile be,
Ufe having loft the ufe of liberty.
I underitand a monarch's fate too well,
To bid you purchafe people's idle breath,
That have no power of honour, life, or death:
Thefe ways are wrong, uncertain, fearful too,
In abfolutes, which ail themjelves will do.
But turn your eyes up to the will of one;
Know you muft work a father from his fon.
Rof. This parents dotage, as it weaknefs is,
So works it with the vigour of difeafe,
Still undermining with the things that pleafe.
Upon this quick-fand what can be begun?
Roft. Sons love with felf-love muft be overthrown:
By force of nature's law there's nothing won.
Strifes in the father's mind you mult beget,
And him above his fweet affections bear,
To take impreffions both of hope and fear.

## 326 Mustapha.

Rof. Thofe filly natures apt to loringnefs, Which ever muft in others power live, With doubt become more fond, with wyrong more thrall: Fear here wants eyes, hate hath no fing at all.
Rof. All there falife frengeths of native confidence, With their excefs, have their inconftancy:
The larus of kind rvitb tyrants nothing be. Befides, dear Rofla, ills bave fucto alliance, As in wubat fubject any one is grown, The Seeds of all, cuen in that one, are fown.
Rof. This mafs of paffions who can deal withall?
Too nice, and fubtle is inconftancy.
Shall wrong fair-written fill in patience be ?
Mult my defire fo many cautions have, And wait on thofe thoughts that have worfhip'd me ? I cannot bear this mediocrity.
Rof. Rofia, take heed. Extreams are not the means
To change effates, citber in good or ill.
Therefore yield not; fince that makes nature lefs :
Nor yet ufe rage, rubich vainly driveth on
The mind to oworking witbout infrumments:
Befides, it doth make partial our intents,
Difcredits truth, condemns indifferent things.
But take upon you quiet providence,
The prince's fate, with his authority ;
Teach power to doubt; for doubt is her defence:
Degrees of pafions, as of Jpirits there be ;
Chure now for are, and not for dignity.
Love fpreads the wit to play, but not to arm;
Hath many feet to walk an eafy pace,
Slow to miltruft, and never apt to harm:
But fear of credit is within the mind,
Strengthen'd by nature with the frength of all;
In men and tyrants, flates both natural.
The project of this fear muft yet be made
The prince's fafety, honour of the flate:
Such glorious files may eafily overhade
The ways of fpite; for treafon is in bate.
Flattery fraight /peaks, alound in power's right,
Carrying things under names, trutb wnder might.

## Mustapha.

«Who dare diftinguifh in a tyranny,
"Where fraud itfelf hath power's authority?
" Who fhall correct errors, made for the king,
" But kings themfelves? who, attors in their fears,
" Moft honour thofe that moft furpicion bring.
"Who there fees right, or dare ufe honour's name,
"Where both are fure of death, and doubfful fame?
Then, Roffa, plant you here ; accure the fon;
Altho' you fail his death, you reed not doubt:
In tyrants fate never wwas man undoone
By mifcomplaints. Befides, zubat comes about
In earth, but it batb lets, and finds delay?
Yield not : but multiply malice in patience ;
Honour is only form, form tyrersts rways.
Accure his friends, fpeak doubtful, charge, and praife,
Put truth to filence : Pcople eare not fae
The pride of power in formal tjramy.
I know my time; the Bahaws how they bend;
Faction fill wakes; and competence batb Jpite ;
'Tis fault enough that Achmat is his friend;
His lightnefs, and his power well undertood.
Things may fo pafs as Murtapha may die,
E'er counfel or remorfe put fury by.
But if extremity chance to require
A more audacious figure; then ufe rage :
It gives fometimes an honour to defire ;
It fhews a plainnefs, credible to age:
While it is rul'd, it may bave time and places;
But if it rule, it propbefjs dijgrace.
Rof. I feel my heart now rife ; my fpirits work
Confured thoughts all words have overgrown.
When Muftapha is dead, what flar hath motion,
But Achmat, in whom Solyman yet truffs? They who their ends by change frive to adrance, Muf never doubt to go the way of chance.
Rof. Achmat is wife, and Solyman's belov'd:
Even tyrants covet to uphold thbir fame;
Not fearing evil deeds, but crvil name.

Rof. When childrens blood the father's forchead ftains,
What privilege for counfellors remains ?
Rof. What arguments againft him?
Rof. Ufe of killing;
Sufpicion, the favourite of tyrants,
Delight of change; favours paft; and fear of greatnefs, Sharpen'd by Achmat's harh and open dealing,
Which mighty tyrants liberty would draw
Into the narrow fcope of human law.
Rof. Let Muftapha be dead.
Rof. How dead, while Achmat reigns?
Down is the idol, but the workman lives :
His favour, virtue, reputation, courfe,
To us are ftill that Muftapha, or worfe.
Then down he mult, and thall. My chiefeft end
Is, firft to fix this world on my fucceffion;
Next fo to alter, plant, remove, create,
'That I, not he, may fafhion this eftate.

## AAt. III. Scen. 2.

> Beglerby, Roffa, Rofien.

Bigler. $D$ Offa and Roften, while you fand debating The joys or forrows of your private fortunes,
Some evil angel doth traduce you both.
Achmat is call'd for: wit, art, fpite he hath ;
And while for fons with fathers men intreat,
Affection makes eacb good appearance great.
Rof. Rolten, make hafte: go hence, and carry with thee
My life, fame, malice, fortune, and defire : For which, fet all eftablifh'd things on fire. You ugly angels of th'infernal kingdoms! You who moft bravely have maintain'd your beings

## Mustapha.

In equal power, like rivals, to the heavens!
Let me reign, whike I live, in my defires ;-
Or dead, live with you in eternal fires.
Begler. Roffa, no words but deeds, pleafe bell or: beaven:
I fear to tell, I tremble to conceal ;
Fortune unto the death, is then difpleas'd,
When remedies do ruin the difeas'd.
Rof. Ufe not thefe parables of coward fear :
Fear burts lefs when it frikes, than when it threatens,
Begler. If Muftapha fhall die, his death mifcarries
Part of thy end, thy fame, thy friends, thy joy:
Who will, to burt his foes, bimfelf deftroy?
Rof. Myfelf? what is it elfe but my defire ?
My brother, father, mother, and my god,
Are but thofe fteps which help me to afpire.
Muftapha had never truer friend than I,
That would not with him live, but with him die. Yet tell, what is the worf?

Begler. Camena muft with him a traitor be;
Or Muftapha, for her fake, mult be free.
Rof. O cruel fates ! that do in love plant woe, And in delights make our difafters grow.
But fpeak, what hath fhe done?
Begler. Undone thy doing.
Difcover'd unto Muftapha his danger :
And from thefe relicks, I do more than doubt, Her confidence brings Solyman about.

Rof. Nay, black Avernus! fo I do adore thee,
As I lament my womb hath been fo barren,
To yield but one to offer up before thee.
Who thinks the daughter's death can mothers flay
From ends, whereon a woman's heart is fix'd,
Weighs harmlefs nature, without paffion mix'd.
Begler. Is mother by the woman overthrown?
Rof. Rage knows no kin : power is abave the law.
And muft not curious be of bafe refpect,
Which only they command that do neglect.
Begler. Your child's death angers him whom you muft pleare.

Rof. My ends are great: Small things are seroughts reith eafe.
Begler. This plants confufion in the powers above.
Rof. My end is not to quiet, but to move.
Begler. God plagues injuftice in fo great excefs.
Rof. The doing minds feel not that idlenefs.
Begler. What if this work prove not confpiracy,
But care, that with all duties may agree?
Rof. 'Tis private fortune that is built on truth:
Fuftice is but of great effates the youth.
Begler.. Yet by the love of mothers to their children; By all the pains of travail fo well known, Punif, but yet fpare life, it is your own. Rof. I do proteft no terrcrs, no defires,
Glories of fame, nor rumors injuries,
Could, in a mother's heart have quench'd the fire
Of loving kindnefs, to her children born:
It conquer'd is with nothing, but with fcom.
I am refolv'd to move the wheels of fate.
Her triumph fiall be pain ; her glory mame:
Horvor is of excefs a juff rescard:
The givars of example bave regard.

## CHORUS II.

Time, Eterxity.
Timse. THAT mean thefe mortal children of mine own,
Ungratefully againit me to complain,
That all I build is by me overthrown?
Vices put under to rife up again?
That on my wheels both good and ill do move ;
The one beneath, while t'other is above.

Day, night, hours, arts, all, God or men create, The world doth charge me, that I reflefs change ;
Suffer no being in a conffant ftate :
Alas! why are my refolutions ftrange
Unto thefe natures, made to fall or climb,
With that fweet genius, ever-moving Time?
What wearinefs, what loathfome defolations
Would plague thefe life and death-begetting creatures?
Nay, what abfurdity in my creations
Were it, if Time-born had eternal features?
This nether orb, which is corruption's fphere,
Not being able long one'fhape to bear.
Could pleafure live? could worth have reverence?' Laws, arts, or fects (meer probabilitics) Keep up their reputation in man's fenfe, If Novelty did not renew his eyes,

Or Time take mildly from him what he knew, Making both me and mine, to each fill new?

Daughter of heaven am I; but God, none greater; Pure like my parents; life, and death of action; Author of ill fuccefs to every creature; Whofe pride againt my periods makes a faction:

With me wobo go along, rife while they be:
Notbing of mine refpects Eternity.
Kings, why do you then blame me, whom I choofe As my anointed; from the potter's oar; And to advance you made the people lofe, While you to me acknowledged your power?

Be confident, all thrones fubfit in the: I am the meafure of Fsicicity.

Mahomet in vain, one trophy of my might, Rais'd by my chang'd afpect to other nations, Strives to make his fuccefion infinite,
And rob my wheels of growth, flate, declination.

332 MUSTAPHA.
But he, and all elfe, that would mafter Tine, In mortal fpheres, fnall find my power fublime.

I bring the truth to light, detect the ill; My native greatnefs fcorneth bounded ways;
Untimely power a fow days ruin will:
Yea, worth itfelf falls, till I lift to raife.
The earth is mine: of earthly things the care I leave to men, that, like them, earthly are.

Ripe I yet am not to deffroy fucceffion;
The vice of other kingdoms give him Time.
The Fates, without me, can make no progrefion;
By me alone, even truth dotb fall or climb:
The inftant petty webs, without me fpun, Untimely ended be, as they begun.

Not kings, but I, can Nemefis fend forth, The judgments of revenge and wrong are mine : My famps alone do warrant real worth; How do untimely virtues elfe decline?
For fon or father, to deftroy each other, Are baftard deeds, where Time is not the mother.

Such is the work this flate hath undertaken, And keeps in clouds, with purpore to advance Falfe counfels; in their felf-craft juitly fhaken, As grounded on my flave, and fhadow Chance.
Nay more ; my cbild Occafion is not free To bring forth good or evil, wevitbout me.

And fhall I for revealing this mifdeed, By tying future to the prefent ill, Which keeps diforder's ways from happy fpeed ; Be guilty made of man's ftill-erring will ? Shall I, that in myfelf fill golden am, By their grofs metal bear an iron name?
No; let man draw, by his own curfed fquare, Such crooked lines, as his frail thoughts affect :

And, like things that of nothing framed are, Decline unto that centre of defect :

I will difclaim his downfall, and ftand free, As native rival to Eternity.

$$
E \mathcal{T} E R N I \mathcal{T} \Upsilon
$$

What means this new-born child of planets motion ? This finite elf of man's vain acts and errors? Whofe changing wheels in all thoughts ftir commotion, And in her own face only bears the mirror. A mirror in which, fince Time took her fall, Mankind fees ill encreafe; no good at all.

Becaufe in your vaft mouth you hold your tail, As coupling ages palt with times to come : Do you prefume your trophies fhall not fail, As both creation's cradle, and her tomb ?

Or, for beyond yourfelf you cannot fee, By days and hours would you eternal be?

Time is the weakeft work of my creation, And, if not ftill repair'd, muft ftraight decay :
The mortal take not my true conftellation, And fo are dazzl'd by her nimble fway,

To think her courfe long; which, if meafur'd right, Is but a minute of my infinite.

A minute which doth her fubfiftence tie ; Subfiftencies, which in not being, be: Shall is to come; and was is paffed by; Time prefent cements this duplicity:

And if one mult, of force, be like the other, Of nothing. is not nothing made the mother?

Why ftrives Time then to parallel with me?
What be her types of longeft lafting glory? Arts, mitres, laws, moments, fupremacy, Of nature's erring alchymy the fory :

From nothing fprang this point, and muft, by courfe,
To that confufion turn again, or worfe.

For fhe, and all her mortal off-fprings build
Upon the moving bare of felf-conceit;
Which conftant form can neither take nor yield;
But ftill change fhapes, to multiply deceit:
Like playing atomi, in vain contending, Tho' they begining had, to have no ending:

I, that at once fee Time's diftinct progreffion ;
I, in whofe bofom was, and Joall, ftill be ;
I; that in caufes work th'effects fucceffion,
Giving both good and ill their deftiny ;
Tho' I bind all, yet can receive no bound; But fee the finite flill itfelf confound.

Time! therefore know thy limits, and ftrive not
To make thyfelf, or thy works infinite, Whofe effence only is to rurite and blot:
Thy changes prove thou haft no ftablifh'd right.
Govern thy mortal fphere, deal not with mine : Time but the fervant is of power divine.

Blame thou this prefent fate, that will blame thee;
Brick-wall your errors from one to another; Both fail alike unto Eternity,
Goodnefs of no mix'd courfe can be the mother.
Both you and yours do covet ifates eternal ;
Whence, tho' pride end, your pains yet be infernal.
Ruin this mais; work change in all eftates, Which, when they ferve not me, are in your power: Give unto their corruption dooms of fate;
Let your vaft womb your Cadmus-men devour.
The vice yields fcope enough for you and hell,
To compafs ill ends, by not doing well.
Let Mufapha by your courfe be defroy'd, Let your wheels, made to wind up and untwine, Leave nothing conftantly to be enjoy'd :
For your fey the mortal muf to harm incline,

## MUstapha.

Which, as this world, your maker, doth grow old, Dooms her for your toys, to be bought and fold.

Crofs your own fteps; haften to make and mar ; With your vicifitudes pleafe, difpleafe your own : Your three light wheels of fundry fafhions are, And each, by other's motion, overthrown.

Do what you can ; mine fhall fubfift by me: I am the meafure of Felicity.

## Act. IV. Scen. I.

Solyman, Acbmat.
Soly. A CHMAT! go, charge the Bahaws to af, femble:
God only is above me, and confulted. Take freedom; not, as oft kings fervants do, To bind church, ftate, and all power under you. Vifions are thefe, or bodies which appear'd ?
Rais'd from within, or from above defcending?
Did vows lift up my foul, or bring down thefe?
God's not pleas'd with us, till our bearts find eafe.
What horror's this? Safety, right, and a crown, Thrones muft neglect that will adore God's light. His will, our good: Suppofe it pluck us down; Revenge is his. Againft the ill what right?
What means that glafs born on thofe glorious wings;
Whofe piercing fhadows on my myfelf reflect
Stains, which my vows againt my children bring?
My wrongs and doubts feem there defpairs of vice;
My power a turret, built againft my maker;
My danger, but diforder's prejudice.
This glafs, true mirror of the infinite,
Shews all; yet can I nothing comprehend.

This empire, nay the world, feems fhadows there ; Which mytteries diffolve me into fear.
1 that without feel no fuperior power,
And feel within but what I will conceive,
Diftract; know neither what to take, nor leave.
I, that was free before, am now captiv'd;
This facrifice hath rais'd me from my earth,
By that I fhould, from that I am depriv'd.
In my affections man, in knowledge more,
Protected no where, far more difunited;
Still king of men, but of my yelf no more.
In my fon's death, it fhews this empire's fall; And in his life, my danger fill included:
To die, or kill, alike unnatural.
My powers and fpirits, with prayer thus confufed; Nor judge, nor reft, nor yield, nor reign I can : No God, no devil, no conftant king, nor man. The earth draws one way, and the $1 k y$ another. If God work thus, kings muif look uprwards fill, And from thefe porvers they know not, choofe a will. Or elfe believe themfelves, their ftrength, occafion; Make wifdom confcience; and the world their fky: So have all tyrants done ; and fo murt 1 .

## Act. IV. Scen. 2.

Beglerby. Solyman.
Beg. COlyman, if Roffa you will fee alive,
Y You murf make hafte : for her defpair is fuch, As fhe thinks all things but her rage, too much.
Solym. Fortune! haft thou not moulds enough of forrow,
But thou muft thofe of love and kindneís borrow?
Tell me : out of what ground grows Roffa's paffion? Beg. When hither I from Muftapha return'd, And had made you account of my commiffion ; Roffa, whofe heart in care for your health buin'd,

## MUSTAPHA.

$\mathrm{C}_{\text {urioufly after Muftapha inquiring, }}$
A token fpies, which I from hence did bear For Muftapha, by fiweet Camena wrought;
Yet gave it not; for I began to fear,
And fomething in it more than kindnefs thought.
No fooner fhe efpy'd this precious gift,
But, as enrag'd, hands on herfelf the lays;
From me, as one that from herfelf would fhif,
She runs; nor till fhe found Camena flays.
I follow, and find both their voices high,
The one as doing, th' other fuff'ring pain :
But whether your Camena live, or die,
Or dead, if fhe by rage or guilt be flain ;
If fhe made Roffia mad, or Roffa mad
To hurt things deareit to herfelf be glad,
I know not. But O Solyman! make hafte;
For man's defpair is but occafion paff.

## Act. IV. Scen. 3.

Rofic. Solymana. Begleery.

WHat! am I not mine own? Who dare ufurp To take this kingdom of myielf from me?
Nature hath lied; She faith, Life unto nuany May be denied, but not deatb unto any.
O Solyman! I have at once tranfgrefs'd The laws of nature, and thy laws of ftate:
I wretched am, and you unfortunate.
Solym. Declare what form is this? What accident?
Thy felf-accufing doth excufe intent.
Roffa. Sir, odious is the fact on every fide :
The remedy is more than you can bear;
And more mult fall upon you than you fear.
Solym. What threatning's this? what horror? what defpite?
Kings thoughts to jealoufy are over-tender.
Vol. II.

Roffa. And any weakness many doth engender.
Solym. Roffa, what means this venom of thy breath?
Rolfa. Revenge and juftice both require my death.
Solym. Th n tell.
Roffa. An lore the privilege of death?
Solym. Then tell, and die.
Rofl. Nay, tell, and live a worthy death.
Rip not my wounds, dear Lord! filence is fit :
My life hath frame, and death mut cover it.
Solym. What fhould be fecret unto thoughts that love ?
Rofl. All imperfections that offence do move.
Solym. What guiltiness cannot good-will forgive?
Roffa. There horrors which in trained fouls do live.
Solym. Are thy faults to thy felf, or unto me?
Roffa. To both alike : remedylefs they be.
Solym. Yet thew me trull: it proves your heart is pure
To me, and all crimes elfe kings can endure.
Roffa. Imagine all the depths of wickedness:
My womb as hell ; my foul the world of fin:
Confusion in my thoughts, fear merciless;
Without me flame; impenitence within.
Solym. There words are not of charge, but intercefiion, As arguing not your guilt, but your oppreffion.
Yet left I fail, and error multiply,
Declare what's done? What moves this agony?
Roffa. Thy child is fain. There hands imbrued are,
Even in her bowels, whom I nurs'd with care.
Solym. So Arrange a death includes forme odious crime. Roffa. She did conspire. Silence devours the reit.
Solym. Horror I apprehend, danger, defpair:
All there lie hidden in this word, Conspire.
Roffa. This wretch confpir'd the ruin of this fate.
Sir, alk no more : for Ills go in a blood;
You hear already more than doth you good.
Solym. But tell: what made Camena think this thought?
Or by whom could the think to have it wrought?
Roffa. Mischief itself is cause of mischief done.
What fhould the fear; fince with her is combin'd
Muftapha, this fate's fucceffor, and your fon?

Solym. Can this be true? Is human nature fuch, As in the wort part none can think too much?

Roffa. The ruins of my own may thew my faith:
For I can fee no comforts after you; Yet to your Bafhaws know I not what's true.

Solym. Difcover how thefe treafons came to light.
Roffa. Call Achmat firft: for truth is but a blaft, Till it his cenfure's oracle bath paft.

Solym. What fcorns be thefe? how am I thus poffefs'd? Hath Achmat other greatnefs than by me?

Roffa. If greater by you than yourfelf he be.
Solym. In kings the fecrets of creation reft.
Roflu. Sir, you created him: he all the reft.
Solym. I gave that to his worth, faith, induftry.
Roffa. And fo there gifts tied to your children be.
Solym. What can his age expect by innovation?
Rofla. Ambition gets by doing, effimation.
Solym. His power hath no true bains, but my grace.
Roffa. Sir, firength, like numbers, multiplys by place.
Solym. Decrepit flave! vile creature of mine!
Lies it in his bafe thoughts, and fhaking hands, To move the props whereon my empire fiands?

Roffa. The name of power is yours; the being his; By whom creation, hope, reward, and fear Spread, and difpofed fill are, every where. Befides, there is no age in man's defire, Which fill is atiive, young, and cannot reft: For Achmat knows you will not what you can ; Since crowns diochange a fate, but not the manr.

Solym. His life and fortune ftand upon my breath.
Rofa. Contempt depofetb kings, as rwell as death.
Solym. But tell: How doth their treachery appear? Hath fhe confefs'd? or who do them accufe? [fent,

Roffa. This guidon, with her own hand wrought, and Bears perfect record what was their intent.

Solym. Expound: what is the meaning of this work, Under whofe art the arts of mifchief lurk?

Roffa. Thefe clouds, they be the houfe of jealoufy, Which fire and water both within them bear, Where good thews lefs, ills greater than they be.

Saturn here feeds on children that be his.
His word;
A fatal winding 乃beet fucceffion is.
This precious hill, where daintinefs feems wafte,
By nature's art, that all art will exceed,
In carelefs fineffe fhews the fweet eftate
Of frength, and providence together plac'd:
Two interceffors reconciling hate,
And giving fear even of itfelf a tafte.
Thofe waves, which beat upon the cliffs, do fhow
The cruel forms, which envy hath below.
The border round about in characts hath
The mind of all; which in effect is this:
TTis bard to knows; as baid, and barder too, IThen men aio know, to bring their bearts to do.

Solyn. What faid fhe, when you fhewed her this work?
Rof. Like them that are defcry'd, ard fain would lurk.
For while the would have made herfelf feem clear, She made her fault ftill more and more appear.

Solym. How brook'd fhe that the wicked only fear?
Her death (I mean) with what heart did fhe bear?
Roff. She neither fubborn was, nor overthrown;
And, but for Muftapha, made no requeft:
As if his harms had only been her own.
Solyman! take heed.
6" Malice, like clocks wound up to watch the fun,
"Hafting a headlong courfe on many wheels,
"Have never done, untill they be undone.
I flew my child; my child would have flain thee:
All bloody fates in my blood written be.
Solym. I fwear by Mahomet, my fon fhall die.
Revenge is jufice, and no cruelty.
Beglarby, attend. This glorious Phaeton here,
That would at once fubvert this ftate and me,
Safe to the eunuchs carried let him be.
Thefe fpirits of practife, that contend wuith fate,
Muft, by ibeir deathe, cio bonour to a flate.

## Act. IV. Scen. 4.

Beglerby, Prieft, Muflapba.
Beg. "A humorous kings! how are you tofs"d
"With breaths that from the earth beneath you move ;
*Obferved and betray'd, known and undone,
" By being nothing, unto all things won.
"Frail man, that mould'ft misfortune in thy wit,
"By giving thy made idol leave to fashion
"Thy ends to his; for mark, what comes of it?
" Nature is loft, our being only chance,
"Where grace alone, not merit, muff advance.
The one my image, Solyman's the other:
He, with himfelf, is wrought to foil his own:
I, with myself, am made the infrument,
That courts fhould have no great hearts innocent.
But flay -Why wander I thus from my ends?
New counsels muff be had when planets fall:
Change bath her periods, and is natural.
The faint we worhip is Authority,
Which lives in kings, and cannot with them die.
I rue faith makes martyrs unto God alone:
Misfortune bath no fucb odds in a throne.
But fee, this foot-ball to the fears is come!
Muftapha I mean, in innocence fecure,
Which, for it will not give fate, muff endure.
Hell, diffract, fix'd, and aghaft I fee,
And will go nearer to observe the reft,
That wit may take occafion at the bet:
For if they feel their fate, and know their ftrength,
How prone this mas is for another head;
Did ever hazard find occafion dead?
Whether he get the crown, or lofe his blood,
The one is ill to him, to me both good.
Brief. False Mahomet, thy laws monarchal are,

Unjuft, ambitious, full of fpoil and blood, Having not of the beft, but greatelt care. Muft life yield up itfelf to be put out, Before this frame of nature be decay'd?
Muft blood the tribute be of tyrant's doubt?
O wretched fleff! in which muft be obey'd
God's law, that wills impoffibility,
And princes wills, the gulphs of tyranny.
We priefts, even with the myftery of words,
Fiff bind ourfelves, and with ourfelves the ref,
To fervitude, the 乃eath of tyrants fwords;
Each wortt unto himfelf, approving bett.
People, believe in God - we are untrue,
And fpiritual forges under tyrants might:
God only doth command what's good for you:
Where we do preach your bodies to the war,
Your goods to tax, your freedom unto bands,
Duties by which jou own'd of others are, And fear, which to your harms doth lend your hands.
Ah, foriorn wretch! with my hypocrify.
I Muftapha have ruin'd, and this itate.
I am the evil's friend, hell's mediator,
A fury unto man, a man to furies.
Muff. Whence grows this fudden rage thy gefture utters?
There agonies, and furious blafphemings?
Man then doth forew bis reafon is defaced, When rage thus frews itfelf with reafon graced.

Prief?. If thou have felt the felf-accufing war,
Where knowledge is the endlefs hell of thought,
The ruins of my foul there figur'd are;
For where defpair the confcience doth fear,
My wounds bleed out that horror which they bear.
Muft. Horror and pride, in nature oppofite;
The one makes error great, the other fmall,
Where rooted habits have no fenfe at all.
Heli, judge not thyfelf with troubled mind,
But fhew thy heart: when paflion's fleams breathe forth, Even woes we wosder'd at, are nothing worth.

## Mustapha.

Prieff. Thave offended nature, god, and thee:
To each a fin, to all impiety.
Muft. The faults of men are finite, like bis merits:
His mercies infinite, that judgeth /pirits.
Tell me thy eirrors, teach me to forgive,
Which be that cannot do, knows not to live.
Prieft. Can'ft thou forgive? rather avoid the caufe,
Which elfe makes mercy more fevere than laws.
Muf. From man to man, duties are but refpects,
The grounds whereof are meer humanity ;
Can juftice other there than mercy be?
Prief. Thought is an act.-Who can forgive re* morfe,
Where nature, by her own law, fuffers force?
Muf. What fhall I do ? tell me-I do not fear.
Prieft. Preferve thy father, with thyfelf, and me:
Elfe guilty of each other's death we be.
Muff. Tell how.
Prieft. Thy father purpofeth thy death:
I did advife-thou offereft up thy breath.
Muff. What have I to my father done amifs ?
Prieft. That wicked Rofla thy fep-mother is.
Muf. Wherein have I of Roffa ill-deferv'd ?
Prieft. In that the empire is for thee referv'd.
Muft. Is it a fault to be my father's fon?
"Ah, foul ambition! which, like water-floods
" Not channel-bound, do'ft neighbours over-ran,
"And groweft nothing when thy rage is done:"
Muft Roffa's heirs out of my afhes rife?
Yet, Zanger, I acquit thee of my blood; For, I believe, thy heart hath no impreffion
To ruin Muftapha for his fucceffion.
But tell what colours they againft me ufe,
And how my father's love they firf did wound?
Prieft. Of treafon towards him they thee accufe:
Thy fame and greatnefs gives their malice ground.
Muft. Good world, where it is danger to be good!
Yet grudge I not power of myfelf to power:
This bafenefs only in mankind I blame,

## 344

Mustapha.
That indignation fhould give laws to fame.
Shew me the truth- $\Gamma 0$ what rules am I bound?
Prieff. No man commanded is by God to die, As long as he may perfecution fly.

Mirft. To fly, hath fcorn-it argues guiltinefs,
Inherits fear, weakly abandons friends,
Gives tyrants fame, takes honour from diftrefs -
Death, do thy worlt ! The greateffpains have end.
Pricfl. Mifchief is like the cockatrice's cyes,
Sars friff, and kills; or is feen finf, and dies.
Fily to thy ftrength, which makes misfortune vain.
Rofia intends thy ruin. What is fhe ?
Seek in her bowels for thy father loft:
Who can redeem a king with viler coft?
Muft. O falfe and wicked colours of defire!
Eternal bondage unto him that feeks
To be pofieft of all things that he likes!
Shall I, a fon and fubject, feem to dare,
For any felfnels, to fet realms on fire,
Which golden titles to rebellions are?
Heli, even you have told me, wealth was given
The wicked, to corrupt themfelves and others :
Greatnefs and health to make flefh proud and cruel.
Where, in the good, ficknefs mows down defire,
Death glorifies, misfortune humbles.
Since therefore life is but the throne of woe,
Which ficknefs, pain, defire, and fear inherit,
Ever moft worth to men of weakelt fpirit;
Shall we, to languin in this brittle jail,
Seek, by ill deeds, to fhun ill definy ?
And fo, for toys, lofe immortality ?
Prieff. Fotal neceliity is never known
Until it ftrike; and till that blow be come,
Who falls is by falfe vifions overthrown.
Muff. Blafphemous love! fafe conduct of the ill!?
What power hath given man's wickednefs fuch fkill?
Priff. Ah fervile men! how are your thoughts bewitch'd
With hopes and fears, the price of your fubjection,
That neither fenfe nor time can make you fee

The art of power will leave you nothing free!
Muft. Is it in us to rule a Sultan's will?
Prieft. We made them firft for good, and not for ill.
Muft. Our Gods they are, their God remains above.
To think againft anointed power is death.
Prief. To worhip tyrants is no work of faith.
$M u f$. 'Tis rage of folly that contends with fate.
Prieft. Yet hazard fomething to preferve the ftate.
Muft. Sedition wounds what fhould preferved be.
Prieft. To wound power's humours, keeps their honours free.
Muft. Admit this true: what facrifice prevails?
Prief. Force the petition is that never fails.
Muft. Where then is nature's place for innocence?
Prief. Profperity, that never makes offence.
Muft. Hath deftiny no wheels but meer occafion?
Prief. Could eaft upon the weft elfe make invafion ?
Muft. Confufion follows where obedience leaves.
Prieft. The tyrant only that event deceives.
Muff. And are the ways of truth and honour fuch ?
Pricf. Weaknefs doth ever think it owes too much.
Muft. Hath fame her glorious colours out of fear?
Prieft. What is the world to him that is-not there?
Muff. Tempt me no more. Good-will is then a pain, When her words beat the heart, and cannot enter.
I conftant in my counfel do remain,
And more lives, for my own life, will not venture. My fellows, reft : our Alcoran doth bind, That I alone fhould firft my father find.

Begl. Sir, by our lord's commandment, here I waits. To guide you to his prefence:
Where, like a king and father, he intends To honor, and acquaint you with his ends.

Muft. Heli! farewell. All fates are from above
Cbain'd unto bumours that mutt rife or fall. Think what we will: men do but what they Jrall.

Prieft. Are men no more? are kings anointed blood Profane to them, and facred unto us?
Plays power with laws of God, and nature thus?
Shall forrow write this ftory of oppreffion
Only in idle tears, and not in blood?

## 346 Mustapha.

Where is man's zeal to God, his love to men?
Shall that falfe labyrinth of human fear
Keep honour and revenge fill captive there ?
No: let the fpirit of wrong ftir up affection,
By fmart to make both men and tyrants know,
There is in each, of each, the overthrow.
Are hell and heaven peopled out of us?
Keep we the keys of confcience, and of paffion,
And can no juft revenge in either fafhion?
Was ever change unwelcome unto man?
Reflicfs mortality fill bates the prefent:
No one rule pleafe the univer-jal can.
'This empire's conftitution martial is,
Where hopes and fears mut never be unbent:
Anarchy is call'd for here by difcontent.
To Muftapha I know the world's affection ;
To Solyman fear only draws regard,
And men fir eafily where the rein is bard.
Ihen let them fir, and tear away this veil
Of pride from power; that our great lord may fee Unmiracled, his own humanity.
People! look up above this Divan's name;
This rent of error, fnare of liberty;
Where punifhment is tyrant's tax and fame.
Abolim thefe falfe oracles of might,
Courts fubaltern, which bearing tyrant's feal,
Opprefs the people, and make vain appeal.
Ruin thefe fpecious mafks of tyranny,
Thefe crown-paid cadies of their maker's fafhion:
Which, power like, for right diftribute paffion.
Confound degrees, the artifice of thrones
To bear down nature ; while they raife up art
With gilded titles, to deceive the heart.
The church abfolves you: truth approves your work,
Craft and opprefion every wobers God bates.
Befides, where order is not, change is free,
And gives all rights to popalarity.

## C HORUS IV.

## Of Converts to Mabometifin.

AN GELS fell firt from God, Man was the next that fell:
Both being made by him for heaven,
Have for themfelves made hell;
Defection had, for ground,
An effence which might fall,
Grown proud with glories of that God,
Like whom they would be all.
Hence each thing but himfelf,
Thefe fall'n powers comprehend,
Nor can beyond depravity
Their knowledge ftill extend.
But in that dark'ned orb,
Thro' mifts which vice creates,
Joylefs, enjoy a woeful glimple
Of their once happy ftates,
And ferpent-like, with curs'd
Eternity of evil,
Active in mifchief many ways
To add more to the devil,
They take on every fhape
Of vice that may delight,
Striving to make creation lefs,
Privation infinite.
Whence man from goodnefs ftray d, And wifdom's innocence,
Yea, fubject made to grave and hel!,
By error's impotence,
Labours with fhadow'd light
Of imbecillity,
To raife more towers of Babel up,
Above the truth to be.

## 348 Mustapha.

Among witich phantafins mounts
That roof of tyrants power,
The outward church, whofe nature is
Her founders to devour.
And, thro' an hollow charm
Of life-forfaken words,
Entangle real things, to reign
On all the carth afiofus:
By irreligious rites,
Helping religion's name
To blemifh truth, with gilded lies
Caft in opinion's frame.
Whence fhe that eff wais'd kings,
By pulling freedom down,
Now feeks to free inferior powers,
And only bind the crown.
In which afpiring pride,
Where wit encountreth wit,
The power of thrones unequal is,
And turns the fcale with it:
Maftering thofe greedy fwarms
Of fuperfitious rites,
Which by the finner's fear, not faith,
Makes her fcope infinite.
Hence grows it that our prieft,
Erft oracles of ftate,
Againft whofe doom our Sultans durft
Truft nothing unto fate,
At once were cenfur'd all,
In one houfe to the fire,
As guilty in their idle fouls.
Of Icasus' defire.
So free and cafy is it
To caft down again
The creature's pride, which bis
Creator covets to reftrain:
Again, fo eafy is it
To bring flates to death,
By urging those powers to oppofi,,
Whafe union gave them breath.

## MUSTAPHA.

Thus from the lives of priefts
Kings firlt their doctrine ftain,
And then let feet, fchifm, queition in, To qualify their reign.
Nor can this fwoln excefs be well Reform'd in either,
While both ftand mix'd of good and ills,
Which join not well together.
Kings feeking from the church
The rights of deity;
The church from kings, not nurfing help, But God's fupremacy.
A frife wherein they both find lofs, Initead of gain ;
Since neitber fate can fland alons, Much lefs divided reign.
The ftrife and peace of which, Like ocean ebbs, and floods;
Succeffively, do here contract, And there difperfe our goods,
And by this mutual Spleen Amongt thefe fovereign parts,
While each feeks gain by other's lofs, The univerfal fmarts.
For as fouls, made to reign,
When they let down their ftate
Into the body's humours, ftraight

- Thofe humours give them fate :

So, when the church and crown
(The fouls of empire) fall
Into contempt, which human power Cannot fubfirt withall,
They ftrive, turn, and defcend, Feel error's deltiny,
Which in a well-form'd empire is,
A vagabond to be.
Thus, in diforder's chain, While each link wrefteth other;
Inceituous error, to her own, Is made both child, and mother:

So as their doing is
Undoings fill to breed,
And fatally entomb again
Each other, in each deed.
Hence human laws appeal'd, As moderators come,
Who, under flew of compromife,
Take on them fovereign doom;
Entering in at the frit
Like wifdom, with applaure,
And though propounded from our faults,
Yet, by confent, made laws;
Or rather fcales, to weigh
Opinion with the truth,
Which, like fep-motbers, often bring
The better fide to ruth.
And as of active ill
(From whence they took their root)
Guilty, and fo not ftrong to fland
Upon a conftant foot,
They wave, frive, and afpire
Can bear no weight above,
But, as with fovereign power iffelf,
And nothing elfe in love,
That rival fpleen, which ftill
Equals to equals bear,
Forgotten, or anleep, as if
Lefire had conquer'd fear,
They factiouny a peace
With their chief rival make,
And let in wars, which, like a flood,
All fea-banks over-rake.
In which one act laws prove,
Though nature gave them ground,
That they both mould and praatife took
From war, which hath no bound.
Eecaufe, like Mars his feed,
They feed upon their онn;

And by the fpoil of crowns, and men,
Take glory to be known.
In which dear interchange
Between church, laws, and might,
While all their counfels are allay'd,
By over-acting, right;
They leave their fupreme pitch
To fervile craft impawn'd,
Defcending each to traffick there,
Where he ought to command.
Till fondly thus engag'd
Into a civil war,
They cafting off all publick ends,
Do only make to mar.
Yet keep a fcope in fhew
To counterpoife each other,
And fave the health, and honour up
Of monarchy their mother.
"But as in man, whofe frame is
"Chiefly four complexions,
" Really join'd, difperfed, mixt
"With oppofite connexions,
"When any of thefe four
" Extended are too far,
"Difeafes reign, which but diforder's
"Native children are;
" From which contention ftirr'd
" 'Twixt nature and her foes,
"While humour weaken humour doth,
"To health the body grows:
"So in thefe divers powers,
"Excefs of oppofition,
"Oft, by begetting ftrange difeafes,
"Proves the ftate's phyfician.
Mavors, that monfter born
Of many-headed paffion,
While it feems to deftroy all moulds,
To each mould giving fathion.
"، Yet as thefe elements,
" Thus oppofite in kind,
or While ballanc'd by fuperior ties,
" They live, as if. combin'd
${ }^{6}$ To make their difcords bafe
"Unto that harmony,
" In whofe fweet union mildly link'd,
"All powers concur to be.
"When any breaks too much
"That poife wherein they ftood,
" To make his own fubfiftance firm
"With fhew of common good;
** By overacting, ftraight it breaks
"That well-built, folid frame,
" Wherein their being ftood entire,
"Although they loft their name:
" So in that noble work " of publick government,
"When crowns, church, foldiers, or the laws * " Do overmuch diffent,
"That frame, wherein they liv'd, " Is fatally diffolv'd;
" And each in gulphs of felf-conceit, " Is fatally involv'd.
Thus reels our prefent fate;
And her foundation waves,
By making trophies of times paft,
Of prefent time the graves.
Laws ftrive to curb the church,
The church wounds laws again;
The foldier would have church, throne, laws,
Kept low, that he might reign.
And as before, while they
Join'd to make empire large,
All unto greatnefs raifed were,
By doing well their charge :
So now, by pulling quills
Each from the other's wings,
They jointly all are cried down,
By letting fall their kings.

A fate prepar'd to fhake
That Ottoman fucceffion,
Which erft removed from mens eyes,
Wrought reverend impreffion.
Where now, this Sultan's line
Profan'd when men fhall fee,
They foon will fcorn grace, hope, and fear;
The fcepter's myftery.
Nor will they more by faith,
Or zeal in war be led
To facrifice their lives to power,
For fame when they be dead.
Or, to fhun mortal pains,
Provoke the Infinite;
Wrong in man's nature, ftirring fparks,
That give both heat and light,
To gather in again
Thofe ftrengths they gave away:
And fo pluck down that Sampron's poft,
On which our Sultans ftay.

## CRNJ एer

## Actus V. Scen. I.

Zanger folus.

1Ourif'd in court, where no thoughts peace is nowri/s’d,
Us'd to behold the tragedies of ruin,
Brought up with fears that follow princes fortunes;
Yet I am like him that hath loft his knowledge,
Or never heard one ftory of misfortune.
My heart doth fall away: fear falls upon me.
Tame rumours, that have been mine old acquaintance,
Are to me now (like monfters) fear, or wonder:
My love begins to plague me with fufpicions.
My mother's promifes of my advancement ;

354 MUSTAPHA.
The name of Muftapha fo often murmur'd, With whofe name ever I have been rejoiced, Now makes my heart mifgive, my fpirits languifh. Man ther: is augur of bis own misfortune, When bis joy yields bim arguments of anguiß.

## Actus V. Scen. 2.

Acbmat, Zanger.
Achm. Yrants! why fwell you thus againft your
Is rais'd equality fo foon grown wild ?
Dare you deprive your people of fucceffion,
Which thrones, and fcepters, on their freedoms build?
Have fear, or love, in greatnefs no impreftion?
Since pcople, who, did raife you to the crorwn, - Are ladiers fanding fill to let you down.

Zang. What frange events beget thefe paffions?
Acbm. "Nature is ruin'd ; humanity fall'n afunder;
"Our alcoran profan'd; empire defac'd;
"Ruin is brokenloofe ; truth dead; hope banifi'd."
My heart is full; my voice and fpirits tremble.
Zang. Yet tell the wort.
By counfel or comparifon things leffen.
Achm. No counfel or comparifon can leffen
Thie lofs of Muftapha fo vilely murdered.
Zang. How? dead? what chance, or malice hath prevented
Mankind's good fortune ?
Achm. Fathers unkindly doubts.
Zang. Tell how?
Achon. When Solyman by cunning fpite
Of Roffa's witchcrafts, from his heart had banifh'd
Juftice of kings, and lovingneis of fathers,
To wage, and lodge fuch camps of heady paffons,

As that fect's cunning practices could gather ; Envy took hold of worth : doubt did mifconftrue : Renown was made a lie, and yet a terror : Nothing could calm his rage, or move compaffion: Muftapha muft die. To which énd fetch'd he was, Laden with hopes, and promifes of favour. So vile a thing is craft in every beart, As it makes porwer itfeif defcend to art. While Muftapha, that neither hop'd nor fear'd, Seeing the forms of rage and danger coming, Yet came ; and came accompanied with power. But neither power, which warranted his fafety; Nor fafety, that makes violence a juftice; Could hold him from obedience to this throne :
A gulph, which hath devoured many a one.
Zang. Alas! could neither truth appeafe his fury ?
Nor his unlook'd humility of coming?
Nor any fecret-witneffing remorfes?
Can nature from herfelf, make fuch divorces?
Teil on, that all the world may rue and wonder. Acbm. There is a place environed with trees;
Upon whofe fhadowed center there is pitch'd
A large, embroidered fumptuous pavilion;
The ftately throne of tyranny and murder, Where mighty men are flain, before they know
That they to other than to honour go.
Muftapha no fooner to the port did come,
But thither he is fent for and conducted By fix flave eunuchs, either taught to colour Mifchief with reverence, or forc'd, by nature, To reverence true virtue in misfortune. While Muftapha, whofe heart was now refolved, Not fearing death, which he might have prevented; Nor craving life, which he might well have gotten, If he would other duties have forgotten; Yet glad to fpeak his laft thoughts to his father,
Defir'd the eunuchs to intreat it for him.
They did ; wept ; and kneeled to his father.
But bioody rages that glories ta be cruel;

## 356 Mustapha.

And jealouf;, that fears bee is not fearful?;
Made Solyman refufe to hear, or pity.
He bids them hafte their charge : and bloody-eyed Beholds his fon, whilt he obeying died.

Zan. How did that doing heart endure to fuffer ?
Tell on.
Quicken my powers hardned, and dull to good,
Which, yet unmov'd, here tell of brothers blood.
Ach. While thefe fix eunuchs to this charge appointed
(Whofe hearts had never us'd their hands to pity,
Whofe hands, now only, trembled to do murder)
With reverence and fear ftood fill, amazed;
Loth to cut off fuch worth, afraid to fave it:
Muftapha with thoughts refolved and united,
Bids them fulfill their charge, and look no farther.
Their hearts afraid to let their hands be doing;
The cord, that hateful inftrument of murder,
They lifting up lei fall, and falling lift it:
Each fought to help, and helping hinder'd other.
Till Muftapha, in hafte to be an angel,
With heavenly fmiles, and quiet words, forefhows.
The joy and peace of thofe fouls where he goes.
His lait words were; O fatber! now forgive me ;
Forgive them too that wrought my averthrorv:
Let my grave never minifter offences.
For, fince my father coveteth my death,
Bchold, with joy Ioffer bim my breath.
The eunuchs roar: Solyman his rage is glutted:
His thoughts civine of vengeance for this murder :
Rumour flies up and down: the people murmur:
Sorrowe gives lazes before mon know the truth.
Fear prophecietb aloud, and tbreatens ruth.
Zang. Remifs and languifh'd are mens coward fpirits,
Where God forbids revenge, and patience too:
$\gamma_{\text {et }}$ to the dead nature ordaineth rites,
Which idle love, I feel, hath power to do..
I will go hence, and fhew to them that live,
That God Almighty camnot all forgive. Enit Zan.

## Act. V. Scen. 3.

## Rofien, Acbmat.

Rof. Elp Achmat! help: furies run over all. Pity my flate, that with the empire falls. Achm. What found is this of ruin and confufion:
Terror afraid? cruelty come for pity? Sediticus Roften, running from fedition? And malice forc'd to enemies for fuccour ?

Rof. Achmat! the mylteries of empire are diffolv'd. Fury hath made the people know their forces.
Nothing, but things impolible rvill pleafe.
Muftapha muft live again, or Roften perifh.
Oh wretchednefs! which I cannot deny;
I am afham'd to live, and loth to die.
Achm. Tell on, the dangers which concern the fate:
For thee, thou rod ordain'd unto the fire,
Thy other dooms let Acheron enquire.
Rof. When Muftapha was by the eunuichs ftrangled,
Forthwith his camp grew doubtful of his abfence:
The guard of Solyman himfelf did murmur.
People began to fearch their prince's counfels :
Fury gave laws: the laws of duty vanifht :
Kind fear of him they lov'd felf-fear had banifht.
The headlong fpirits were the heads that guided:
Hie that moft difobeyed, was moft obeyed.
Fury fo fuddenly became united,
As while her forces nourifhed confufion,
Confufion feem'd with difcipline delighted.
Towards Solyman they run: and as the waters,
" That meet with banks of fnow, make fnow grow
" water:
So, even thofe guards, that food to interrupt them, Give eafy paffage, and pafs on amongft them.

## $35^{8}$

 Mustapha.Solyman, who faw this form of mifchief coming,
Thinks abfence his beft argument unto them :
Retires himfelf, and fends me to demand,
What they demanded, or what meant their coming?
I fpeak: they cry'd, for Muftapha and Achmat.
Some bid away; fome kill; fome fave; fome hearken.
Thofe that cry'd fave, were thofe that fought to kill me.
Who cry'd heark, were thofe that firlt brake filence ;
They held that bade me go. Humility was guilt ;
Words were reproach; filence in me was fcornful;
They anfwer'd ere they afk'd ; affur'd, and doubted.
I fled; their fury followed to deftroy me;
Fury made hafte ; hafte multiplied their fury ;
Each would do all; none would give place to other.
The hindmoft trake ; and while the formof lifted
Their arms to frike, each weapon hindred other :
Their running let their ftrokes, ftrokes let their running.
Defire, mortal enemy to defire,
Made them that fought my life, give life unto me.
Now Achmat! though blood-thirft deferve no pity; Malice no love; though juft revenge be mercy;
Yet fave me. For, although my death be lawful,
The judges and the manner are unlawful.
If I die, what hath Solyman for warrant?
Mijchief is fill the goruernefs of mijchref.
If Solyman be flain, where will they fay,
That thorougb God and majefy make rway?
Achm. Roften, dar'ft thou name duty, laws, or mercy ?
Owe not thy felf to him thou would'fl deftroy: Make good thy love of murther ; die with joy.

Roft. If Solyman, who hath been thy beft fortune,
Safe thou wilt fee, or fafe his flate preferve,
Make hafte, the ftate did never ill deferve.
[Exit.
Achm. Occafion! when art thou more glorious,
Than even now; when thou requir'f of me,
To fall with ttates in common deftiny ?
States trefpafs not: tyrants they be that fwerve,

And bring upon all empires age, or death, By making truth but only princes breath. This monarchy firft rofe by induftry ; Honour held up by univerfal fame, Stirring mens minds to frange audacity :
Great ends procur'd our armies greater name :
To enemies no injury had blame:
Worth was not proud: authority was wife;
And did not on her own then tyrannize.
Now own'd by humour of this dotard king (Who, fwoln with practife of long government,
Doth ftain the publick with ill managing)
Honour is laid afleep: fame is unbent:
His will, his end ; and powers right every where :
Now, what can this, but diffolution, bear ?
Whether our choice, or nature gave us kings,
The end of either was the good of all:
Where many ftrengths make this omnipotence,
The good of many there is natural.
One draws from all: can that be fortunate?
All leave this one : can this be injury ?
And fhall I help to flay the peoples rage
From this eftate, thus ruined with age?
No people, no. Queition thefe thrones of tyrants:
Revive your old equalities of nature ;
Authority is more than that the maketh.
Lend not your ftrengths to keep your own ftrengths under.
Proceed in fury: Fury bath larv and reafon, Where it cioth plague the wickednefs of treafon. For when wwhole king doms furfeit, and muft fall, Fuffice divides not there, but ruins all.
Befides of duties 'twixt the earth and $\sqrt[k y]{ }$ ',
He can obferve no one that cannot die.
But ftay! fhall man the dam, and grave of crowns, With mutiny, pull. facred fcepters down?
People of wirdom void, with paffion fill'd,
While they keep names fill prefs to ruin things :
Freedom difolves them; order they refufe;

Worth, frieedom, pozver, and right rebile they defroy; Worth, freedom, power, and right they zwould cnjoy:
What foul then loving nature, duty, order,
Would hold a life of fuch a fatelefs ftate,
As, made of humours, mult give honour fate?
No, Achmat! rather, with thy hazard, ftrive
To fave this high-rais'd fovereignty,
Under whofe wings there was profperity.
$I$ yield. But how?
Force is impoffible; for that is theirs:
Counfel hhews, like their enemy, delay:
Order turns all defires into fears:
Their art is violence : and chance their end:
What, but occafion, there can be my friend?
Behold where Roffa comes, in her looks varying,
Like race, that with itfelf ftill fears mifcarrying.

## Act. V. Scen. 4.

> Rofa, Acbmat.

Rofa. TTHO ever thinks by virtue to afpire, And goodnefs, dreams to be but fortune's ftarr;
Or who by mifchief's wit feeks his defire, And thinks, no confcience, ways to honour are:
He, Muftapha, here feeing thee and me, Sees no man's good or ill rules defing.
Then, ah! woe worth them that with God contend,
And would exchange the courfe of fate by wit,-
Which God makes rwork, to bring bis rworks to end, And with itfelf, even oft, doth ruin it.
Ah tyrant fate! to them that do amifs : For nothing left me, but my error, is.

Acbm. What glory's this that with itfelf is fad ?
Good luck makes all bearts, but the guilty, glad.
Rof. Zanger, for whom even Muftapha was flain,

## Mustapha.

And unto whom Camena's blood was fhed; Zanger, for whom all worlds on me complain, Hath done that which nor law, nor truth could do:
(Horror, and doubt in my defires breed) Murther'd himfelf, and overthrown me too.

Acbm. Tell why? and how he fo unthankful died?
Rolf. In évery creature's heart there lives defire,
Which men do hallow as appearing good:
For greatnefs they efteem it to afpire,
Although it weaknefs be, well underitood.
This unbound, raging, infinite thought-fire
I took ; nay it took me, and plac'd my heart
On hopes to alter empire and fucceffion.
Chance was my faith, and order my defpair :
Sect, innovation, change of princes right, My ftudies were: I thought hope had no end, In her, that hath an emperor to friend.
Whence like the ftorms (that then like ftorms do blow,
When all things, but themfelves, they overthrow)
I ventur'd ; firft to make the father fear,
Then hate, then kill, his moit beloved child.
My daughter did difeover him my way,
To Muftapha fhe opened mine intent:
For fhe had tried, but could not turn my heart
Yet no hurt to me fle in telling meant,
Though hurt fhe did me to difclofe my art.
I fought revenge : revenge it could not be ;
For, I confefs, fhe never wronged me.
Remorfe, that hath a faction in each heart,
Womanifn fhame, which is compaffion's friend,
Confpir'd with truth to have reftrained me;
Yet kill'd I her whom I did dearly love ;
Furies of choice, what arguments can move?
I kill'd her: for I thought her death would prove
That truth, not hate, made Muftapha furpected:
The more it feem'd againft a mother's love,
The more it fhew'd, I Solyman affected :
'Thus, underneath fevere and upright dealing,
A mifchievous ftepmother's malice ftealing,
It took effect : For fers mean ill in vain.
Which wicked art although the father knew, Yet his affection turn'd my ill to good:

Vice, but of bers, being only underficod.
Fear grew difcreet, and would not fpeak in vain ; Courage turn'd all the Atrengths of heart to bear ; Juifice itfelf durft murmur, not complain :
So little care the fates for us below:
So little men fear God, tbey do not knozu.
But ah! woe worth each falfe prepofterous way, Which promifeth good luck to cvil deeds: Since Muftapha, whofe death I made my glory, Hath left me no power now, but to be forry. For Zanger, when he faw his brother dead, Confuredly with diverfe mapes diftract, He filent itood, with horrors compafied: His duty mixt with woe; kindnefs with rage;
Reverence, revenge, both reprefenting fhame, Equally againit, and with a mother's name. But as thefe fhadows vanifht from his mind, The globes of his enraged eyes he threw On me, like nature jultly made unkind: And for this hateful fault my love did make, From pity, woe, and anger, thus he fpake: "Mother! is this the way of woman's heart?
" Have you no law, or God, but will, to friend?
" Can neither power, nor goodnefs fcape your art?
"Be thefe the counfels by which you afcend ?
" Is there no hell? or do the devil's love fire?
" If neither God, heav'n, hell, or devil be ;
" 'Tis plague enough that I am born of thee.
" Mother! o monftrous name ! fhall it be faid,
"That thou haft done this fact for Zanger's fake?
"Honour and life, fhall they to one upbraid,
" That, from thy mifchicf, they their honour take?
"O wretched men! which under 乃ame ave laid,
"For faults which we, and which our parents mike.
" Yet, Roffa, to be thine, in this I glory ;
*' That, being thine, gives power to make thee forry-
He wounds his heart ; and falling down with death
On Maftapha, who there for his fake died,
There words he fpake:
"A Ah bafe ambition! mould of cruelty,
"In thy vaft narrow boiom ever breed
"Thife lideous counfels, light-abhorring deeds?

- Yet you pure fouls that Mahomet adore,


## MUSTAPHA.

" Read in thefe wounds my horror of his death, " And to the Chriftians carry thou it, Breath. He dies. Woe's me! when in my heart I look, Horror I fee: all there loft but defpair : My love and joy become afliction's book ; Eternity of fhame is printed there.

To think of God! alas, that fo I may: Yet power and goodnefs can but fhew me fear: Mercy I cannot crave, that cannot truft: Nor die I will ; for death concludeth pains: Nor languifh in conceit; for then I muft Abhor my foul, in which all mifchiefs reign. I will bear with me, in this body's duft, What curfe foever to the earth remains. I will bear with me envy, rage, defire, To fet all hearts, all times, all worlds on fireYou weak fouls! whofe true love hath made you bafe, And fixt your quiets upon others will:
You humble hearts! which unto power give plaee, For confcience bearing yokes of tyrant's fkill: You poor religious! who in hope of grace, Bear many fore temptations of the ill, Rejoice: unkindnefs, cruelty, difgrace, Vengeance, and wrong bear hence with me I will. Rather take heed: Where can more danger be, Than wibere thefe powers may be difpos'd by me? CHORUSV. TARTARORUM.

VAST Superftition! glorious ftile of weaknefs! Sprung from the deep difquiet of man's paffion, To defolation, and defpair of nature:
Thy texts bring princes titles into queftion : Thy prophets fet on work the fword of tyrants : They manacle fweet truth with their diftinctions: Let virtue blood: teach cruelty for God's fake; Fafhioning one God ; yet him of many fafhions, Like many-headed error, in their paffions.

Mankind! truft not thefe fuperflitious dreams, Fear's idols, pleafure's relicks, forrow's pleafures. They make the willful hearts their holy temples: The rebels unto government their martyrs. No: thou child of falfe miracles begotten! Falfe miracles, which are but ignorance of caufe:

Lift up the hopes of thy abjected prophets:
Courage and worth abjure thy painted heav'ns.
Sicknefs, thy bleffings are ; mifery, thy trial ;
Nothing, thy way unto eternal being;
Death, to falvation; and the grave, to heav'n. So bleft be they, fo angel'd, fo eterniz'd, That tie their fenfes to thy fenfelefs glories, And die, 'to cloy the after-age with ftories.

Man fhould make much of life, as nature's table,
Whereing he writes the cypher of ber glory.
Forfake not nature, nor mifunderftand her:
Her myfteries are read without faith's eye-fight:
She fpeaketh in our flefh; and from our fenfes,
Delivers down her wifdoms to our reafon.
If any man would break her laws, to kill,
Nature doth, for defence, allow offences.
She neither taugbt the father to deftroy:
Nor promis'd any man, by dying, joy

## CHORUS SACERDOTUM.

$\because \mathrm{O}$H wearifome condition of humanity ! Born under one law, to another bound :
" Vainly begot, and yet forbidden vanity :
"Created fick, commanded to be found:
What meaneth nature by thefe diverfe laws?
Paffion and reafon, felf-divifion caufe:
Is it the mark, or majefty of power
To make offences, that it may forgive?
Nature herfelf, doth her own felf deflower,
To hate thofe errors fhe herfelf doth give.
For how fliould man think that he may not do,
If nature did not fail, and punifls too?
Tyrant to others, to herfelf unjuft,
Only corimands things difficult and hard.
Forbids us ali things, which it knows is lutt,
Makes eafy pains, unpoffible reward.
If nature did not take delight in blood,
She would have made more eafy ways to good.
We that are bound by vows, and by promotion,
With pomp of holy facrifice and rites,
To teach belief in good and filll devotion,
To preach of heaven's wonders and delights :
Yet when each of us, in his own heart looks,
He finds the God there, far unlike his books.
(2)




